



INSAS BERHAD

Registration No. 196101000026 (4081-M)

ANNUAL REPORT
2020

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CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Y.A.M. Tengku Puteri Seri Kemala Tengku Hajjah Aishah Binti Almarhum Sultan Haji Ahmad Shah, DK(II), SIMP
Chairperson/Independent Non-Executive Director

Dato' Wong Gian Kui
Chief Executive Officer/Executive Director

Dato' Dr. Tan Seng Chuan
Executive Director

Ms. Soon Li Yen
Non-Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr. Oh Seong Lye
Independent Non-Executive Director

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Oh Seong Lye
(Chairman/Independent Non-Executive Director)

Y.A.M. Tengku Puteri Seri Kemala Tengku Hajjah Aishah Binti Almarhum Sultan Haji Ahmad Shah, DK(II), SIMP
(Independent Non-Executive Director)

Ms. Soon Li Yen
(Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)

NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Y.A.M. Tengku Puteri Seri Kemala Tengku Hajjah Aishah Binti Almarhum Sultan Haji Ahmad Shah, DK(II), SIMP
(Chairperson/Independent Non-Executive Director)

Mr. Oh Seong Lye
(Independent Non-Executive Director)

Ms. Soon Li Yen
(Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)

RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

Dato' Wong Gian Kui
(Chairman/Executive Director)

Y.A.M. Tengku Puteri Seri Kemala Tengku Hajjah Aishah Binti Almarhum Sultan Haji Ahmad Shah, DK(II), SIMP
(Independent Non-Executive Director)

Mr. Oh Seong Lye
(Independent Non-Executive Director)

COMPANY SECRETARIES

Ms. Chow Yuet Kuen
(MAICSA 7010284)
(SSM PC No. 202008002730)

Ms. Lau Fong Siew
(MAICSA 7045893)
(SSM PC No. 202008002625)

REGISTERED OFFICE

No. 47-5, The Boulevard, Mid Valley City
Lingkar Syed Putra, 59200 Kuala Lumpur
Tel : 03-2391 9309
Fax : 03-2282 4688

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

Suite 23.02, Level 23, The Gardens South Tower
Mid Valley City, Lingkar Syed Putra
59200 Kuala Lumpur
Tel : 03-2282 9311
Fax : 03-2284 8500

AUDITORS

Grant Thornton Malaysia PLT
(No. 201906003682 & LLP0022494-LCA)
(Member Firm of Grant Thornton International Ltd)
Chartered Accountants (AF0737)
Level 11, Sheraton Imperial Court
Jalan Sultan Ismail
50250 Kuala Lumpur

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Affin Hwang Investment Bank Berhad
Alliance Bank Malaysia Berhad
AmBank (M) Berhad
CIMB Bank Berhad
Credit Suisse AG
Hong Leong Bank Berhad
Malayan Banking Berhad
OCBC Bank (Malaysia) Berhad
Public Bank Berhad
RHB Bank Berhad
RHB Islamic Bank Berhad
United Overseas Bank (Malaysia) Berhad

SOLICITORS

Raslan Loong, Shen & Eow
Shearn Delamore & Co.
Tan Pheok San & Co.

SHARE REGISTRARS

Megapolitan Management Services Sdn. Bhd.
No. 47-5, The Boulevard, Mid Valley City
Lingkar Syed Putra, 59200 Kuala Lumpur
Tel : 03-2391 9309
Fax : 03-2282 4688

STOCK EXCHANGE LISTING

Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad
Stock Name : INSAS
Sector : Financial Services
Stock Code : 3379

PROFILE OF DIRECTORS

Y.A.M. TENGGU PUTERI SERI KEMALA TENGGU HAJJAH AISHAH BINTI ALMARHUM SULTAN HAJI AHMAD SHAH, DK(II), SIMP

Aged 63, Malaysian, Female

Chairperson/Independent Non-Executive Director

Chairperson of Nomination and Remuneration Committee

Member of Audit Committee and Risk Management Committee

Y.A.M. Tengku Aishah was appointed as the Chairperson of Insas Berhad on 12 November 1986.

She graduated with a Diploma in Business Administration from Dorset Institute, United Kingdom in 1980 and has been a Director of TAS Industries Sdn. Bhd. since 15 August 1990. TAS Industries Sdn. Bhd. is an investment holding and property development company in Kuala Lumpur.

Y.A.M. Tengku Aishah is also the Independent Non-Executive Chairperson of Inari Amertron Berhad and Diversified Gateway Solutions Berhad.

DATO' WONG GIAN KUI

Aged 61, Malaysian, Male

Chief Executive Officer/ Executive Director

Chairman of Risk Management Committee

Dato' Wong was appointed to the Board of Insas Berhad as an Executive Director on 11 September 1992, as Managing Director from November 2000 to January 2009, re-designated as Non-Independent Non-Executive Director on 30 January 2009 and re-designated as Executive Director on 22 November 2017. He assumed the position of Chief Executive Officer on 28 February 2019.

Dato' Wong is an accountant by profession and has been a member of the Malaysian Institute of Certified Public Accountants since 1985 and a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants since 1988. Prior to joining Insas Berhad, Dato' Wong had worked for Harun, Oh & Wong, a member of Horwath International firm of public accountants in Malaysia from 1981 to 1990 and Stoy Hayward London, Chartered Accountants from 1990 to 1991.

He is currently an Executive Director of Inari Amertron Berhad and Ho Hup Construction Company Berhad, an Independent Non-Executive Chairman of Yi-Lai Berhad and a Non-Independent Non-Executive Director of SYF Resources Berhad.

He also sits on the board of Insas Technology Berhad and Diversified Gateway Berhad, both are non-listed public companies 100% owned by Insas Berhad and Diversified Gateway Solutions Berhad respectively.

DATO' DR. TAN SENG CHUAN

Aged 65, Malaysian, Male

Executive Director

Dato' Dr. Tan was appointed to the Board of Insas Berhad on 18 March 1997.

He graduated with First Class Honours in Mechanical Engineering from Imperial College, England in 1978. Dato' Dr. Tan also obtained a Masters and PhD in Engineering Science in 1981 and 1983 respectively from Harvard University, USA. Dato' Dr. Tan has more than 35 years' experience in the global IT and related high technology industries. He joined Insas Berhad in 1997 where he currently heads the Technology Division.

Dato' Dr. Tan is currently the Executive Vice Chairman of Inari Amertron Berhad and an Executive Director of Diversified Gateway Solutions Berhad. He also sits on the board of Insas Technology Berhad and Diversified Gateway Berhad, both are non-listed public companies 100% owned by Insas Berhad and Diversified Gateway Solutions Berhad respectively.

PROFILE OF DIRECTORS (CONT'D)

OH SEONG LYE

Aged 72, Malaysian, Male

*Independent
Non-Executive Director*

Chairman of Audit Committee

*Member of Nomination and
Remuneration Committee and
Risk Management Committee*

Mr. Oh was appointed to the Board of Insas Berhad on 18 March 2009.

Mr. Oh is a London-trained Chartered Accountant. He is a Fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales, a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants, a member of the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants and is also an ASEAN Chartered Professional Accountant (ASEAN CPA). He holds an Executive Master of Business Administration degree from United Business Institute, a Brussels-based business school.

After a year of post-qualifying experience in London, he worked for a “big-eight” accounting firm and a foreign bank in Kuala Lumpur before starting his accounting practice in 1978 and has been in public practice ever since. He was the Executive Chairman and International Liaison Partner and also a Director of Horwath Asia Pacific when his firm was a member of Horwath International until 1992. His firm was the external auditors and tax agents for two commercial banks, several other financial institutions and insurance companies and other substantial private enterprises. He had also personally undertaken large receivership and liquidation assignments, and conducted, together with foreign partners, market and financial feasibility studies for several organisations involved in the hospitality business and tourism industry.

Mr. Oh was previously a director of 2 Bursa Malaysia public listed companies and was also the founder/promoter and first Honorary Secretary of a national manufacturing association and a past Honorary Secretary-General of a national tourism-related association. He had also acted as a consultant to the Centre of Corporate Excellence, Institute of Professional Development, Open University Malaysia, for its financial services programme.

He is currently an Independent Non-Executive Director of Inari Amertron Berhad and an Independent Director of LY Corporation Limited which is listed on Catalist of SGX-ST.

SOON LI YEN

Aged 52, Malaysian, Female

*Non-Independent
Non-Executive Director*

*Member of Audit Committee and
Nomination and Remuneration
Committee*

Ms. Soon was appointed to the Board of Insas Berhad on 6 March 2009.

She is an accountant by profession and prior to joining Insas Berhad in August 1995, she worked for Coopers & Lybrand as Audit Senior from 1991 to 1995. Ms. Soon graduated from the Royal Melbourne Institute of Technology with a Bachelor of Business in Accounting in 1991. She is a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants and Certified Public Accountants of Australia and has extensive experience in auditing, accounting, financial planning and financial related work.

Note:

None of the Directors have:

- (i) any family relationship with any Director and/or major shareholder of the Company;
- (ii) any conflict of interest with the Company; and
- (iii) any conviction for offences (excluding traffic offences, if any) within the past 5 years nor any public sanction or penalty imposed by the relevant regulatory bodies during the financial year ended 30 June 2020.

PROFILE OF KEY SENIOR MANAGEMENT

DATO' WONG GIAN KUI

Aged 61, Malaysian, Male

Chief Executive Officer cum Executive Director, Insas Berhad Director, Insas Technology Berhad, Insas Credit & Leasing Sdn. Bhd., Insas Plaza Sdn. Bhd., M&A Securities Sdn. Bhd. and Insas Pacific Rent-A-Car Sdn. Bhd. (principal subsidiary companies of Insas Berhad).

The profile of Dato' Wong is stated in the Profile of Directors on page 3 of the Annual Report.

DATO' DR. TAN SENG CHUAN

Aged 65, Malaysian, Male

Executive Director, Insas Berhad Director, Insas Technology Berhad (a principal subsidiary company of Insas Berhad).

The profile of Dato' Dr. Tan is stated in the Profile of Directors on page 3 of the Annual Report.

DATO' SRI THONG KOK KHEE

Aged 66, Malaysian, Male

Director, Insas Plaza Sdn. Bhd. ("IPSB"), Insas Credit & Leasing Sdn. Bhd. ("ICL") and Insas Technology Berhad ("ITB") (principal subsidiary companies of Insas Berhad).

Dato' Sri Thong was the Chief Executive Officer of Insas Berhad from 10 March 1993 to 29 November 2004. Dato' Sri Thong was appointed to the Board of Insas Berhad as Executive Deputy Chairman on 28 February 2007 and subsequently became the Executive Deputy Chairman cum Chief Executive Officer on 30 January 2009 to 28 February 2019. Dato' Sri Thong resigned from the Board of Insas Berhad as Executive Deputy Chairman cum Chief Executive Officer on 28 February 2019.

Dato' Sri Thong was appointed as a Director of IPSB and ICL on 15 April 1993 and 2 June 1997 respectively. He was also appointed as a Director of ITB on 12 March 1997 to 30 September 1999, and reappointed on 7 May 2003.

A graduate from the London School of Economics, United Kingdom, Dato' Sri Thong had worked in the financial services industry from 1979 to 1988. He worked for Standard Chartered Merchant Bank Asia Limited in Singapore from October 1982 to June 1988 and his last held position was the Director of its Corporate Finance Division.

Dato' Sri Thong is a Non-Independent Non-Executive Director of Inari Amertron Berhad, Omesti Berhad and Ho Hup Construction Company Berhad.

Dato' Sri Thong is a substantial shareholder of Insas Berhad. He has not been convicted of any offence within the past 5 years and there are no sanctions and/or penalties imposed by any regulatory bodies during the financial year.

PROFILE OF KEY SENIOR MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

THONG MEI CHUEN

Aged 38, Malaysian, Female

*Head of Global Treasury and
Corporate Planning, Insas Berhad*

Ms. Thong was appointed as Head of Global Treasury and Corporate Planning of Insas Berhad on 1 July 2012.

She graduated with a Bachelor of Arts from Dartmouth College. She has had 5 years of equity capital markets experience having worked at Credit Suisse in New York from 2004 to 2006, and Deutsche Bank from 2006 to 2009 at their New York, Hong Kong and Singapore offices. She subsequently joined the corporate finance team in Genting Hong Kong from 2009 to mid-2012.

Her father, Dato' Sri Thong Kok Khee, is a substantial shareholder of Insas Berhad. Ms. Thong was appointed to the Board of Inari Amertron Berhad on 2 July 2013 as an Alternate Director to Dato' Sri Thong Kok Khee, who is a Non-Independent Non-Executive Director of Inari Amertron Berhad. In February 2014, she has also undertaken the role of Chief Operating Officer in Omesti Berhad's Singapore division.

She has not been convicted of any offence within the past 5 years and there are no sanctions and/or penalties imposed by any regulatory bodies during the financial year.

DATO' THONG KOK YOON

Aged 69, Malaysian, Male

*Executive Director,
M&A Securities Sdn. Bhd. ("M&A")
(a principal subsidiary company of
Insas Berhad)*

Dato' Thong was appointed as an Executive Director of M&A on 15 November 1991.

He graduated with a Bachelor of Science majoring in Mechanical Engineering from Imperial College of Science and Technology, University of London. He was attached to Phillip Singapore Limited prior to joining M&A. He has more than 40 years of working experience in the stock broking industry.

He does not hold directorships in any public listed companies in Malaysia.

He is the brother of Dato' Sri Thong Kok Khee. He has not been convicted of any offence within the past 5 years and there are no sanctions and/or penalties imposed by any regulatory bodies during the financial year.

GOH HOCK JIN

Aged 53, Malaysian, Male

*Executive Director cum
Head of Operations,
M&A Securities Sdn. Bhd. ("M&A")*

Mr. Goh was appointed as an Executive Director cum Head of Operations of M&A on 28 December 2010.

He is a Fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants in United Kingdom and a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants. He joined Insas Group since September 1995 and was Head of Corporate Finance Department. He was re-assigned to M&A as Head of Kuala Lumpur Branch in November 2007. He was appointed to the Board of M&A as an Executive Director cum Head of Operations in December 2010.

He does not hold directorships in any public listed companies in Malaysia.

He has no family relationship with any Director or major shareholder of Insas Berhad and has no conflict of interest with Insas Berhad. He has not been convicted of any offence within the past 5 years and there are no sanctions and/or penalties imposed by any regulatory bodies during the financial year.

PROFILE OF KEY SENIOR MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

DATUK TAN CHOON PEOW

Aged 49, Malaysian, Male

*Executive Director-Corporate Finance,
M&A Securities Sdn. Bhd. ("M&A")*

Datuk Tan was appointed as the Executive Director-Corporate Finance of M&A on 18 March 2013.

He is a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants and Certified Public Accountants of Australia. He started his career in 1993 with KPMG Peat Marwick.

He joined ECM Libra Avenue Securities Sdn. Bhd. in 2003 and subsequently joined MIMB Investment Bank Bhd. as a director in 2007. He has more than 20 years experience in accounting and finance and was involved in various restructuring, initial public offering, fund raising and merger and acquisition cases.

He does not hold directorships in any public listed companies in Malaysia.

He has no family relationship with any Director or major shareholder of Insas Berhad and has no conflict of interest with Insas Berhad. He has not been convicted of any offence within the past 5 years and there are no sanctions and/or penalties imposed by any regulatory bodies during the financial year.

THONG WENG SHENG

Aged 30, Malaysian, Male

*Director,
Insas Pacific Rent-A-Car Sdn. Bhd.
("IPRAC"),
Insas Plaza Sdn. Bhd. ("IPSB") and
Insas Credit & Leasing Sdn. Bhd.
("ICL")
(principal subsidiary companies of
Insas Berhad)*

Mr. Thong was appointed as a Director of IPSB and IPRAC on 1 January 2016 and 22 February 2016 respectively.

Mr. Thong graduated with a BA in Economics from Durham University, United Kingdom in 2012. Prior to joining Insas Group, he worked as a journalist for The Peak (Malaysia) magazine and swiftly rose through the ranks to become the publication's Senior Writer. He joined Insas Group in 2015 and heads the long-term contract car hire and fleet management operations.

Mr. Thong was appointed as IOT Product Manager in Microlink Solutions Berhad, a subsidiary company of Omesti Berhad, in May 2017.

He does not hold directorships in any public listed companies in Malaysia.

He is the son of Dato' Sri Thong Kok Khee. He has not been convicted of any offence within the past 5 years and there are no sanctions and/or penalties imposed by any regulatory bodies during the financial year.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

We are pleased to present the Management Discussion and Analysis (“MD&A”) on the performance of Insas Berhad (“Insas” or “the Group”) for the financial year ended 30 June 2020 (“FY 2020”).

1. OVERVIEW OF THE GROUP BUSINESSES

The Group’s principal business segments consist of:

- (i) stock broking, provision of corporate finance & advisory services and structured finance (“Financial Services”);
- (ii) investment holding & trading;
- (iii) technology & IT related services (“Technology”);
- (iv) retail trading and car rental; and
- (v) property investment & development.

For the FY 2020, the Group operated in a difficult business environment largely due to the Coronavirus Disease 2019 pandemic (“Covid-19”) happening in the third and last quarter of the financial year. Together with the ongoing US-China trade war quandary, uncertainty over Brexit, the vulnerabilities and volatility of the emerging market economies and currencies that have affected global investors’ confidence in the financial and stock markets, these have adversely affected the Group’s financial performance for the FY 2020. Nevertheless, the Board has continued to provide sound corporate governance, accountability and prudent management and we are pleased to report that in spite of the difficult and uncertain global social, economic and financial/equity market conditions, the Group reported a respectable though lower pre-tax profit of RM25.2 million, against RM93.3 million reported in the financial year ended 30 June 2019 (“FY 2019”), and the net assets of the Group has increased from RM1,739 million to RM1,753 million as of 30 June 2020.

The main contributor of revenue to the Group in FY 2020 remains the investment holding & trading segment contributing 44% of total Group revenue (FY 2019: 30%), followed by the Financial Services segment contributing 34% (FY 2019: 28%) followed by the retail trading and car rental segment contributing 20% (FY 2019: 29%) of the Group’s revenue.

The main contributor of pre-tax profit in FY 2020 is the Technology segment accounting for RM32.0 million (FY 2019: RM62.9 million), followed by the Financial Services segment contributing RM31.3 million (FY 2019: RM25.2 million). As a result of the unfavourable factors highlighted above, the investment holding & trading segment suffered a pre-tax loss of RM49.2 million due to unrealised mark to market losses of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and derivative financial instruments (FY 2019: pre-tax profit of RM1.5 million).

The Group’s main operations are located in Malaysia and Singapore and our principal associate company’s operations are located in Malaysia, Philippines and China.

As a public listed corporation, the Group’s long-term business objectives are to generate sustainable earnings supported by positive cash flows, maintain a positive & healthy financial position for future growth and capital appreciation and endeavour to pay a stable dividend yield to our shareholders. The Group strives to achieve these objectives by actively seeking good revenue and earnings growth investment opportunities.

2. OPERATIONAL REVIEW

2.1 Stock broking and provision of corporate finance & advisory services

M&A Securities Sdn. Bhd. (“M&A”), a wholly owned subsidiary company, is a stock broking company providing trading services for securities listed on Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad (“Bursa”) and other recognised foreign stock exchanges, share margin and discretionary financing, collateralised trading, corporate finance advisory, underwriting and placement of securities, nominee and custodian services and other regulated activities. M&A’s principal office is located in Mid Valley City, Kuala Lumpur and it currently has five (5) branch offices located in Kuala Lumpur, Ipoh, Penang and Johor Bahru.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONT'D)

2. OPERATIONAL REVIEW (CONT'D)

2.1 Stock broking and provision of corporate finance & advisory services (cont'd)

Since July 2019, M&A has acted as principal advisers and successfully listed 7 companies on the ACE Market and 2 companies on the LEAP Market. M&A has continuously been ranked as one of the top principal advisers in the IPO market for ACE and LEAP Markets. M&A will continue its niche in the stock broking and corporate advisory role in promoting SME and growth companies to list on the ACE and LEAP Markets.

M&A's revenue increased by 41% from RM26.3 million in FY 2019 to RM37.0 million in FY 2020, mainly due to higher revenue generated by the broking and corporate finance and advisory units. M&A reported improved trading activities in the third and last quarter of FY 2020 arising from higher retail trading on Bursa.

2.2 Structured finance

The Group's lending arm, Insas Credit & Leasing Sdn. Bhd. ("ICL") is licensed under the Moneylenders Act, 1951. ICL has established itself as a boutique structured finance provider to selected sophisticated investors and corporations seeking short and medium term financing for working capital and investment purposes. As of 30 June 2020, ICL has a collateralised loan portfolio of about RM260 million generating recurring interest income to the Group.

ICL has stringent operating and compliance policies and processes in place in evaluating the credit profile of the borrowers, the project viability, the collateral offered and sources of repayments and ICL conducts ongoing monitoring procedures to assess and ensure the loan positions are well maintained, adequately secured and comply with the necessary covenants.

2.3 Investment holding and trading

The Group's investment strategies encompass stringent asset allocation and diversification to manage risk of the portfolio investments of the Group. To achieve this objective, the Group acquires fixed and variable income investments typically money market funds, debt securities and high yield growth stocks and listed equities and options. These investments are held on a medium to long term investment horizon of 1 to 5 years. The Group's investment objectives remains to maximise capital growth with recurring income and cash flows above the cost of funds.

As of 30 June 2020, the Group's investments in listed equities are primarily in the properties and REITS, e-commerce, logistics, consumer products and financial services sectors in both local and overseas stock exchanges, and the key equity investments include, amongst others, Ho Hup Construction Company Berhad, Omesti Berhad and SYF Resources Berhad.

2.4 Technology and IT related services

In FY2020, the Group continued its activities in investments in the technology sector. The Group's major holdings include investee companies Inari Amertron Berhad ("Inari") - Outsourced Semiconductor Assembly and Test ("OSAT") group; Diversified Gateway Solutions Berhad ("DGSB") - the ACE-listed technology group involved in integration business in telco, media and vending machine infrastructure and food technology; and Sengenics Corporate Pte. Ltd. ("Sengenics") - a functional proteomics company that has the patented KREX technology supplying full length, correctly folded and functional proteins for the biotech industry.

In FY 2020, Inari reported revenue of RM1,058 million, a 8.2% decrease as compared to RM1,153 million in FY 2019, and its earnings decreased from RM192 million in FY 2019 to RM156 million in FY 2020. The decline in revenue and profit is mainly attributable to the ongoing US-China trade war and Covid-19 pandemic, which has disrupted the semi-conductor industry during the last 2 quarters of FY 2020.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONT'D)

2. OPERATIONAL REVIEW (CONT'D)

2.4 Technology and IT related services (cont'd)

For FY 2020, DGSB reported revenue of RM56.3 million, a 46.8% decrease as compared to RM105.9 million in FY 2019, and loss after tax amounting to RM5.5 million in FY 2020. During the financial year 2020, DGSB disposed its 100% equity stake in ISS Consulting (Thailand) Ltd. for a cash consideration of RM31.7 million.

Sengenics is a functional proteomics company originally spun out from research carried out at Cambridge University in the UK. The company's patented proteomics technology called KREX is being evaluated by top pharma and biotech companies as well as top academic institutions in the USA, Europe and Asia. The global biotech industry has grown robustly during FY 2020 from demand of health-related products and services, and diagnostic tests and vaccines for the Covid-19 pandemic.

The Group's Technology segment, as in the past financial years, remains a key contributor to the Group's profits and cash flows. The Technology segment continues to maintain a significant equity holding in Inari to generate recurring dividend income at the same time continuing to seek new and promising investments in the technology sector.

2.5 Retail trading

Melium Group is one of Malaysia's leading retail group on international luxury fashion brands such as Aigner, Emilio Pucci, Givenchy, Hackett London, Max Mara, MCM, Roger Vivier and Tod's and it holds the Malaysian franchise for Dome Café and operates over 10 outlets in Klang Valley, Genting Highlands, Johor and Penang. Melium Group also owns and operates the Seminyak Village, a boutique mall in Bali.

The spread of the Covid-19 and several control measures implemented by the Malaysian Government, such as Movement Control Order ("MCO") in March 2020, Conditional Movement Control Order ("CMCO") in May 2020 and Recovery Movement Control Order ("RMCO") in June 2020, travel and boarder restrictions, social distancing measures, and softening of consumer spending have affected Melium Group's performance for FY 2020. The MCO had resulted in temporary closure of Melium Group's fashion retail outlets and reduction of operation hours of its food and beverages ("F&B") outlets. Melium's fashion retail outlets had resumed their operation during the CMCO period.

In response to this, Melium had taken several steps to minimise the disruption arising from Covid-19 pandemic such as special promotion offered to loyal customers and its F&B division provide delivery services during the MCO, CMCO and RMCO period.

2.6 Car rental

During the financial year, the Group had disposed its Singapore car rental units, Roset Limousine Services Pte. Ltd., Roset Auto Care Services Pte. Ltd., and Tribecar Pte. Ltd.. The Group's car rental operations are now carried out by Insas Pacific Rent-A-Car Sdn. Bhd. ("IPRAC") in Malaysia.

IPRAC offers the conventional self drive and chauffeured services on short to long-term leases with its wide fleet of sedans, SUVs and MPVs. IPRAC's head quarter and main operations is located at Mid Valley City, Kuala Lumpur and Johor Bahru, and it has presence in Bayan Lepas, Penang and Senai, Johor.

The Group's other car rental unit in Malaysia, PRAC Logistics Sdn. Bhd., carries mostly higher end sedans and MPVs for long term leases and PRAC GreenTech Sdn. Bhd. offers Tesla EV models for long term hire.

The Group will continue to improve on the vehicle utilisation rate to ensure fair return on capital employed and the review of pricing and marketing strategies to ensure competitiveness and profitability.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONT'D)

2. OPERATIONAL REVIEW (CONT'D)

2.7 Property investment and development

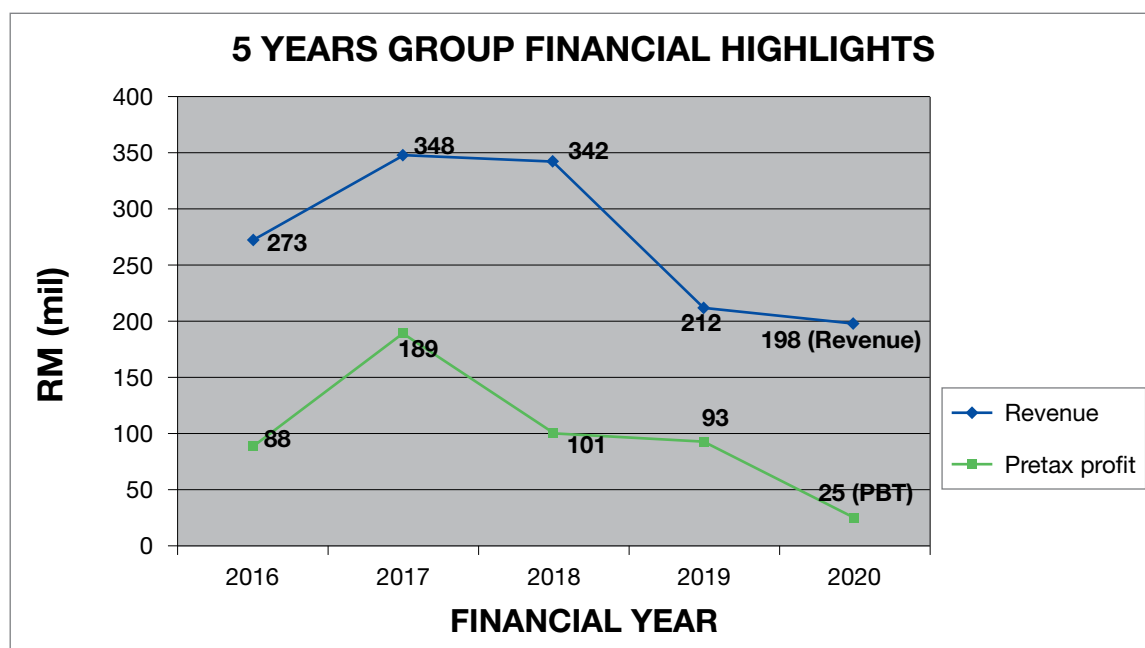
The Group's property portfolio comprises a mix of landed and high-rise residential units and shops/office spaces held to generate rental income and for resale. Occupancy for our shops/office spaces remain encouraging with near full occupancy during FY 2020 despite the Covid-19 pandemic whereas occupancy rate for the residential properties remained soft primarily due to the oversupply of residential properties in the Klang Valley. With the recent lowering of banks' base lending rates, the division strives to capture opportunities in the property resale market.

2.8 Ho Hup Construction Company Berhad ("Ho Hup")

With effect from 1 January 2016, the Group adopted equity accounting for its investment in Ho Hup. Ho Hup Group has 3 core divisions ie. construction, property development and building materials.

For FY 2020, Ho Hup's property development arm, Bukit Jalil Development Sdn. Bhd., continues to be the main profit contributor to Ho Hup Group, primarily derives income from its joint development entitlement from Bukit Jalil City Project in Bukit Jalil, Kuala Lumpur, and its Aurora Place Project in Bukit Jalil.

3. FINANCIAL REVIEW



Financial performance

For FY 2020, the Group recorded revenue of RM197.5 million as compared to RM212.0 million in FY 2019. Main contributors to the Group revenue is from trading activities by the investment holding & trading segment of RM86.3 million (FY 2019: RM63.7 million), Financial Services segment of RM66.6 million (FY 2019: RM59.9 million) and retail trading and car rental segment of RM39.3 million (FY 2019: RM62.0 million) which in total accounted for 98% (FY 2019: 87%) of the Group revenue.

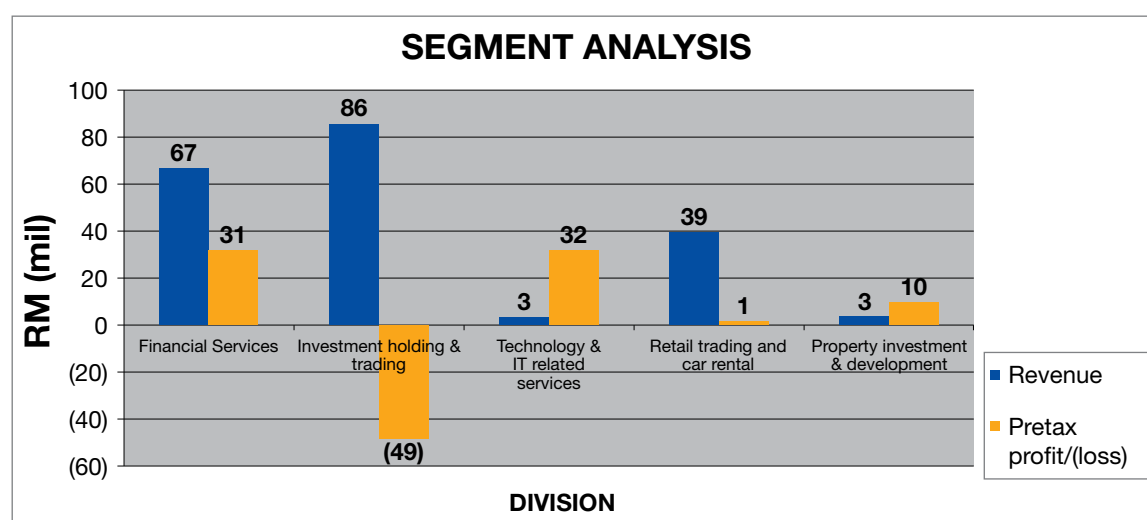
The Group recorded a lower pre-tax profit at RM25.2 million in FY 2020 as compared to RM93.3 million in FY 2019 and the decrease is primarily due to the unrealised mark to market losses reported by the investment holding and trading units and lower profit contribution from Inari.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONT'D)

3. FINANCIAL REVIEW (CONT'D)

Financial performance (cont'd)

The financial performance by business segments for FY 2020 is as follows:



Division	2020		2019	
	Revenue	Pretax profit/(loss)	Revenue	Pretax profit
	RM'mil	RM'mil	RM'mil	RM'mil
Financial Services	67	31	60	25
Investment holding & trading	86	(49)	64	1
Technology & IT related services	3	32	25	63
Retail trading and car rental	39	1	62	2
Property investment & development	3	10	1	2
Total	198	25	212	93

3.1 Stock broking and provision of corporate finance & advisory services

M&A reported higher revenue of RM37.0 million in FY 2020 as compared to RM26.3 million in FY 2019, mainly due to higher volume of share trading by the retail investors during the last 2 quarters of the financial year. The corporate finance and advisory unit also saw higher number of mandates being undertaken by M&A during the last 2 quarters of FY 2020.

M&A recorded higher pre-tax profits of RM12.8 million in FY 2020 as compared to RM8.8 million in FY 2019 mainly due to higher revenue generated from the stock broking and corporate finance advisory units and higher margin interest income in FY 2020.

3.2 Structured finance

ICL reported revenue of RM30.1 million and pre-tax profit of RM18.7 million in FY 2020 (FY 2019: revenue of RM34.0 million and pre-tax profit of RM16.5 million) respectively from its structured finance business. ICL's revenue and pre-tax profit remains fairly constant and consistent, and as at 30 June 2020, it has a collateralised loan portfolio of about RM260 million.

3.3 Investment holding and trading

Revenue was higher mainly due to higher sale of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and other financial instruments totalled RM86.3 million in FY 2020 (FY 2019: RM63.7 million).

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONT'D)

3. FINANCIAL REVIEW (CONT'D)

Financial performance (cont'd)

The financial performance by business segments for FY 2020 is as follows (cont'd):

3.3 Investment holding and trading (cont'd)

The unit suffered pre-tax loss of RM49.2 million (FY 2019: Pre-tax profit of RM1.5 million), primarily due to unrealised mark to market loss of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and unrealised fair value loss on derivative financial instruments totalling RM44.3 million resulted by the uncertain financial and equity markets amid the effects of Covid-19 pandemic.

As at 30 June 2020, the investment unit holds financial assets at fair value through profit or loss of RM151.5 million, a decrease of 35% as compared to RM231.4 million as of 30 June 2019.

3.4 Technology and IT related services

The Technology segment reported revenue of RM2.6 million in FY 2020, a decrease of 90% as compared to RM24.8 million in FY 2019, mainly due to the decrease in trading of technology related products.

Pre-tax profit decreased by 49% from RM62.9 million in FY 2019 to RM32.0 million in FY 2020, primarily due to lower gain from disposal of shares in an associate company, Inari and lower profit contribution from Inari.

3.5 Retail trading

Both revenue and pre-tax results decreased drastically in FY 2020 primarily due to Covid-19 pandemic. For FY 2020, the Group's share of Melium Group's losses was RM2.1 million (FY 2019: RM0.4 million).

3.6 Car rental

The significant drop in fleet size from 1,039 in FY 2019 to 535 in FY 2020 is mainly due to the disposal of Singapore car rental units which has more than 500 cars.

Car rental industry is one of the hard-hit industries due to the Covid-19 pandemic. During the second half of FY 2020, transient rental is badly affected as there were no in-bound tourism activities.

Our car rental division remains marginable profitable during the financial year due to disposal of cars with the right sizing exercise. The management will focus on attracting new long-term hirers and while seeking to renew business and rentals from existing customers.

3.7 Property investment and development

There is no significant variance on revenue for FY 2020 as compared to FY 2019.

Pre-tax profit increased to RM10.4 million in FY 2020 as compared to RM2.2 million in FY 2019 as the higher pre-tax profit for FY 2020 was mainly due to higher profit contribution from equity accounting for Ho Hup of RM8.5 million (FY 2019: RM2.9 million).

4. ANALYSIS OF THE ANTICIPATED RISKS

The Board adopts a proactive approach to prudent risks management to sustain and grow the Group's businesses.

During FY 2020, the key risks that affected the Group were the Covid-19 pandemic, trade tensions between the US and China and Brexit, affecting global financial and equity market uncertainty and volatility. These factors have led to tighter liquidity conditions and spike in risk affecting emerging economies, and a decline to equity prices. The general slowdown in the economy has affected equity market and consumer sentiments.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONT'D)

4. ANALYSIS OF THE ANTICIPATED RISKS (CONT'D)

The major risks which affect the business segments and the respective strategies undertaken to mitigate them are set out below:

4.1 Stock broking and provision of corporate finance & advisory services

During the Covid-19 pandemic, M&A implemented health and safety measures as recommended by the relevant authorities. The Business Continuity Planning and Standard Operating Policies and Procedures on Health and Safety Measures against the Covid-19 pandemic outline the framework, crisis management/business impact analysis, policies and procedures, and awareness and communication to ensure a safe and healthy environment for staff, remisers and visitors; and to minimise disruption and allowing continuing business and operations during the Covid-19 pandemic.

There was no cyber security threat reported during the financial year. M&A has purchased a cyber liability insurance and had engaged the professionals to conduct the penetration test, social engineering test, awareness talk, consultation service and training to the staff.

4.2 Structured finance

The structured finance operations are not affected by Covid-19 pandemic and MCO period.

4.3 Investment holding and trading

The investment holding and trading segment is impacted by fluctuations in foreign currency exchange risks. In line with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, changes in accounting value of the assets and borrowings arising from foreign exchange translation are taken to the statements of profit or loss. Where necessary, the Group enters into forward foreign exchange contracts and match local currency income and investments to local currency expenditure and borrowings to minimize the foreign exchange exposure.

Our investment portfolio comprises short and medium-term investments with varied maturity period to meet the Group's operating cash flow needs. These investments have exposure to credit, market and liquidity risks. The Group's investments in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss comprises investment in quoted securities. The fair value of quoted securities is determined by reference to their published market closing price as at the reporting date. The fair value of quoted securities as at 30 June 2020 is impacted by global financial and equity market uncertainty and volatility. With good investment strategies in place, we will continue to monitor to ensure the investment unit will complement the Group's bottom-line.

4.4 Technology and IT related services

Our Technology investments cover a range of companies from startups to listed companies. For startup companies, we look for high returns for our investments while accepting the usual risks of startups – that the disruptive ideas, the technology, the markets, the ability and drive of promoters or the timing may not work out. Each startup typically has its own risk & success factor profile.

For listed investments, we look at the strength of the management team, its technology leadership as well as the risks/prospects of the markets in which the companies operate. As investor and shareholder, we are always engaged with the leadership of these companies to ensure returns from our investments in these companies through dividend payments and share price appreciation.

4.5 Retail trading

The global economic crisis due to the unprecedented Covid-19 pandemic is the major risk faced by the retail and trading industry. Despite the relaxation of lockdowns and movement restriction, consumer demand remains slow to pick up. The management will focus more on cash-flow management and cost monitoring while continue to work on pricing and promotional strategies to maximise the profitability as the long term goal.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONT'D)

4. ANALYSIS OF THE ANTICIPATED RISKS (CONT'D)

The major risks which affect the business segments and the respective strategies undertaken to mitigate them are set out below (cont'd):

4.6 Car rental

The RMCO has been extended to 31 December 2020 and with the on-going travel restrictions worldwide, we expect the transient leasing business to remain low throughout the first half of financial year ending 30 June 2021 ("FY 2021").

The strong competition and wide availability of 'rideshare' services remain the biggest risk to the car rental division. Customer-retention is one of our great challenges, especially in transient leasing. We continue to monitor closely in our pricing model, car fleet and marketing strategies to differentiate ourselves and attract more customers. In FY 2021, we will focus more on engaging long-term hirers while waiting for the tourism industry to recover.

4.7 Property investment and development

The current economic climate and oversupply of properties has affected Ho Hup's performance for FY 2020. Ho Hup Group will launch for sale the affordable landed development on 429 acres of leasehold land in Kulai, Johor in FY 2021, and looking for new landbanks in good location for development.

5. FUTURE PROSPECTS OF THE GROUP

The Group expects FY 2021 to be a challenging year due to the ensuing Covid-19 pandemic causing global equity and currency volatility, the continuing US-China trade war, uncertainties over Brexit and the lingering effects of the emerging economies.

The Group has a strong and healthy balance sheet, net cash position, diverse business units that generate reasonable earnings and cash flow, and with prudent management and good corporate governance, we believe the Group will deliver positive results in FY 2021.

M&A expects the FY 2021 equity market environment to remain volatile and will continue to promote and source for new and existing clients for fund raising and corporate exercises to generate revenue. M&A will maintain its margin business to generate a steady flow of income.

As technology is already an integral part of our lives and the future, we believe our investments in the technology sector are important and will contribute towards the future prospects of Insas Group. Our Technology investments in the range of companies from startups to listed companies provide for the best short, mid & long-term prospects for the return on investments. Our existing investments in the listed tech companies have benefited from the positive market and investor interests in tech companies since the lows of March 2020 and looks likely to continue positively into FY 2021. Barring unforeseen circumstances, this market outcome is expected to benefit the Group.

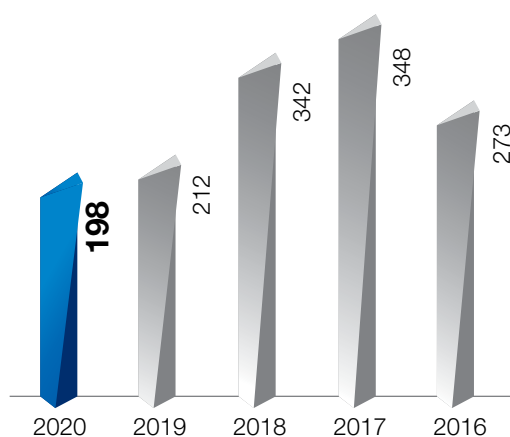
As for our largest investment holding – Inari Amertron Berhad - the outlook for the year ahead for Inari remains somewhat challenging due to supply chain disruptions brought about by the US-China trade war & IP conflict, and the Covid-19 pandemic. However, we believe the underlying prospects of the semiconductor industry remain bright as advances in technology will continue to drive demand for semiconductors through the expected rollouts of 5G, Internet-of-Things (IoT) and artificial intelligence (AI) applications during the year. Inari remains steadfast and ready to participate and benefit especially from the next-generation wireless technologies.

On property portfolio, the Group will continue its effort to market its existing properties for rent and/or sale and to identify and invest in good properties and development projects that yield attractive return.

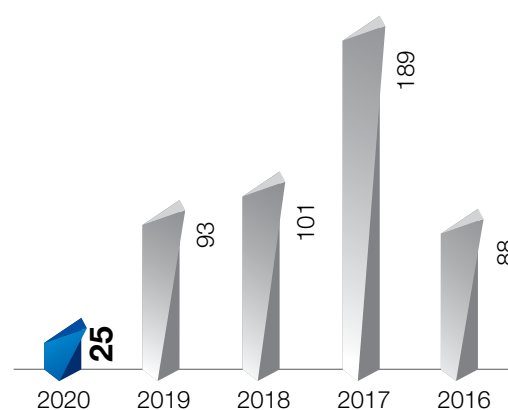
FIVE YEARS GROUP FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000	2018 RM'000	2017 RM'000	2016 RM'000
Revenue	197,502	212,014	341,532	347,829	272,723
Profit Before Taxation	25,211	93,328	100,873	189,496	88,090
Profit After Taxation Attributable to Owners of the Company	14,867	81,831	90,539	181,010	77,376
Total Assets	2,254,873	2,338,959	2,221,200	2,204,979	1,899,602
Total Liabilities	500,191	591,765	565,234	643,065	542,380
Total Borrowings	367,290	514,759	480,088	548,613	462,980
Equity Attributable to Owners of the Company	1,752,941	1,739,358	1,648,580	1,554,157	1,349,664
Number of Shares in Issue, net of Treasury Shares (Thousands)	663,021	663,007	663,007	663,007	663,007
Earnings Per Share (Sen)	2.24	12.34	13.66	27.30	11.67
Net Assets Per Share (RM)	2.64	2.62	2.49	2.34	2.04
Return on Equity (%)	0.8	4.7	5.5	11.6	5.7
Return on Total Assets (%)	0.7	3.5	4.1	8.2	4.1
Gearing Ratio	0.21	0.30	0.29	0.35	0.34

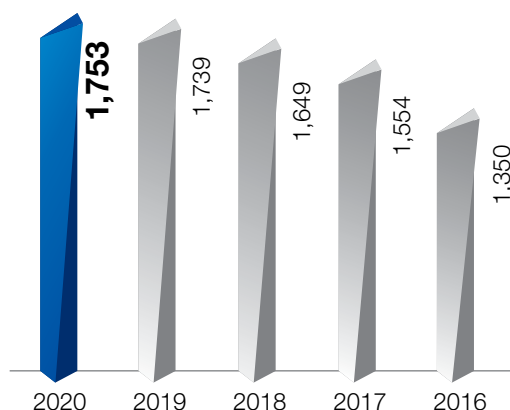
REVENUE
(RM' Million)



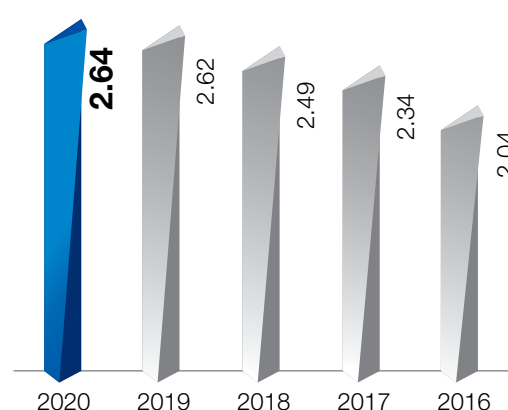
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION
(RM' Million)



EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY
(RM' Million)



NET ASSETS PER SHARE
(RM)



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OVERVIEW STATEMENT

The Corporate Governance Overview Statement sets out the principal features of Insas Berhad (“the Company”) and its subsidiaries’ (collectively referred to as the Group) corporate governance approach, summary of corporate governance practices during the financial year ended 30 June 2020 as well as the key focus area and future priorities in relation to corporate governance. The Corporate Governance Overview Statement is made pursuant to Paragraph 15.25(1) of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad (“Listing Requirements”) and guidance drawn from Practice Note 9 of the Listing Requirements and the Corporate Governance Guide (3rd Edition) issued by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad (“Bursa”).

The summary of corporate governance practices makes references to three (3) key principles of good corporate practices as set out in the Malaysian Code of Corporate Governance 2017 (“MCCG 2017”) as follow:

Principle A: Board Leadership and Effectiveness

- Board Roles and Responsibilities
- Board Composition
- Remuneration

Principle B: Effective Audit and Risk Management

- Audit Committee
- Risk Management and Internal Control Framework

Principle C: Integrity in Corporate Reporting and Meaningful Relationship with Stakeholders

- Communication with Stakeholders
- Conduct of General Meetings

The Corporate Governance Overview Statement is augmented with a Corporate Governance Report based on a prescribed format as enumerated in Paragraph 15.25(2) of the Listing Requirements so as to provide a detailed articulation on the application of the Group’s corporate governance practices vis-à-vis the MCCG 2017. The Corporate Governance Report 2020 is available on the Group’s website at www.insas.net.

The Corporate Governance Overview Statement should also be read in tandem with the other statements in the Annual Report namely the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control, Audit Committee Report and Sustainability Statement.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE APPROACH

The Board of Directors (“Board”) of Insas Berhad is committed towards reinforcing its corporate governance philosophies which is ingrained in the Group’s corporate governance framework essential to form a responsible and responsive decision making in the Group.

The Group’s overall approach to corporate governance is to:

- (i) aid and promote accountability at the Board and senior management level;
- (ii) identify opportunities to drive the synergistic implementation of corporate governance systems, policies and procedures for improved strategic and operational decision making; and
- (iii) find a fine balance in meeting the expectations of the different groups of stakeholders of the Group.

Given that the Board forms the pivot of good corporate governance, the Board steers effort to promote meaningful application of good corporate governance practices. The Group regularly reviews its corporate governance arrangements and practices to ascertain if they reflect market dynamics, development in the regulatory tapestry and evolving stakeholders’ expectations.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OVERVIEW STATEMENT (CONT'D)

SUMMARY OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

In manifesting the Group's commitment towards sound corporate governance, the Group has benchmarked its practices against the relevant promulgations and best practices. The Group has applied all the Practices encapsulated in MCCG 2017 for the financial year ended 30 June 2020 except for the following:

Practice 4.1: At least half of the Board comprises independent directors;

Practice 4.2: Two-tier shareholders voting process to retain an independent director who has served for more than 12 years;

Practice 7.2: Disclosure on named basis the top five senior management's remuneration in bands of RM50,000; and

Practice 12.3: Listed companies with a large number of shareholders or which have meetings in remote locations should leverage on technology to facilitate voting in absentia and remote shareholders' participation at general meetings.

In line with the latitude accorded in the application mechanism of MCCG 2017, the Company has provided forthcoming explanations for the departures from the said Practices, supplemented with descriptions on the alternative measures that seek to achieve the intended outcomes of the departed Practices, measures that the Company has undertaken or intend to take to adopt the departed Practices as well as the timeframe for adoption of the departed Practices. Details on the application of each individual Practice of the MCCG 2017 are available in the Corporate Governance Report.

A summary of the Group's corporate governance practices with reference to the MCCG 2017 is described below.

PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS

Board's Roles and Responsibilities

The Board is responsible for the corporate governance practices of the Group. Being at the helm of the Group, the Board governs the affairs of the Group on behalf of the shareholders and retain full and effective control over the Group. The Board is responsible for providing stewardship and oversight of the Group's business affairs.

Several Board Committees, namely the Audit Committee ("AC"), the Nomination & Remuneration Committee ("NRC") and the Risk Management Committee ("RMC") have been established to assist the Board in its oversight function with reference to their specific areas of responsibilities. The Board Committees have been constituted with clear terms of reference and they are actively engaged to ensure the Group is in adherence with good corporate governance. The Board Committees report to the Board on their meeting proceedings and deliberation as well as make recommendations to the Board on the matters under their purview.

The Board has formalised a Board Charter which sets out the ethos of the Group, and structure and authority of the Board. The Board Charter is the primary document that elucidates on the governance of the Board, Board Committees and the individual directors. The Board Charter is made available on the Company's website at www.insas.net.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OVERVIEW STATEMENT (CONT'D)

PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS (CONT'D)

Board's Roles and Responsibilities (cont'd)

The Directors allocate sufficient time to discharge their responsibilities effectively and attend Board and Board Committees meetings on a scheduled basis to deliberate on matters under their purview. Board meetings are held quarterly with additional meeting convened for special matters, when necessary. The attendance of the individual Directors at the Board and Board Committees meetings during the financial year ended 30 June 2020 is outlined below:

Directors	Board	AC	RMC	NRC
Executive Directors				
Dato' Wong Gian Kui	5/5	-	2/2	-
Dato' Dr. Tan Seng Chuan	5/5	-	-	-
Non-Independent Non-Executive Director				
Ms. Soon Li Yen	5/5	5/5	-	1/1
Independent Non-Executive Directors				
Y.A.M. Tengku Puteri Seri Kemala Tengku Hajjah Aishah Binti Almarhum Sultan Haji Ahmad Shah, DK (II), SIMP	5/5	5/5	2/2	1/1
Mr. Oh Seong Lye	5/5	5/5	2/2	1/1

 Chairman of the Board / Board Committees

There is clear delineation of roles of the Board and the Management. The Chief Executive Officer is the conduit between the Board and the Management in driving the success of the Group's governance and management function. The Chief Executive Officer manages and implements the Board's policies and decisions through the Senior Management of the Company and the respective operating subsidiaries.

In performing their duties, all Directors have access to the advice and services of the Group General Manager-Finance and two suitably qualified Company Secretaries. The Group General Manager – Finance and the Company Secretaries act as corporate governance counsel and ensure good information flow within the Board, Board Committees and Senior Management and provide the Directors with complete, adequate and timely information prior to meetings and on an ongoing basis to enable the Directors to make informed decisions.

As integrity is a core value of the Group, the Board is cognisant of its responsibility to set out the ethical tone for the Group. The Code of Conduct & Ethics and the Whistleblowing Policy have been put in place to foster an ethical culture and allow legitimate ethical concerns to be escalated in confidence without the risk of reprisal. The Code of Conduct & Ethics and the Whistleblowing Policy are published on the Company's website at www.insas.net.

Board Composition

The Board of the Company comprises five members, two of which are Executive Directors and three are Non-Executive Directors. Two of the Non-Executive Directors are Independent Directors. The Board strives to ensure that it has an appropriate mix of skills, qualifications and experience to discharge its role and responsibilities effectively based on the Group's nature of business. Appointments to the Board are made via a formal and transparent process, premised on meritocracy and objective criteria such as qualification, skills, experience, professionalism, integrity and diversity needed on the Board in the context of the Group's strategic direction. In the case of Independent Directors, the NRC assesses the candidate's ability to bring the element of detached impartiality and objective judgement to boardroom deliberations.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OVERVIEW STATEMENT (CONT'D)

PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS (CONT'D)

Board Composition (cont'd)

The Board reviews its performance, and that of the Board Committees and individual Directors on an annual basis, facilitated by the NRC. For the financial year ended 30 June 2020, the NRC's key activities were to assess the overall Board and Board Committees' performance and effectiveness. The NRC met once during the financial year under review with full attendance of its members and carried out the following activities during the meeting held:

- (i) Reviewed and discussed the annual assessment of the Board and Board Committees;
- (ii) Evaluated the independence of Y.A.M. Tengku Puteri Seri Kemala Tengku Hajjah Aishah Binti Almarhum Sultan Haji Ahmad Shah, DK (II), SIMP and Mr. Oh Seong Lye who have served as Independent Directors for a cumulative term of more than 12 years and 9 years respectively, and recommended them to continue to act as Independent Directors (without their participation); and
- (iii) Reviewed the term of office and performance of the Audit Committee members pursuant to Paragraph 15.20 of the Listing Requirements.

The NRC was satisfied that the Board and the Board Committees' composition had fulfilled the criteria required, and possess a right blend of knowledge, experience and mix of skills. The NRC had recommended for the Board to endorse the re-election of the relevant Directors at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting ("AGM"). In reviewing the independence of Independent Directors, the NRC and the Board adopt a qualitative approach in assessing if the Independent Directors carry the integrity and audacity to advocate professional views without fear or favour.

Remuneration

The Group aims to set remuneration at levels which is sufficient to attract and retain high calibre Directors needed to run the businesses of the Group successfully. For oversight on remuneration matters, the NRC implements policies and procedures on remuneration including reviewing and recommending matters relating to the remuneration of the Board. Remuneration details of the Directors of the Company for the financial year ended 30 June 2020 for the Company and the Group are disclosed in the Corporate Governance Report for the financial year ended 30 June 2020.

PRINCIPLE B: EFFECTIVE AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT

Audit Committee ("AC")

The AC is relied upon by the Board to, amongst others, provide advice in the areas of financial reporting, external audit, internal audit process, the internal controls environment, compliance to laws, rules and regulations, review of related party transactions and conflict of interest situations.

The AC is chaired by an Independent Director who is distinct from the Chairman of the Board. Two of the members of the AC possess high financial literacy and are members of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants. The AC has full access to the internal and external auditors. The summary of work done by the AC, the number of meetings held during the financial year and attendance record of each member are set out in the Audit Committee Report in the Annual Report.

Risk Management and Internal Control Framework

The Board is cognisant that a robust risk management and internal control framework helps provide risk information to enable better formulation of the Group's strategies and decision making. The Group has established policies and framework for the oversight and management of material business risks and had established a Risk Management Committee since financial year ended 30 June 2018.

The internal audit function is carried out by the in-house Group Internal Audit ("GIA") unit. The GIA function reports directly to the AC. The GIA's authority, scope and responsibilities are governed by the Internal Audit Charter, which is approved by the AC.

Further information on the Group's risk management and internal control framework is made available in the Statement of Risk Management and Internal Control in the Annual Report.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OVERVIEW STATEMENT (CONT'D)

PRINCIPLE C: INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPORTING AND MEANINGFUL RELATIONSHIP WITH STAKEHOLDERS

Communication with Stakeholders

The Group is fully committed to maintain high standard for the timely and equitable dissemination of relevant and material information on the development of the Group to the stakeholders. Key stakeholder communication channel includes the Annual Report, quarterly results, announcements to Bursa, corporate website and investors relation activities.

Conduct of General Meetings

The Group is of the view that General Meetings are important platforms to engage with its shareholders. It provides shareholders the opportunity to meet and discuss with the Board, gain insights on the Group's performance and financial position, raise questions or concerns with regards to the Group as well as to discuss any other important matters with the Board.

For the AGM in the preceding seven years, all the Directors were present at the AGMs to answer questions raised by the shareholders. The Group welcome shareholders to attend and participate in the AGM by providing adequate advance notice. The Company's past AGM was always been well attended by the shareholders.

In view of the Covid-19 health concerns, the Company would like to leverage on technology by conducting the upcoming 58th AGM virtually through live streaming and online remote voting via Remote Participation and Voting facilities. This will enable shareholders to participate fully in the AGM proceedings by audio and video capabilities without the need to be physically present at the meeting venue in ensuring the health and wellbeing of all shareholders, Directors, staffs and other stakeholders.

Pursuant to Paragraph 8.29A of the Listing Requirements by Bursa, all the resolutions set out in the notice of AGM of the Company will be put to vote by poll and an independent scrutineer will be appointed to validate the votes cast at the AGM. The outcome of the AGM will be announced to Bursa on the same meeting day.

FOCUS AREAS ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Corporate governance areas which were given attention during the financial year ended 30 June 2020 are as follows:

Anti-Corruption and Whistleblowing

In light of the introduction of Corporate Liability provision under Section 17A of the Malaysian Anti-Corruption Commission (MACC) Act 2009 (Amendment 2018) ("MACC Act") which came into force on 1 June 2020 whereby commercial organisations will be made liable and punishable if their employees and/or associates are involved in corruption, the Risk Management Committee has initiated the formulation of the Group's Anti-Corruption and Anti-Bribery Policy ("ACAB Policy") which sets out the policies and procedures towards compliance with the MACC Act. The ACAB Policy was approved for adoption by the Board in May 2020. The details of the ACAB Policy are made available on the Company's website at www.insas.net. The ACAB Policy will be reviewed periodically to assess its effectiveness, and in any event, at least once every three (3) years.

In tandem with the ACAB Policy being put in place during the financial year, the Group's Whistleblowing Policy, which spells out the policies and procedures and the communication channels on whistle-blowing, is also made available on the Company's website at www.insas.net.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OVERVIEW STATEMENT (CONT'D)

FOCUS AREAS ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE (CONT'D)

Professional Development of Directors

During the financial year under review, the Directors took cognisance to develop and enhance their knowledge, skills and performance by attending various training programmes to keep themselves abreast of changes in legislative promulgations. The list of training programmes that were attended by the Board members is outlined below:

Directors	Program titles	Organiser	Date
Dato' Wong Gian Kui	1. Business Growth and Risk Management	Terus Mesra Sdn Bhd	18.7.2019
	2. Session on Corporate Governance & Anti-Corruption	Bursa Malaysia Berhad	31.10.2019
Dato' Dr. Tan Seng Chuan	2019 Semiconductor Advanced Packaging Workshop	IEEE – Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers – Malaysia Chapter	25.9.2019
Mr. Oh Seong Lye	1. Half Year Tax Updates for 2019	Malaysian Institute of Accountants	22.8.2019
	2. 2020 Budget Seminar	Malaysian Institute of Accountants	5.11.2019
	3. MIA Webinar Series : COVID-19 : Impact on MFRS 16 - Leases	Malaysian Institute of Accountants	25.6.2020

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRIORITIES (2020 AND BEYOND)

Long Term Plan – Boardroom Diversity and Sustainability Reporting

Boardroom Diversity

In fostering the spirit of Practice 4.1 of the MCGG 2017 for at least half of the Board comprises independent directors, the Board will continue to drive efforts in identifying candidates who are suitable for the position of independent directors and endeavours to comply with this Practice within the next three (3) years.

Sustainability Reporting

The Board aims to adopt a more mature form of sustainability reporting and will set the direction to establish the necessary systems and controls and substantiated information necessary to support such form of reporting.

This Corporate Governance Overview Statement was approved by the Board on 25 September 2020.

STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

INTRODUCTION

The Board of Directors of Insas Berhad (“the Board”) is committed to maintain a sound system of internal control and risk management practices to safeguard shareholders’ investment, the Group’s assets and stakeholders’ interest. The Board is pleased to provide the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control which is made pursuant to Paragraph 15.26(b) of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control: Guidelines for Directors of Listed Issuers, which requires the Board of Directors of public listed companies to make a statement about the state, nature and scope of risk management and the system of internal control of the listed entity as a Group in the Annual Report.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITY FOR RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board affirms its overall responsibility for the Group’s risk management and system of internal control and to oversee the establishment of appropriate control environment as well as review the adequacy, effectiveness and integrity of the Group’s internal control, risk management practices and management information systems. In view of the inherent limitations in any system of internal control, the system is designed to manage rather than to eliminate the risk of failure to achieve its corporate objectives. Accordingly, it can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material errors, misstatement, financial losses or fraud. The system of internal control includes inter alia, financial, operational, organisation, IT and cyber security, regulatory compliance and risk management controls.

Also, the Group’s system of internal control involves all management and employees of the Group from all businesses as well as functional units. The Board is responsible for determining key strategies and policies for significant risks and controls issues, whilst the management team and functional key employees of the Group’s operating units are responsible to implement the Board’s policies effectively by designing, executing, monitoring and managing the risk management and internal control processes.

The Board confirms that there is an ongoing process, for identifying, evaluating and managing the significant risks faced by the Group throughout the financial year, which is regularly reviewed by the Board through the Audit Committee and the Risk Management Committee, which dedicates separate time for discussion on this matter.

RISK MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK

Risk management focuses on identifying threats and opportunities while internal control helps to counter threats and takes advantage of opportunities. The Board recognises that risk management is an integral part of the system of internal control and good governance practice that is critical to the Group’s continued profitability and for enhancement of shareholders’ value.

Risk management in the Group involves an ongoing process for identifying, evaluating and managing significant risks faced by the businesses in the Group. The risk management process involves all businesses and functional units of the Group in identifying the significant risks affecting the achievement of business objectives and the effectiveness of controls in place to manage them.

The senior management and the Chief Executive Officer (“CEO”) uphold the role to assess the key risks inherent in the Group’s businesses and the system of internal control that are in place to manage these risks, on behalf of the Board. The management of the respective key businesses and functional units are responsible for the design, implementation and monitoring of suitable internal controls to mitigate and control these risks. All management and employees are accountable to operate within the risks management policies and procedures that have been put in place. The Group Internal Audit function provides further independent assurance on the adequacy and effectiveness of the risk management and system of internal control and all significant exceptional reporting on the risk management and system of internal control processes are brought to the attention of the Board through the Audit Committee and the Risk Management Committee.

STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL (CONT'D)

RISK MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK (CONT'D)

In identifying risks affecting the Group's businesses, the management of the respective key businesses formulates procedures to identify potential risks having effect on critical business activities from events or circumstances that can adversely affect the Group businesses such as new competitor or sudden change in government regulations. Once the risks have been identified, the management evaluates the impact of these risks that may need to be managed immediately by examining the frequency, consequences and monetary losses arising from the risks. Once evaluated, the management rates the severity of the risks and formulates ways to manage them. The management tests, evaluates and updates the risk management plan regularly as risks can change in tandem with changes to the businesses, industry and the operating environment. The management regularly reviews the risk management plans which are essential for identifying new risks and monitoring the effectiveness of the risk management strategies and key risks issues are addressed at periodic management and operation meetings.

The Group has an on-going credit risk management process undertaken by the respective units' management to identify, evaluate and respond to principal credit risks and to ensure that appropriate risk treatments are in place to mitigate credit risks affecting the achievement of the Group's objectives.

KEY ELEMENTS OF THE GROUP'S RISK MANAGEMENT AND SYSTEM OF INTERNAL CONTROL

The framework of the Group's risk management and system of internal control and the key procedures include:-

1. Management and direction of the Group's businesses

The CEO is empowered to manage the businesses of the Group and is accountable for the conduct and performance of the Group's businesses within agreed business strategies. The CEO reports to the Board on significant changes in the businesses and external environments which are relevant to the businesses.

2. Investment and capital expenditure appraisals

The CEO and the senior management of the Group's key operating subsidiary companies review material investments and the performance of significant projects undertaken by the Group and make appropriate recommendations and evaluations to be brought to the Board's attention.

Proposals for substantial and major capital expenditure of the Group are reviewed and approved by the Board.

3. Financial and operational review and reporting

The management team reviews and reports on significant operational, financial, risk management and legal issues of key operating subsidiary and associate companies and ensure that remedial actions are taken by the management of the subsidiary and associate companies concerned to address deficiencies that arise.

The CEO and/or the management team attend management and operational meetings to review financial and operational reports and to monitor the performance and profitability of the Group's businesses. Any deviation in corporate strategy and business objectives are deliberated and necessary action will be instituted. The CEO practises an 'open door' policy whereby matters arising are promptly highlighted and immediately dealt with.

4. Scheduled Board meetings

The Board meets quarterly and at other scheduled intervals when necessary to maintain full and effective supervision of the Group's activities and operations. The General Manager – Finance and the Company Secretaries will oversee the presentation of board papers and provide comprehensive explanations on pertinent issues and the Board will go through thorough deliberation and discussion before arriving at any decision which has a bearing on the Group.

The Board reviews the financial and operating information and key performance indicators of strategic business units and legal and regulatory matters on a quarterly basis.

STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL (CONT'D)

KEY ELEMENTS OF THE GROUP'S RISK MANAGEMENT AND SYSTEM OF INTERNAL CONTROL (CONT'D)

The framework of the Group's risk management and system of internal control and the key procedures include (cont'd):-

5. Audit Committee

The Board has the assistance of the Audit Committee whose principal duty is to review and monitor the effectiveness of the Group's risk management framework and system of internal control. The Audit Committee meets with the Group's principal external auditors at least three times a year and when the need arises to review the audit plan, the audit findings arising from the statutory and annual audits of the financial statements and the system of internal control, the financial reporting updates and compliance with the relevant laws and regulations.

The Audit Committee also meets with the internal auditors quarterly and at other scheduled intervals when necessary to deliberate on the findings, recommendations and implementation of the recommendations of the internal audit of the various business units and operations as approved by the Audit Committee in its annual internal audit plan.

6. Organisational structure

The Group has an organisational structure which defines the responsibilities and appropriate level of empowerment at various authorisation levels. This is to facilitate quality and timely decision-making process at the appropriate level in the organisation hierarchy.

7. Centralised support functions

The Group also has in place key support functions, which are managed centrally at its Corporate Office. These comprise Group Finance, Secretarial and Share Registration, Legal, Human Resource, IT, Treasury and Tax Compliance functions. These support functions ensure consistency and compliance in the setting and application of policies and procedures relating to these functions thus reducing duplication of efforts and thereby providing synergy to the Group.

8. Defined accountability and authorisation levels

The senior employees and management teams of key subsidiary companies are responsible for:-

- i) the conduct and performance of their respective business units;
- ii) identification and evaluation of significant risks applicable to their respective businesses together with the design and institution of suitable risk management practices and internal control; and
- iii) meeting defined reporting deadlines and ensuring compliance with policies, procedure and regulatory requirements.

9. Budgeting process

Detailed budgeting process and/or development of business strategies whereby key operating subsidiary and associate companies prepare budgets and performance targets for the coming financial year, which are approved at the operating level. Key performance indicators are set and the performance are monitored via management reporting system which highlights significant variances against budgets for investigation and follow-up by the management of the respective operating subsidiary and associate companies.

10. Specific credit risk management

The Board, through the relevant management teams, adopted a prudent approach with regard to the management of credit risks. Procedures on credit application, review and approval of high value loans by the subsidiary company in the money lending and structured finance business are undertaken by designated senior management personnel to ensure credit risk is contained and the loans are properly and adequately securitised. Procedures for recovery for non-performing loans exceeding their credit limit and security cover are also in place.

STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL (CONT'D)

KEY ELEMENTS OF THE GROUP'S RISK MANAGEMENT AND SYSTEM OF INTERNAL CONTROL (CONT'D)

The framework of the Group's risk management and system of internal control and the key procedures include (cont'd):-

11. Human resource management

The Board considers the integrity of employees at all levels to be of utmost importance, and this is pursued through its comprehensive and structured recruitment, appraisal and reward program. The Group also has ongoing training and development programs to ensure the Group attracts, motivates and retains competent and skilled employees.

Corporate values and code of conduct, which emphasise on the importance of key values such as loyalty, integrity, professionalism and cohesiveness are spelled out in the Company's Human Resource Policies and Procedures and the Employee Handbook as well as the Code of Conduct & Ethics, which is published on the Company's website.

12. Annual statutory audit

The external auditors provide assurance in the form of their statutory and annual audit of the financial statements and review of internal control system relevant to the preparation of financial statements of the Group. Areas for improvement identified during the course of the statutory and annual audit by the external auditors are brought to the attention of the Audit Committee through management letters or are deliberated at the Audit Committee meetings.

13. Internal audit function

The Board has the support of the Group Internal Audit function, which was established in financial year ended 30 June 2009. The Group Internal Audit function provides assurance on the adequacy, efficiency and effectiveness of the risk management framework and the system of internal control within the Group. The works of the Group Internal Audit function are focused towards the areas of priority identified in accordance to the annual audit plan approved by the Audit Committee.

The Group Internal Audit function independently reviews the internal control processes implemented by the management, which is based on risk-based audit methodology. At least once every quarter, they will report to the Audit Committee their findings and highlight significant issues and exceptions, if any, identified during the course of their review together with the appropriate corrective actions to the Audit Committee.

14. Risk Management Committee

The pivotal role of the Risk Management Committee is to act as an independent committee of the Board with the sole purpose of risk oversight responsibilities for the Group. The Chairman of the Risk Management Committee is the Group's CEO, who has the required expertise and knowledge of the Group's businesses and operational functions for risk assessment and risk management. To ensure better coordination of risk oversight, the remaining two (2) members of the Risk Management Committee are both members of the Audit Committee and are also independent non-executive directors of the Company.

A sub-committee comprising senior executives from their area of responsibilities and expertise from the Finance, Company Secretarial, Group Internal Audit and Legal functions act to assist the Risk Management Committee on identified and emerging risks, and on an ongoing basis, support risk management review on the key strategic, financial sustainability, business and operations, regulatory compliance, cyber security and reputation risks that affects the Group and the related risks assessment and risks management processes.

STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL (CONT'D)

KEY ELEMENTS OF THE GROUP'S RISK MANAGEMENT AND SYSTEM OF INTERNAL CONTROL (CONT'D)

The framework of the Group's risk management and system of internal control and the key procedures include (cont'd):-

15. Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption Policy ("ABAC Policy")

The Group articulates a zero-tolerance approach to bribery and corruption in all its forms and has in place the ABAC Policy to strengthen the ring-fencing of the Group's ethics parameters, particularly in the area of anti-bribery and anti-corruption.

During the financial year, the Board, with the recommendation from the Risk Management Committee, engaged an independent consultant to carry out gap analysis on the ABAC Policy to assess the Group's anti-bribery and anti-corruption management system, with the focus to address adequate procedures are in place to comply with the guidelines introduced by the Malaysian Anti-Corruption Commission (MACC) Act 2009 (Amendment 2018), and as a reflection of the Board's commitment to ensure good corporate governance and uphold the Group's core value on integrity.

The Board is committed in ensuring that the Group meets its legal obligations and prevents, detects, minimizes and eliminates all forms of corrupt practices and misconducts.

16. Whistleblowing Policy

The Board had in place a Whistleblowing Policy to provide a structured reporting channel to all employees and external parties to disclose any malpractice or misconduct of which they become aware of and in good faith belief have been committed, without fear of reprisal or adverse consequence. The whistleblower can report directly to the Audit Committee Chairman or the Group Internal Auditor, who are independent from the management of the Group through mail to the Company's registered address and/or telephone and email.

The Board does not regularly review the risk management and system of internal control of its associate companies as the Board does not have any direct control over their operations. Notwithstanding this, the Group's interest is served through representation on the boards of the respective associate companies and receipt and review of monthly management reports and inquiry thereon. Where practical, the Group would request for functional, operating and other financial information prepared in accordance with approved financial reporting standards that are acceptable to the Group in assessing the performance of these entities with the objective of safeguarding the investment of the Group.

INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION

The Board recognises that an internal audit function is necessary to provide independent assessment on the Group's risk management and system of internal control and in the assessment of potential risks exposures in key business processes and in monitoring the proper conduct of businesses within the Group.

During the financial year ended 30 June 2009, the Board established a Group Internal Audit function as an independent appraisal function following the formal adoption of the Internal Audit Charter by the Audit Committee. The Group Internal Audit function reports to the Audit Committee, whose authority is sufficient to ensure a broad range of audit coverage and adequate consideration of effective action on internal audit findings and recommendations. The Group Internal Audit function aims to provide the Audit Committee with independent and objective advices on the effectiveness of the system of internal control within the Group's businesses and operations. The annual audit plan, established primarily on a risk-based approach, is reviewed and approved by the Audit Committee.

STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL (CONT'D)

INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION (CONT'D)

The scope of the Group Internal Audit function encompasses examining and evaluating the adequacy, effectiveness and efficiency of the Group's risk management framework and system of internal control. The scope of the examination and the evaluation performed includes the review of:-

- a) identification and evaluation of risks and ways to manage the risk;
- b) the internal controls established to ensure compliance to internal policies and procedures, relevant laws, guidelines and regulations that could have a significant impact on the Group's operations;
- c) the means of safeguarding the Group's assets and verification of their existence; and
- d) the efficiency which resources are utilised and employed in the Group's businesses.

The works carried out by the Group Internal Audit function during the financial year ended 30 June 2020 were as follows:-

1. Tabled the Annual Audit Plan for Year 2020 and the revised internal audit policies and procedures on risk-based approach methodology and the risk-based questionnaires that will be applied in future internal audits, which include enhanced risk assessment and detection in areas covering conflict of interest, insider trading and corruption stemming from corporate liability risk to the Group pursuant to the Malaysian Anti-Corruption Commission (MACC) Act 2009 (Amendment 2018) for the Audit Committee's review and approval.
2. Presented the internal audit reports to the Audit Committee for their review and conducted follow-up audit work to monitor the Group Internal Audit recommendations and the management's remedial action plans are effectively implemented for the internal audit carried out on the following areas:-

(a) On selected operating units within the Group:-

(i) **Car rental division**

Reviewed the internal control system and risk assessment for fleet operation and management, vendor selection and procurement, finance, administration and marketing functions and sales and revenue cycle management, which include audit and review on approval and documentation processes for monthly leasing and daily rental pricing and rebates, asset reconciliation, fleet inventory and management and receivables ageing and overdue controls.

(ii) **Investment division**

Reviewed the internal control system and risk assessment for investment holding operations and management, which include audit and review on maturity of investments and yield income, loans and payment controls, approvals on operating expenses, bank reconciliations, funds placement, intercompany transactions and forward contracts revenue recognition.

(iii) **Property investment division**

Reviewed the internal control system and risk assessment for accountability of rental revenue and operating expenses, property repairs and maintenance management, funds placements, bank reconciliation, intercompany transactions and safekeeping and retention of tenancy agreements.

(b) On the stock broking subsidiary company:-

(i) Reviewed the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal control system and risk assessment for information security and system management; regulations and compliance with the IT governance framework and ITSS Standards, access controls review on stock broking system, data confidentiality, back-up system and retention processes for the Principal Office and all branches;

(ii) Reviewed the adequacy and effectiveness of the Business Continuity and Disaster Recovery Plan ("BCDRP") undertaken by the stock broking company on an annual basis;

STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL (CONT'D)

INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION (CONT'D)

2. Presented the internal audit reports to the Audit Committee for their review and conducted follow-up audit work to monitor the Group Internal Audit recommendations and the management's remedial action plans are effectively implemented for the internal audit carried out on the following areas (cont'd):-
- (b) On the stock broking subsidiary company (cont'd):-
- (iii) Performed audit review on the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal control system in managing their dealing department's activities on retail, institutional and proprietary businesses and investment trading in compliance with the rules and regulations stipulated by the relevant authorities and the Standard Operating Procedures ("SOP") adopted by the stock broking company;
 - (iv) Reviewed the adequacy of internal controls and the SOP of the system adopted by the stock broking company frontline and back office support departments to ensure processes are up-to-date and in compliance with the current rules and regulations stipulated by the relevant authorities;
 - (v) Performed audit review on both Compliance and finance functions of the Principal Office and all branches and ensured compliance with the rules, regulations and guidelines issued by the relevant authorities; validation and completeness of checking on monthly compliance program and/or financial reporting; monitoring and submission to the relevant authorities are adhered by the Head of Compliance and Head of Finance respectively;
 - (vi) Reviewed the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal control system on the Anti-Money Laundering ("AML") framework and targeted financial sanctions review, the internal controls and procedures review are adhered to the rules, regulations and guidelines set by the authorities and monitoring and reporting channels to detect suspicious transactions; and
 - (vii) Conducted the readiness audit on relocation procedures for the Penang branch in compliance with the rules and regulations stipulated by the relevant authorities.

The cost incurred by the Group Internal Audit function in carrying out its duties in respect of the financial year ended 30 June 2020 is as follows:-

	RM
Staff cost	245,184
Reimbursements on traveling, accommodation and allowances	155
	245,339
Total	245,339

EFFECTIVENESS OF THE GROUP'S RISK MANAGEMENT AND SYSTEM OF INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board reviews the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and system of internal control towards ensuring their effectiveness which will continue to be reviewed, enhanced and updated in line with the changes in the operating environment. The Board also has the assurance of the CEO and the General Manager-Finance that there were no significant weaknesses in the Group's risk management and system of internal control that may have an adverse effect on the Group's financial performance and financial position for the financial year under review.

The Board is of the view that the current risk management and system of internal control that have been put in place throughout the Group is sufficient to safeguard the Group's assets and prevent any material loss to the Group and there were no significant deficiencies or weaknesses that resulted in material losses or contingencies to the Group during the financial year ended 30 June 2020 that would require disclosure in the Annual Report.

This Statement is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors dated 25 September 2020 and has been reviewed by the external auditors as required pursuant to Paragraph 15.23 of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT

The Audit Committee (“AC”) is formed to assist the Board of Directors in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities relating to the financial reporting process, the management of risks and system of internal control, the internal audit and external audit processes as well as governance and compliance with laws and regulatory requirements.

The AC of Insas Berhad is pleased to present the Audit Committee Report for the financial year ended 30 June 2020.

COMPOSITION

The membership of the AC has been selected with the aim of providing a wide range of financial and commercial expertise and experience necessary to meet its responsibilities. The AC comprises three (3) members of whom two (2) are Independent Non-Executive Directors.

The members of the AC during the financial year ended 30 June 2020 are as follows:-

Mr. Oh Seong Lye
Chairman/Independent Non-Executive Director

Y.A.M. Tengku Puteri Seri Kemala Tengku Hajjah Aishah
Binti Almarhum Sultan Haji Ahmad Shah, DK(II), SIMP
Independent Non-Executive Director

Ms. Soon Li Yen
Non-Independent Non-Executive Director

Both Mr. Oh Seong Lye and Ms. Soon Li Yen are qualified accountants and are members of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants.

The annual review of the composition and performance of the AC, including the members’ tenure, accountability and effectiveness were duly assessed via the annual assessment carried out by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee (“NRC”). Having reviewed the objectives, duties and responsibilities and primary activities undertaken by the AC members, the NRC is satisfied that the AC has effectively discharged its duties and responsibilities in accordance with its terms of reference.

MEETINGS AND ATTENDANCE

The AC meetings for the financial year are pre-scheduled and communicated to the AC members early to ensure their time commitment. The schedule of business considered by the AC is supported by information provided by the senior management, the Group Internal Auditor (“GIA”) and the External Auditors (“EA”).

Five (5) AC meetings were held during the financial year ended 30 June 2020 as follows:-

Date of meetings	Time
28 August 2019	10.00 a.m.
26 September 2019	10.00 a.m.
26 November 2019	10.00 a.m.
25 February 2020	10.00 a.m.
21 May 2020	10.00 a.m.

AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT (CONT'D)

MEETINGS AND ATTENDANCE (CONT'D)

The details of attendance by the AC members are as follows:-

Directors	Attendance
Mr. Oh Seong Lye	5/5
Y.A.M. Tengku Puteri Seri Kemala Tengku Hajjah Aishah Binti Almarhum Sultan Haji Ahmad Shah, DK(II), SIMP	5/5
Ms. Soon Li Yen	5/5

The GIA Manager and the General Manager–Finance of the Company were invited to attend the AC meetings. The EA were also invited to attend three (3) of these meetings. Matters of significant concerns raised by the GIA Manager and the EA noted by the AC requiring the Board of Directors' ("the Board") direction and approval were highlighted by the AC Chairman at the Board meetings. Minutes of the AC meetings were circulated to the Board for their notation.

SUMMARY OF WORK OF THE AC IN DISCHARGING ITS FUNCTION AND DUTIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

The works carried out by the AC in the discharge of its functions and duties for the financial year were as follows:-

(a) Financial Reporting and Announcements

- (i) Reviewed the Group's quarterly financial statements including the draft announcements pertaining thereto, before recommending to the Board for its approval and release to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

Details of the review are as follows:-

Date of meetings	Review of Quarterly Financial Statements
28 August 2019	Fourth quarter and full year unaudited results of the Group for the financial year ended 30 June 2019.
26 November 2019	First quarter results for the financial period ended 30 September 2019.
25 February 2020	Second quarter results for the financial period ended 31 December 2019.
21 May 2020	Third quarter results for the financial period ended 31 March 2020.

The AC reviewed and ensured the Group's quarterly financial reporting and disclosures present a true and fair view of the Group's financial position and performance and are in compliance with the reporting requirements outlined in the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standard ("MFRS") 134: Interim Financial Reporting, International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), requirements of the Companies Act, 2016 in Malaysia and the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

- (ii) Reviewed the Directors' Report and audited financial statements of the Company and the Group for the financial year ended 30 June 2019 before recommending the same for consideration and approval by the Board at its meeting held on 26 September 2019, and ensured the financial statements presented a true and fair view of the Company and the Group's financial position and performance for the financial year ended 30 June 2019 and were in compliance with the reporting requirements of the applicable MFRSs, IFRSs, requirements of the Companies Act, 2016 in Malaysia and the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. The AC had also reviewed the Concluding of Audit Report prepared by the EA on the audit for the financial year ended 30 June 2019 at the said meeting. In reviewing the annual audited financial statements, the AC discussed with the management and the EA on the accounting principles and standards that were applied and their opinion on the items that may affect the financial statements.

AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT (CONT'D)

SUMMARY OF WORK OF THE AC IN DISCHARGING ITS FUNCTION AND DUTIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020 (CONT'D)

The works carried out by the AC in the discharge of its functions and duties for the financial year were as follows (cont'd):-

(a) Financial Reporting and Announcements (cont'd)

- (iii) Discussed and reviewed the integrity of information and regulatory and accounting standards compliance in the quarterly and annual audited financial statements, with focus on changes in accounting policies and practices arising from implementation of the Companies Act, 2016, new Standards, amendments to Standards and annual improvements to Standards and Issues Committee Interpretations ("IC Interpretations"), going concern assumption, completeness of disclosures and consistency of presentation of transactions relating to management judgement and estimates to safeguard the integrity of the Group's financial reporting.

(b) Internal Audit

- (i) The AC reviewed with the GIA Manager, the annual Group Internal Audit Plan for Year 2020 together with the audit programs to ensure the selection of principal risk areas, key risk management and key processes were appropriately and adequately identified and covered in the audit plan to appraise that adequate scope and comprehensive coverage over the activities of the Group and the principal risks areas including coverage for conflict of interest, insider trading and misconduct under corporate liability as spelled out under Section 17A of the Malaysian Anti-Corruption Commission (Amendment) Act 2018 are audited on an annual basis at the meeting held on 26 November 2019.
- (ii) The AC also reviewed and approved the GIA's revised audit policies and procedures on risk-based approach ("RBA") methodology and risk assessment questionnaires ("RAQ") to be applied in future internal audit plans to be conducted by the GIA.
- (iii) Reviewed on an ongoing basis, the adequacy of resources and the competencies of the staff within the GIA function to ensure the GIA function has the capabilities to carry out the audit scope and audit programs in execution of the audit plan approved by the AC.
- (iv) Reviewed the internal audit reports issued by the GIA function which covered the audit for the principal operating subsidiary companies of the Group in the following areas:-

Stock broking subsidiary company:-

- Information security, system and application
- Business continuity and disaster recovery plan
- Retail dealing (all regions)
- Institutional dealing, proprietary and investment trading
- Finance and admin (Principal Office and branches)
- Compliance review (all regions)
- AMLA and targeted financial sanctions
- Readiness audit on one branch

Other operating subsidiary companies:-

- Car rental division on fleet operation and management, vendor selection and procurement, finance, administration and marketing functions, sales and revenue cycle management including pricing, rebates and discount review, debtors' ageing and overdue charges controls and IT fleet management system review.
- Investment division on financial instruments investment review, maturity of investments, forward contracts and dividend income, conversion on foreign currency denominated instruments, loans drawdown and payment controls, approval of expenses, intercompany transactions and completeness of revenue recognition.
- property investment division on accountability of rental revenue and operating cash and expenses controls, property repairs and maintenance management, safekeeping and retention of tenancy agreements and fixed assets management.

AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT (CONT'D)

SUMMARY OF WORK OF THE AC IN DISCHARGING ITS FUNCTION AND DUTIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020 (CONT'D)

The works carried out by the AC in the discharge of its functions and duties for the financial year were as follows (cont'd):-

(b) Internal Audit (cont'd)

- (iv) Reviewed the internal audit reports issued by the GIA function which covered the audit for the principal operating subsidiary companies of the Group in the following areas (cont'd):-

The AC also reviewed the audit findings and recommendations to improve weaknesses or non-compliance and the management's responses thereto. The GIA function monitored the implementation of the management's action plan on outstanding issues through follow up reports to ensure the key risks and control weaknesses are addressed promptly and adequately and appropriate remedial actions were taken.

- (v) Reviewed the Anti-Corruption and Anti-Bribery Policy of the Group which have been reviewed by an independent team of consultants from NGL Tricor Governance Sdn Bhd engaged by the Board to perform gap analysis for corporate liability on the Anti-Bribery Management System of the Group. The gap analysis entails a comparison of the policy on governance mechanisms compared to the Guidelines on Adequate Procedures pursuant to Subsection (5) of Section 17A of the Malaysian Anti-Corruption Commission (MACC) Act 2009 (Amendment 2018), to identify and assess the adequacy of procedures to manage the corporate liability risk of the Group.
- (vi) Together with the GIA function, discussed and reviewed to ensure that an effective system of internal control is in place within the key processes and to ensure with reasonable assurance there is no occurrence of fraud nor material misstatement or error.

(c) External Audit

- (i) Reviewed with the EA at the meeting held on 28 August 2019 on the Audit Completion Memorandum in relation to the audit of the financial results and financial position of the Group for the financial year ended 30 June 2019 in particular, the status of the audit which has been substantially completed and the significant audit findings, discussed and considered the audit outstanding matters which were required to be followed up, the audit adjustments recommended by the EA that have been incorporated in the fourth quarter and unaudited results of the Group for the financial year ended 30 June 2019 and the internal control recommendations in respect of control weaknesses noted in the course of their audit. The AC also reviewed with the EA, the assistance and cooperation given by the officers and employees to the EA and ensured the EA were able to conduct their audit without any restriction.
- (ii) Reviewed with the EA at the meeting held on 26 September 2019 on the Concluding of Audit Report, and that there was no material deviation between the announced unaudited and the audited profit attributable to owners of the Company for the financial year ended 30 June 2019 and review of the Directors' Report and the Auditors' Report and the independence of the EA in carrying out their duties. The AC having been satisfied with the performance of Grant Thornton Malaysia, had recommended to the Board for approval, the re-appointment of Grant Thornton Malaysia as external auditors for the ensuing financial year ending 30 June 2020.
- (iii) Reviewed with the EA at the meeting held on 21 May 2020, the Audit Planning Memorandum with emphasis on composition of the EA key team members, their audit plan and scope for the financial year ending 30 June 2020, outline of recent development of the Group, the audit approach, accounting and auditing development, proposed reporting schedule and areas of audit focus with emphasis on the impact of Covid-19 on the financial performance and financial position of the Group and on the Group's compliance with the requirements of the new MFRS 16 Leases which became effective for adoption by the Group on 1 July 2019 to be undertaken in the audit for the financial year ending 30 June 2020.

(d) Risks and Controls

- (i) Evaluated the overall adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's system of internal controls through review of the results performed by the GIA function and EA and discussion with key senior management.

AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT (CONT'D)

SUMMARY OF WORK OF THE AC IN DISCHARGING ITS FUNCTION AND DUTIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020 (CONT'D)

The works carried out by the AC in the discharge of its functions and duties for the financial year were as follows (cont'd):-

(d) Risks and Controls (cont'd)

- (ii) Reviewed and monitored the financial risks management in particular the credit risk and adequacy of allowance for impairment on the Group's receivables with expected credit losses model to assess impairment with emphasis on the Group's structured finance and money lending operations.
- (iii) Reviewed the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management framework to key risk areas based on the annual risk-based audit planning and scheduling methodology presented by the GIA and monitored GIA assessment on the design, implementation and effectiveness of the control environment of the Group including financial, operational, compliance and strategy risks. Based on the GIA's annual audit plan and reporting to the AC on the results of their internal audits, the AC is generally satisfied with the adequacy and integrity of the internal control management and information security systems including compliance with laws, rules, directives and guidelines. No significant irregularity or deficiency in internal controls came to the attention of the AC during the financial year ended 30 June 2020.

(e) Related party transactions and disclosures

- (i) Reviewed the procedures on related party transactions and recurrent related party transactions and ensured the related party transactions are appropriately identified and reported.
- (ii) Reviewed the related party transactions of the Group during the financial year and its disclosure in the Group financial statements and ensured the transactions were undertaken on the Group's normal commercial terms and that the internal control procedures with regards to the transactions were adequate, and if any conflict of interest situation could have arisen that raised questions of the management's integrity.

The AC noted that there was no management conflict of interest situations on significant related party transactions that took place during the financial year.

(f) Annual Reporting

Reviewed the extent of compliance with the requirements of the Main Market Listing Requirements for the purposes of preparing the Audit Committee Report and the Statement of Risk Management and Internal Control for inclusion in the Annual Report 2019 and recommended their adoption by the Board at its meeting held on 26 September 2019.

INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION

The AC obtains reasonable assurance on the effectiveness of the system of internal control via the GIA function, which shall be responsible for the regular review and appraisal of the effectiveness of the risk management, system of internal control and governance processes within the Group.

The GIA function is performed by the in-house internal audit department set up in the financial year ended 30 June 2009.

The summary of works of the GIA function during the financial year ended 30 June 2020 is disclosed in the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control.

TERMS OF REFERENCE OF THE AC

The terms of reference of the AC which lays down its duties and responsibilities is accessible via the Company's website at www.insas.net.

SUSTAINABILITY STATEMENT

A. INTRODUCTION

The Board of Directors (“the Board”) and the management of Insas Berhad (“Insas” or “the Group”) are pleased to present the third Sustainability Statement which provides an overview of the sustainability initiatives in terms of economic, environmental, social and governance (“EESG”) aspect of the Group for the financial year ended 30 June 2020, which covers the reporting period from 1 July 2019 to 30 June 2020. Through this report, we aim to share the developments of the Group’s sustainability performance and efforts in relation to our most material issues, as well as challenges we faced during the reporting period.

This Statement has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of Bursa Malaysia’s Sustainability Reporting Guide (2nd Edition, 2018).

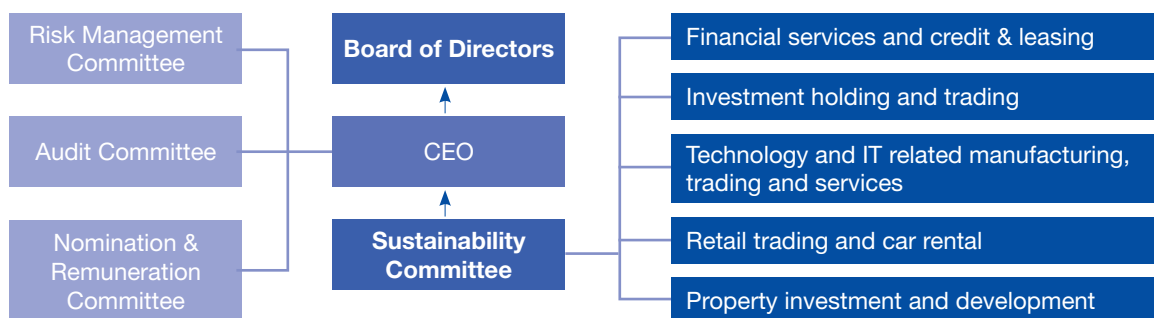
Moving forward, we endeavour to refine and expand the coverage of this Statement to provide better insights of our sustainability management to our stakeholders.

There are no significant changes in the scope of the Sustainability Statement as compared to the preceding financial year ended 30 June 2019, which covers material issues arising from the Group’s principal business activities and does not include our associate companies. The information disclosed in this Statement is derived from the Group’s internal reporting processes, systems and records.

The Group’s ethos for sustainability is motivated by both internal and external drivers. Internal drivers include employee recruitment and retention, sound business ethics, operational efficiencies, revenue generation, cost savings and leadership; external drivers are legal and regulatory compliance, managing risks, achieving competitive advantage, market positioning and long-term profitability. Keeping this in view, the Group strives to engage with our stakeholders and operates with the highest degree of integrity and transparency.

Since our first Sustainability Statement in FY 2018, the Group remains committed to build long term sustainable values towards value creation for our stakeholders and our ongoing efforts in identifying and managing the economic, environmental, social and governance factors that are material to the Group’s business operations.

B. SUSTAINABILITY GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE



There are no significant changes in the sustainability governance structure as compared to the preceding financial year.

The Group’s sustainability governance structure is comprised of the following:-

Board of Directors (“the Board”)

The Group’s sustainable leadership is led by the Board, who has oversight on the corporate sustainability practices and performance. The Board has the ultimate responsibility of setting sustainability-related strategies, as well as embedding them into the Group’s strategies and operations.

SUSTAINABILITY STATEMENT (CONT'D)

B. SUSTAINABILITY GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE (CONT'D)

The Group's sustainability governance structure is comprised of the following (cont'd):-

Chief Executive Officer ("CEO")

The CEO reviews sustainability matters with the Sustainability Committee with the support from the General Manager – Finance. The CEO reports to the Board on sustainability matters.

Sustainability Committee

This Committee comprises Executive Directors of Insas, senior management personnel of the respective operational companies and the Human Resources departments. The Committee is responsible for materiality assessment, identification and monitoring of sustainability initiatives, executions and reporting, and reports to the CEO.

Board Committees – Risk Management, Audit and Nomination & Remuneration Committees

The Board Committees play an oversight role in respect of the Group's Sustainability Statement and assess the consistency and reliability of the information contained in the statement. The Board Committees review and ensure the processes are in place for the Group to achieve its sustainability commitments.

C. SUSTAINABILITY REPORTING FRAMEWORK

Materiality assessment is the process of identifying, refining and assessing the potential economic, environmental, social and governance issues that could affect our businesses and our stakeholders, and help to develop the sustainability strategy and identify opportunities and risks.

The Materiality Assessment Process



i) Stakeholders' Engagement

We value our stakeholders as they have considerable influence on our businesses or they have been impacted by our businesses. Through understanding our stakeholders' expectations, we strive to engage with our stakeholders and manage their needs to benefit both our stakeholders and our businesses.

Please see Section D Stakeholders' Engagement for our identified key stakeholder groups, their impact and significance, the engagement approaches, frequency of the engagement approaches, area of interest and the desired outcome of engagement.

ii) Identification and categorisation of Sustainability issues

We assessed the significance of each of the sustainability matters on its level of impact on the operations and the importance of these issues to its key stakeholders based on a rating methodology through internal discussion carried out by the Sustainability Committee. The results of this assessment were positioned on the Materiality Assessment Matrix in Section E. The Materiality Assessment Matrix is meant to serve as a baseline for progressive planning of sustainability initiatives in the future years.

Going forward, we plan to conduct a comprehensive survey with the representatives from each group of stakeholders identified to ascertain the materiality matrix.

SUSTAINABILITY STATEMENT (CONT'D)

C. SUSTAINABILITY REPORTING FRAMEWORK (CONT'D)

The Materiality Assessment Process (cont'd)

iii) Prioritisation and review

We categorise and prioritise key sustainability issues and evaluate materiality assessment process against desired outcome. The outcome of the materiality assessment allows the Group to take into account significant economic, environmental, social and governance topics to be embedded in wider business processes and prioritise the Group's resources allocation for sustainability issues.

Based on our materiality assessment, we have identified and categorised the material sustainability matters under four themes as stated below:-

ECONOMIC	ENVIRONMENTAL	SOCIAL	GOVERNANCE
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Restructuring of car rental business division Vigilant risks management Data protection and cyber threat Quality services and products Economic performance 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Energy and water conservation 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Diversity and equal opportunity Human capital development <ul style="list-style-type: none"> job rotation training and development opportunities talent management and manpower succession planning sexual harrassment and violence safety and health at workplace Community engagement and development 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Corporate governance and compliance Anti-Corruption and Anti-Bribery Policy Whistleblowing Policy Law and regulations

The evaluation and process review are discussed in Section F - The Group's Key Sustainability Practices.

SUSTAINABILITY STATEMENT (CONT'D)

D. STAKEHOLDERS' ENGAGEMENT

In building long term business growth, it is essential to understand and be responsive to stakeholders' concern and expectations towards the Group. We define our stakeholders as groups whom our businesses have a significant impact on, and those who have a vested interest in our operations.

By assessing the significance and impact of their interest on Insas Group, we have identified our key stakeholder groups and the engagement approaches are as follows:-

Stakeholder Groups	Impact and Significance	Form of Engagement	Frequency	Area of Interest	Desired Outcome of Engagement
Our Employees	<p>Our employees are an important component of our human capital whose competencies and well being are fundamental to the Group's operational effectiveness</p> <p>Our aim is to have our employees realise their full potential and generate a knowledgeable and technically competent workforce who are motivated and dedicated</p> <p>The Group does not practice discrimination against gender, age nor race</p>	<p>Internal on-the-job trainings, employee development programs and external staff trainings</p> <p>Periodic inter-departmental and business performance meetings</p> <p>Job rotation opportunities</p> <p>Staff gatherings and other engagement channels</p>	<p>Periodic</p> <p>Periodic</p> <p>Based on planning - every 2 to 5 years</p> <p>Periodic</p>	<p>Environmental care</p> <p>Human capital & career development</p> <p>Employees' competencies</p> <p>Equal opportunities</p> <p>Fair remuneration and employees' welfare</p> <p>Code of conduct & business ethics</p>	<p>Safe, healthy and harmonious working environment</p> <p>Improved dissemination of HR policies</p> <p>Equip employees with skills and leadership capabilities that enhance work effectiveness and career progression</p> <p>Talent attraction and retention</p>
Our Customers	<p>Customer satisfaction, quality and pricing of products and services, delivery and reliability</p>	<p>Face-to-face interaction</p> <p>Promotions, communication and feedback through website, emails and social media</p>	<p>Periodic</p> <p>Periodic</p>	<p>Customer satisfaction</p> <p>Product affordability</p> <p>Quality of services and products</p> <p>Ethical business practices</p>	<p>Better quality and reliable services and products with affordable prices</p>
Our Suppliers	<p>Service delivery, payment schedule, quality and pricing of product and services</p>	<p>Purchasing and procurement policies and guidelines</p>	<p>Periodic</p>	<p>Prompt payment</p> <p>Cost effective solutions</p> <p>Ethical business practices</p>	<p>Better relationship with suppliers for mutual benefit and improved negotiated terms</p>

SUSTAINABILITY STATEMENT (CONT'D)

D. STAKEHOLDERS' ENGAGEMENT (CONT'D)

By assessing the significance and impact of their interest on Insas Group, we have identified our key stakeholder groups and the engagement approaches are as follows (cont'd):-

Stakeholder Groups	Impact and Significance	Form of Engagement	Frequency	Area of Interest	Desired Outcome of Engagement
Our Shareholders and Investors	To build on strong fundamentals to deliver continued earnings growth and maximise returns to shareholders	Quarterly reports Annual reports Announcements released to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Annual general meetings Corporate website	Quarterly Once a year Periodic Once a year Periodic	Consistent profitability and dividends from the Company Maximise shareholders' value Provide timely and accurate announcements and information on corporate website	Good relationship with shareholders and positive reputation amongst investors with constructive feedback
Government bodies and Regulators	Compliance with applicable statutory requirements, laws, legislations, standards and regulations that is required of the Group's businesses	Meetings and events Attendances at talks, programs and seminars organised by government bodies and regulators Advice from the Group's panel lawyers, external auditors, tax agents, etc	Ad hoc Periodic Ad hoc	MCCG New MFRSs and IFRS accounting standards Personal data protection Tax compliance Licensing matters Anti-corruption policies Anti-money laundering policies Digital transformation Compliance to guidelines set out by the Ministry of International Trade and Industry, and the Ministry of Health to operate during MCO, Conditional MCO and Recovery MCO periods	An opportunity to share Insas Group's commitment and policies and procedures for sustainable operations

SUSTAINABILITY STATEMENT (CONT'D)

D. STAKEHOLDERS' ENGAGEMENT (CONT'D)

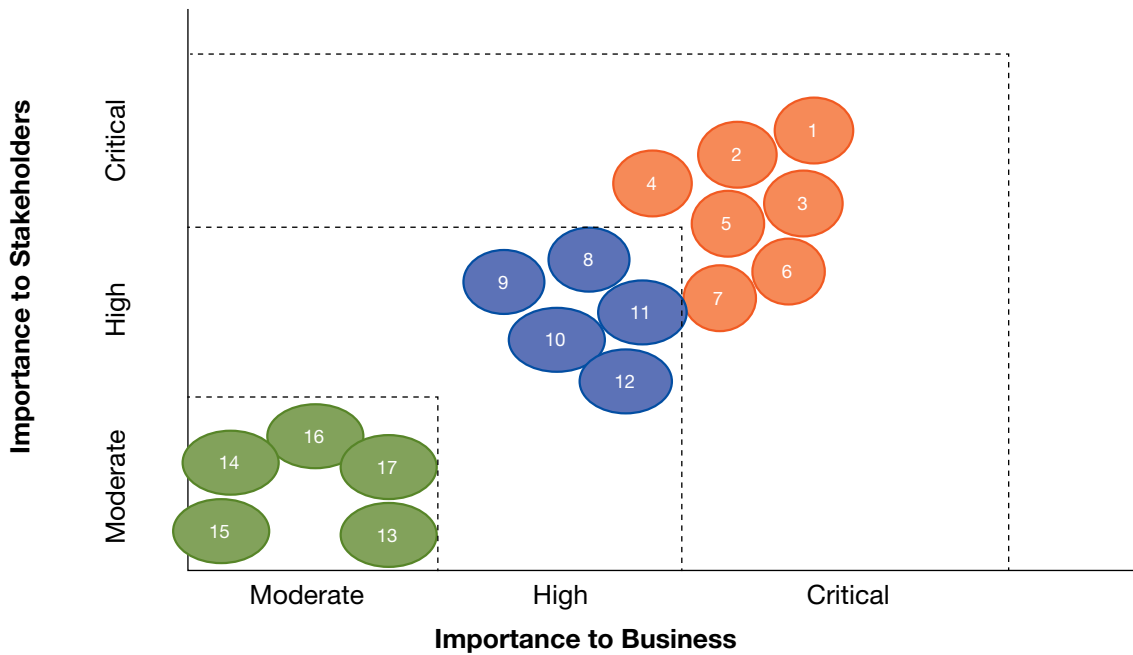
By assessing the significance and impact of their interest on Insas Group, we have identified our key stakeholder groups and the engagement approaches are as follows (cont'd):-

Stakeholder Groups	Impact and Significance	Form of Engagement	Frequency	Area of Interest	Desired Outcome of Engagement
Our Community	To be a committed and responsible corporate citizen contributing to our communities where we operate	Company website	Periodic	Social activities within the community	Better social relations with Insas Group
		Contributions to nominated charities and attendance at charitable events	Periodic		
		Provides accommodation facilities to certain religious bodies in the country	Periodic	Provide job opportunities to enhance the livelihoods of the community	
		Local employment	Ongoing		

E. MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT MATRIX

The Group reviewed its sustainability matters annually to ensure they remain relevant and important to our businesses and stakeholders. The outcome of the assessment is displayed and plotted in the Materiality Assessment Matrix below:-

Materiality Assessment Matrix of Insas Berhad Group



SUSTAINABILITY STATEMENT (CONT'D)

E. MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT MATRIX (CONT'D)

The Group reviewed its sustainability matters annually to ensure they remain relevant and important to our businesses and stakeholders. The outcome of the assessment is displayed and plotted in the Materiality Assessment Matrix below (cont'd):-

No.	Sustainability Matters	EESG
Importance is Critical		
1	Quality services and products	Economic
2	Corporate governance and compliance	Governance
3	Good conduct and ethical business practices via adherence to the Group's Anti-Corruption and Anti-Bribery Policy	Governance
4	Whistleblowing Policy	Governance
5	Talent management and manpower succession planning	Social
6	Economic performance	Economic
7	Law and regulations	Governance
Importance is High		
8	Data protection and cyber threat	Economic
9	Restructuring of car rental business division	Economic
10	Safety and health at workplace	Social
11	Community engagement and development	Social
12	Vigilant risks management	Economic
Importance is Moderate		
13	Training and development opportunities	Social
14	Job rotation	Social
15	Sexual harassment and violence	Social
16	Energy and water conservation	Environmental
17	Diversity and equal opportunity	Social

F. THE GROUP'S KEY SUSTAINABILITY PRACTICES

We focus in building sustainable relationships with stakeholders and utilise our resources to contribute to growth and bring value to our stakeholders.

This section highlights the measures undertaken by the Group to support the various sustainability matters that were identified:-

ECONOMIC SUSTAINABILITY

i) Restructuring of car rental business division

During the financial year, the Group restructured its car rental business division and exited the competitive car rental businesses in Singapore by the disposal of its Singapore units to the original founder/partners.

The car rental business was adversely affected by the Covid-19 pandemic and Movement Control Order ("MCO"), Conditional MCO ("CMCO") and Recovery MCO ("RMCO") implemented by the Malaysian government. The car rental business experienced significant reduction in transient leasing, termination of contracts and discount sought by long-term customers due to the MCO, CMCO and RMCO and with the increase in e-hailing services, has resulted in lower revenue in FY 2020.

The management planned to improve the car rental division's business by diversifying into logistics services for transportation, delivery of goods and courier services. The management are optimistic on the market outlook and future growth of the logistics industry as a result of structural growth in e-commerce.

SUSTAINABILITY STATEMENT (CONT'D)

F. THE GROUP'S KEY SUSTAINABILITY PRACTICES (CONT'D)

ECONOMIC SUSTAINABILITY (CONT'D)

ii) Vigilant risks management

Risk management is crucial in sustaining the Group's continuing growth and the Board, Audit and Risk Management Committees and senior management identify, evaluate and formulate procedures to manage the risks affecting the Group's businesses.

iii) Data protection and cyber threat

Cyber threat is a serious threat to the Group. The safeguarding of our Group's management information system and digital contents is subject to the adequacy and resilience of security infrastructure and physical and logical access to the Group's business systems, IT network and facilities.

The senior management of the various business units are held responsible to create security awareness among employees as part of their employees' training on security compliance and where necessary, engagement of external security experts to enhance the security controls of the systems and applications are carried out.

The Group recognises the presence of threats to the Group's data being accessed via unauthorised means, and the Group will constantly strive to protect the confidentiality and integrity of our customers and stakeholders' information. Our Information Technology unit has actively conducted testing on cyber security and had sent out alerts to staff on new security threats.

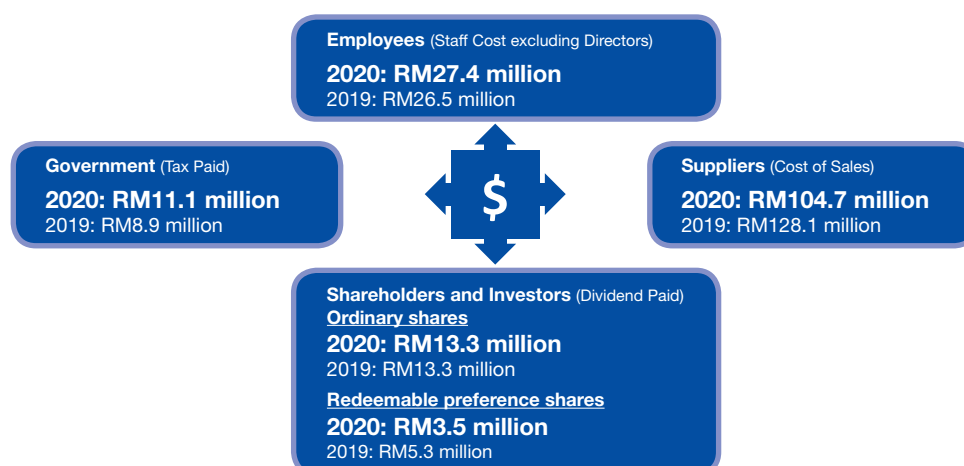
There was no cyber security threat reported during the financial year. Our stock broking unit, M&A Securities Sdn. Bhd. ("M&A") has purchased a cyber liability insurance and had engaged professional consultants to conduct penetration test, social engineering test, awareness talks and consultation service and training to the staff.

iv) Quality services and products

The Group endeavors to deliver quality and reliable products and services to our customers, uphold good business ethics, and strive to deliver reasonable returns to our shareholders.

v) Economic performance

We are determined to grow our Group through strategic and innovative initiatives in our quest to drive robust economic performance. We are committed to enhance stakeholders' value through direct contributions to the economy. The following diagram summarises the direct economic value contributed by the Group to different stakeholders:-



SUSTAINABILITY STATEMENT (CONT'D)

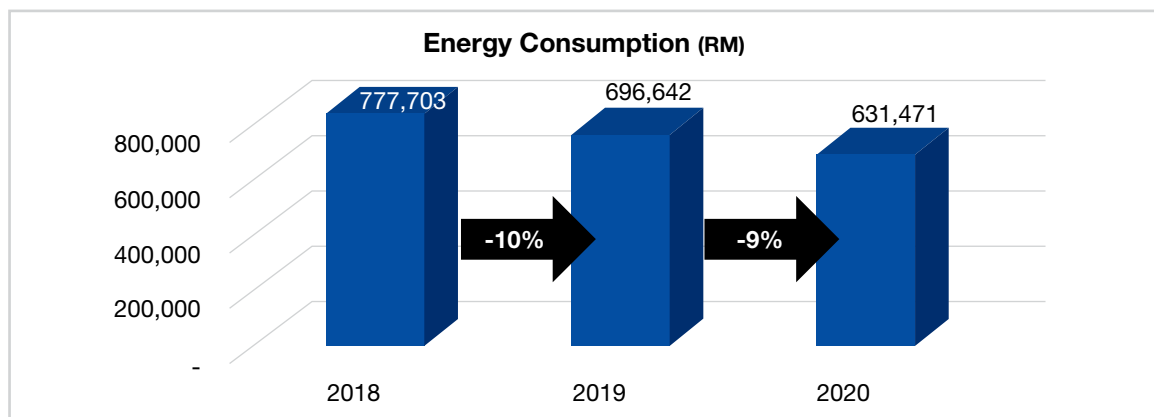
F. THE GROUP'S KEY SUSTAINABILITY PRACTICES (CONT'D)

ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY

Energy and water conservation

Minimising energy and water consumption is a priority to conserve energy and improve the sustainable use of resources.

To develop further initiatives to reduce energy and water consumption and promote environmental friendliness, the Group instill awareness among employees to avoid wastages.



The Group managed to reduce the energy consumption by 9% as compared to the preceding financial year, as a result of ongoing energy saving initiatives implemented. Moving forward, the Group will continue its effort to consume energy efficiently.

SOCIAL SUSTAINABILITY

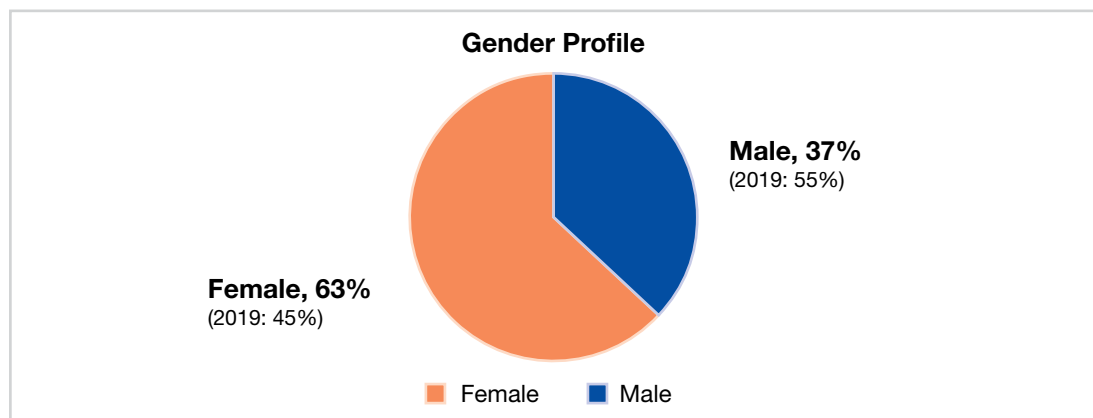
Our employees are the Group's primary assets and also its key stakeholder. We have a great team on board with a diversity of talents, knowledge and experience to take the Group forward. We are determined to foster a workplace culture and environment that attracts, retains and develop our people to reach their fullest potential to deliver value to our stakeholders.

Diversity and equal opportunity

The Group continues to focus on initiatives that promote equal career development opportunities to all of our employees without discrimination of gender, age, nationality and religion.

i) Gender profile

As at 30 June 2020, the Group has a total of 225 (2019: 279) employees (excluding directors) which consists of 63% (2019: 45%) female and 37% (2019: 55%) male.



SUSTAINABILITY STATEMENT (CONT'D)

F. THE GROUP'S KEY SUSTAINABILITY PRACTICES (CONT'D)

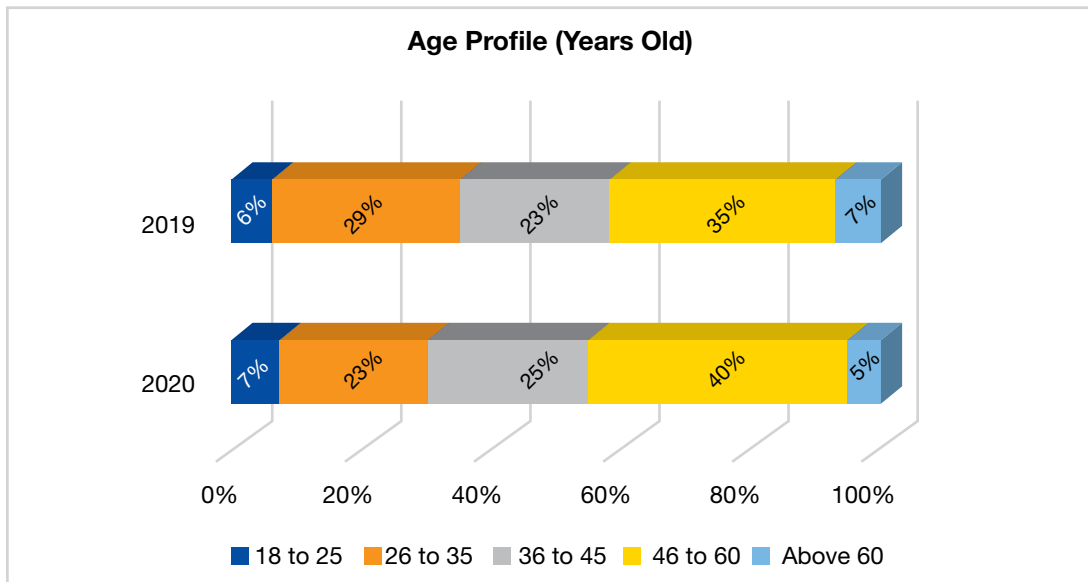
SOCIAL SUSTAINABILITY (CONT'D)

Diversity and equal opportunity (cont'd)

The Group continues to focus on initiatives that promote equal career development opportunities to all of our employees without discrimination of gender, age, nationality and religion (cont'd).

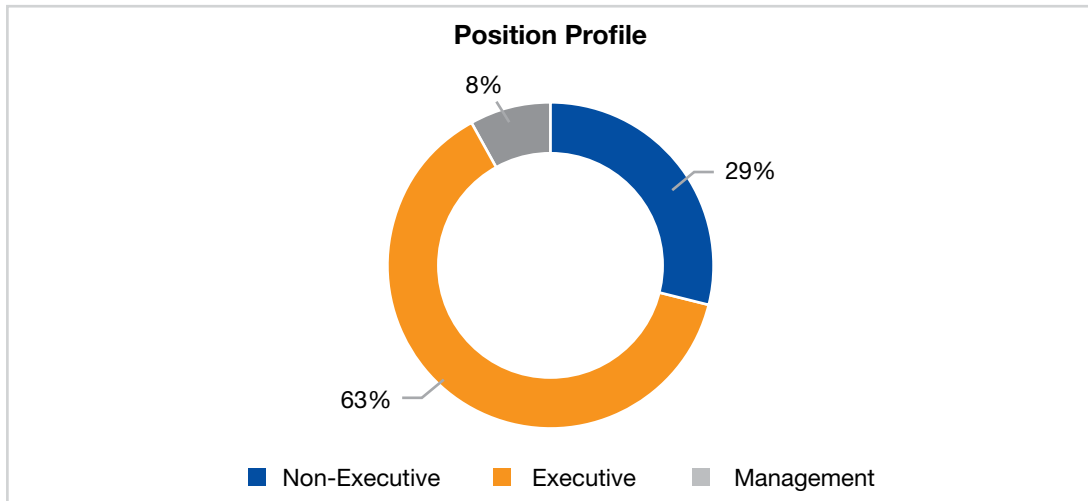
ii) Age profile

Our employees age profile is balanced with almost 55% (2019: 58%) of our employees being below the age of 45 years old. Most of our employees are young and energetic, which is parallel with the Group's direction to develop new talents.



iii) Position profile

Our human capital strategy is targeted to attract, develop and retain top talents to drive business and organisation growth. In line with the Group's strategy, our employees are mostly technical skilled and professionals which made up of 63% at executive level. The Group continuously promotes professional growth to assure its employees with a progressive ladder for better prospect.



SUSTAINABILITY STATEMENT (CONT'D)

F. THE GROUP'S KEY SUSTAINABILITY PRACTICES (CONT'D)

SOCIAL SUSTAINABILITY (CONT'D)

Human capital development

i) Job rotation

The Group provides job rotation to bridge the skill gaps of staff at all levels. Job rotation can increase the depth and breadth of an employee's knowledge and capabilities, thereby adding value to the organisation. The Group practises rotating the job scope of employees to handle a schedule of assignments that have been designed to give the employees maximum exposure to a range of the Group's operations. Apart from learning new skills, job rotation facilitates a better understanding of the organisation as a whole and the function of its respective operating units and departments.

ii) Training and development opportunities

The Group invests in the training and development of employees to improve their knowledge, skills and competencies to enhance their performances and opportunity to advance in their career within the Group. The key training programmes covered topics on compliance, competency development and other work related training. The Group will provide soft skills training including leadership and team building in future.



During the financial year, the training costs had reduced significantly mainly due to Covid-19 pandemic and movement restriction arising from the MCO. In this reporting year, the Group invested 450 training hours for our employees. The average training hours for each employee was 2 hours.

iii) Talent management and manpower succession planning

One of the most important aspects of our human capital development strategy is to actualise the Group's forward plans. The Group has in place succession planning for its next generation of leaders and provide mentoring, coaching and talent development. The ultimate goal is to ensure the placement of the right talent for the right job at the right time, as well as to ensure leadership readiness for the key positions.

SUSTAINABILITY STATEMENT (CONT'D)

F. THE GROUP'S KEY SUSTAINABILITY PRACTICES (CONT'D)

SOCIAL SUSTAINABILITY (CONT'D)

Human capital development (cont'd)

iv) Sexual harassment and violence

The Group is committed to provide adequate attention to the ethics and conduct of all employees in connection with sexual harassment and violence. The Group will also ensure that there is no discrimination against women.

v) Safety and health at workplace

Covid-19 had changed the way of doing business and the Group adopted new normality and standard operating procedures to ensure the safety of our working environment by providing personal protection equipment (ie. thermometer, face mask and sanitizer) to our staff and imposed strict personal hygiene, physical social distancing and thorough cleaning and disinfecting of workplaces. Workplace exposure was also limited, with minimising visitors to the Group's premises and prohibiting visitors with Covid-19 symptoms from entering the premises. All employees and visitors are required to record and undergo body temperature checks before entering the premises.

Community engagement and development

The Group strives to build community trust by integrating corporate responsibility and sustainability in our business processes and contributing to the well-being of the communities in which the Group operates.

The Group is committed to continue its corporate social responsibility activities and play a role in enriching the welfare of the community. Contributions in cash were extended to support charitable causes and the Group provides accommodation facilities to certain religious bodies in the country.

The Group aims to provide more and better job opportunities to enhance the livelihoods of the community. In FY 2020, our employee base comprised wholly of local talents.

GOVERNANCE SUSTAINABILITY

Corporate governance and compliance

The Group strives to fully comply with the MCCG 2017, and has in place a strong corporate governance framework as a means to establish the Group's credibility standing, enhance shareholders' value, strengthen stakeholders' trust in our business practices and improve the Group business competitiveness.

Details of our corporate governance framework and practices are elaborated in the Corporate Governance Overview Statement on pages 17 to 22 of this Annual Report as well as the Corporate Governance Report for announcement and publication on the website of the Company and Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

Anti-Corruption and Anti-Bribery Policy

The Group conducts its business professionally, with integrity and in compliance with both the amendments to the Listing Requirements and the Malaysian Anti-Corruption Commission (MACC) Act 2009 (Amendment 2018) which took effect from 1 June 2020. Our Anti-Corruption and Anti-Bribery Policy is published on the Company's website, provides principle and guidance to Directors, employees and associated third parties the way to recognise and deal with any act of corruption and bribery that may arise in the course of daily business and operational activities within the Group.

SUSTAINABILITY STATEMENT (CONT'D)

F. THE GROUP'S KEY SUSTAINABILITY PRACTICES (CONT'D)

GOVERNANCE SUSTAINABILITY (CONT'D)

Anti-Corruption and Anti-Bribery Policy (cont'd)

The Board ensures that:-

- i) Policies and procedures on anti-corruption and whistleblowing are maintained for the Company and its subsidiaries and publish on its website;
- ii) The policies and procedures are reviewed periodically, at least once every three years; and
- iii) Corruption risk is included in the annual risks assessment of the Group.

The Group engaged external consultants to review the policies and practices and performed gap analysis for corporate liability - Anti Bribery Management System. Training sessions for understanding the elements of corporate liability were held and attended by the employees of M&A during FY 2020 and continuous trainings are being implemented for other employees within the Group.

All Directors and employees are adequately informed and are expected to promptly report, via the established whistleblowing channels as provided for in the Whistleblowing policy and procedures, of any suspicious transactions that may indicate corruption, bribery or money laundering. The Group via the internal audit function, has assessed bribery and corruption risk assessment periodically, and the results are reported to the Risk Management Committee. There were no reported incidents of corruption received during the financial year.

Whistleblowing Policy

The Group had developed a Whistleblowing policy in FY 2018 with the objective to encourage all employees and external parties to come forward and voice out their concerns and report any malpractice or misconduct of which they become aware of.

During the financial year, the Group had updated the Whistleblowing policy to meet the requirements under the Malaysian Anti-Corruption Commission (MACC) Act 2009 (Amendment 2018).

For FY 2020, the Group did not receive any complaint or report on workplace grievances nor malpractice/misconduct activities.

Law and regulations

Our policy on governance requires the Group to meet all local requirements including law and regulations, accounting standards, listing requirements, tax compliance and licensing requirements amongst others.

Regulatory and reporting changes may affect the Group's business models, compliance measures as well as the management of capital, liquidity and profitability. Continuous engagement with regulatory authorities is undertaken to stay abreast of the latest regulatory developments. Senior management and staff attend relevant seminars and trainings to update and enhance their knowledge in order to discharge their works and responsibilities efficiently and effectively.

The Group is in compliance with guidelines set out by the Ministry of International Trade and Industry and the Ministry of Health to operate during the MCO, Conditional MCO and Recovery MCO periods.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR PREPARING THE ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Board of Directors of the Company is collectively responsible for ensuring that the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 30 June 2020 and of its performance and cash flows for the financial year ended on that date.

The Directors are pleased to announce that in preparing the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2020, the Company and the Group have:-

- a) ensured compliance with the requirements of the applicable Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board, the International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 2016 in Malaysia;
- b) adopted and consistently applied the appropriate and relevant accounting policies; and
- c) exercised judgements and estimates that are prudent and reasonable.

The Directors are also responsible for ensuring that the Company and the Group keep proper accounting records. In addition, the Directors have overall responsibilities for proper safeguarding of the assets of the Company and of the Group and taking such reasonable steps for the detection and prevention of fraud and other irregularities.

ADDITIONAL COMPLIANCE INFORMATION

a) Utilisation of proceeds raised from corporate proposal

There were no unutilised proceeds from any corporate proposals.

b) Material contracts involving the interests of directors and major shareholders

Material contract entered into during the financial year involving the interests of directors and major shareholders of the Company is disclosed per the announcement made by the Company on 21 November 2019 to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

Other than the above, there were no material contracts entered into during the financial year by the Company and the Group involving the interest of directors and major shareholders.

c) Audit fees and non-audit fees

The amount of statutory audit fees and non-audit fees paid and payable to the external auditors by the Company and the Group respectively for the financial year ended 30 June 2020 were as follows:-

	Group		Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Statutory audit fees paid and payable to:-				
- Grant Thornton Malaysia PLT	303	302	42	41
- Other external auditors	222	211	-	-
Total (a)	525	513	42	41
Non-audit fees paid and payable to:-				
- Grant Thornton Malaysia PLT	85	111	8	8
- Other external auditors	20	61	-	-
Total (b)	105	172	8	8
% of non-audit fees (b/a)	20%	34%	19%	20%

The non-audit services rendered were incurred mainly for tax compliance advisory services and for the annual review of the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control.

In considering the nature and scope of non-audit fees, the Audit Committee was satisfied that they were not likely to create any conflict of interest or impair the independence and objectivity of the external auditors.

Upon completion of the assessment, the Audit Committee had made recommendation to the Board of Directors of the Company for the re-appointment of Grant Thornton Malaysia PLT as the Group External Auditors for the ensuing year. The proposed appointment will be subject to shareholders' approval at the forthcoming 58th Annual General Meeting.

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors have pleasure in submitting their report together with the audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 30 June 2020.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the Company are investment holding and provision of management services. The principal activities of its subsidiary companies, associate companies and jointly controlled entities are disclosed in Note 50 to Note 52 to the financial statements.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the financial year.

FINANCIAL RESULTS

	Group RM'000	Company RM'000
Profit for the financial year	15,037	137,391
Attributable to:-		
Owners of the Company	14,867	137,391
Non-controlling interests	170	-
	15,037	137,391

DIVIDENDS

Since the end of the previous financial year, the Company paid the following dividends:-

- (a) a preferential cash dividend of 2.0 sen per redeemable preference share amounting to RM2,652,025 in respect of the period from 31 December 2018 to 29 June 2019, paid on 1 July 2019;
- (b) a preferential cash dividend of 2.0 sen per redeemable preference share amounting to RM2,652,025 in respect of the period from 30 June 2019 to 30 December 2019, paid on 31 December 2019;
- (c) an interim single tier cash dividend of 2.0 sen per ordinary share amounting to RM13,260,127 in respect of the financial year ended 30 June 2020, paid on 14 January 2020; and
- (d) a final preferential cash dividend of 4.0 sen per annum per redeemable preference share amounting to RM835,568 in respect of the period from 31 December 2019 to 24 February 2020, paid on 25 February 2020.

The Directors do not recommend any final dividend for the financial year ended 30 June 2020.

RESERVES AND PROVISIONS

There were no material transfers to or from reserves or provisions during the financial year other than those disclosed in the Notes to the financial statements.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONT'D)

SHARE CAPITAL AND DEBENTURES

During the financial year, the Company issued 14,420 new ordinary shares from the exercise of Warrants 2015/2020 ("Warrants") at the exercise price of RM1.00 per Warrant as disclosed in Note 22 to the financial statements, totalling RM14,420.

The new ordinary shares issued during the financial year ranked pari passu in all respects with the existing ordinary shares of the Company.

There were no issuance of debentures during the financial year.

REDEEMABLE PREFERENCE SHARES ("RPS") AND WARRANTS

There were no issuance of new RPS and Warrants during the financial year.

The terms of the RPS and Warrants are disclosed in Note 28 and Note 24 to the financial statements respectively.

On 25 February 2020, the entire 132,601,268 units of RPS were fully redeemed by the Company on its maturity date on 25 February 2020.

The movements of the Warrants during the financial year are as follows:-

	At 1.7.2019 unit	Exercised unit	Expired * unit	At 30.6.2020 unit
Warrants 2015/2020	265,202,536	(14,420)	(265,188,116)	-

* The Warrants expired on 25 February 2020.

TREASURY SHARES

During the financial year, the Company did not repurchase any of its shares from the open market. Of the total 693,348,053 issued and fully paid up ordinary shares in the Company, 30,327,291 ordinary shares are being held as treasury shares by the Company for the financial year ended 30 June 2020. Further relevant details are disclosed in Note 23 to the financial statements.

INFORMATION ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Before the financial statements of the Group and of the Company were made out, the Directors took reasonable steps:-

- (a) to ascertain that action had been taken in relation to the writing off of bad debts and the making of allowance for doubtful debts and satisfied themselves that all known bad debts had been written off and adequate allowance had been made for doubtful debt; and
- (b) to ensure that any current assets which were unlikely to be realised in the ordinary course of business including their values as shown in the accounting records of the Group and of the Company have been written down to an amount which they might be expected so to realise.

**DIRECTORS'
REPORT
(CONT'D)****INFORMATION ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)**

At the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances:-

- (a) which would render the amount written off for bad debts or the amount of the allowance for doubtful debts in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company inadequate to any substantial extent; or
- (b) which would render the values attributed to current assets in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading; or
- (c) which have arisen would render adherence to the existing method of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Group and of the Company misleading or inappropriate.

No contingent liability or other liability has become enforceable or is likely to become enforceable within the period of 12 months after the end of the financial year which, in the opinion of the Directors, will or may affect the ability of the Group and of the Company to meet their obligations as and when they fall due other than those disclosed in the Notes to the financial statements.

At the date of this report, there does not exist:-

- (a) any charge on the assets of the Group or of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial year which secures the liability of any other person; or
- (b) any contingent liability of the Group or of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial year.

SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

Details of subsidiary companies are set out in Note 50 to the financial statements.

OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION

The Directors state that:-

At the date of this report, they are not aware of any circumstances not otherwise dealt with in this report or the financial statements which would render any amount stated in the financial statements misleading.

In their opinion:-

- (a) the results of the Group's and of the Company's operations during the financial year were not substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature other than those disclosed in the Notes to the financial statements; and
- (b) there has not arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely to affect substantially the results of the operations of the Group and of the Company for the financial year in which this report is made.

The Company maintains Directors and Officers liability insurance for purpose of Section 289 of the Companies Act, 2016, throughout the year which provides appropriate insurance cover for the Directors and Officers of the Company and the subsidiary companies. The amount of insurance premium effected as at the financial year end amounted to RM17,100.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONT'D)

DIRECTORS

The Directors who held office during the financial year and up to the date of this report are as follows:-

Y.A.M. Tengku Puteri Seri Kemala Tengku Hajjah Aishah
Binti Almarhum Sultan Haji Ahmad Shah, DK(II), SIMP*
Dato' Wong Gian Kui*
Dato' Dr. Tan Seng Chuan*
Ms. Soon Li Yen*
Mr. Oh Seong Lye

* Directors of the Company and certain of its subsidiary companies.

The Directors of the subsidiary companies since the beginning of the financial year and up to the date of this report, excluding those who are already the Directors of the Company are:-

Dato' Sri Thong Kok Khee	Mr. Sundararajah A/L Ramasamy
Datin Sri Yeoh Kwee See	Dato' Ng Jet Heong
Ms. Thong Mei Chuen	Datuk Tan Choon Peow
Mr. Thong Weng Sheng	Mr. Monteiro Gerard Clair
Dato' Thong Kok Yoon	Ms. Winnie Ng Yee Ching
Datin Tan Few Teng	Dato' Jaganath Derek Steven Sabapathy
Mr. Goh Hock Jin	Mr. Albert Jayaraj A/L Thanimalai
Ms. Yu Hong Tin	Mr. Wong Yew Kiang
Mr. Seet Hon Chiew	Mr. Melwani Ashok Bhagwandas
Ms. Mun Nga Lai	Mr. Tan Wen Jie**
Ms. Chow Yuet Kuen	Mr. Lee Chee Full**
Ms. Boon Yat Mee	Mr. Sylvester Martin Emuang (resigned on 29 June 2020)
Ms. Yong Mee Yan	

** Up to 7 February 2020 - as disclosed in Note 44(a)(ii) to the financial statements.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

According to the Register of Directors' shareholdings, the interests and deemed interests of Directors in office at the end of the financial year in shares and Warrants in the Company and its subsidiary companies during the financial year are as follows:-

Directors of the Company	Number of Ordinary Shares			At 30.6.2020
	At 1.7.2019	Bought	Sold	
Interest in the Company				
<u>Direct interest</u>				
Y.A.M. Tengku Puteri Seri Kemala Tengku Hajjah Aishah Binti Almarhum Sultan Haji Ahmad Shah, DK(II), SIMP	121,992	–	–	121,992
Dato' Wong Gian Kui	212,160	–	–	212,160
Dato' Dr. Tan Seng Chuan	–	350,000	–	350,000
<u>Deemed interest</u>				
Dato' Wong Gian Kui	136,000	–	–	136,000

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONT'D)

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS (CONT'D)

According to the Register of Directors' shareholdings, the interests and deemed interests of Directors in office at the end of the financial year in shares and Warrants in the Company and its subsidiary companies during the financial year are as follows (cont'd):-

Directors of the Company (cont'd)	Number of Ordinary Shares (cont'd)			At 30.6.2020
	At 1.7.2019	Bought	Sold	
Interest in the subsidiary companies				
Insas Properties Sdn. Bhd.				
<u>Direct interest</u>				
Dato' Wong Gian Kui	80,000	-	-	80,000
Segar Raya Development Sdn. Bhd.				
<u>Direct interest</u>				
Dato' Wong Gian Kui	129,999	-	-	129,999
<u>Deemed interest</u>				
Dato' Wong Gian Kui	80,000	-	-	80,000
Dellmax Worldwide Sdn. Bhd.				
<u>Deemed interest</u>				
Dato' Wong Gian Kui	35,000	-	-	35,000
Number of Redeemable Preference Shares				
Interest in the Company	At 1.7.2019	Bought	Redeemed	At 30.6.2020
<u>Direct interest</u>				
Dato' Wong Gian Kui	42,432	-	(42,432)	-
Number of Warrants				
Interest in the Company	At 1.7.2019	Bought	Sold	At 30.6.2020
<u>Direct interest</u>				
Dato' Wong Gian Kui	84,864	-	(84,864)	-
Number of Ordinary Shares				
Directors of the subsidiary companies	At 1.7.2019	Bought	Sold	At 30.6.2020
Interest in the Company				
<u>Direct interest</u>				
Dato' Sri Thong Kok Khee	5,184,678	-	-	5,184,678
Datin Sri Yeoh Kwee See	504,960	-	-	504,960
Ms. Thong Mei Chuen	110,000	-	-	110,000
Mr. Thong Weng Sheng	110,000	-	-	110,000
Dato' Thong Kok Yoon	43,358,813	-	-	43,358,813
Datin Tan Few Teng	2,189,344	-	-	2,189,344
Ms. Winnie Ng Yee Ching	12,652	-	-	12,652
Ms. Chow Yuet Kuen	5,304	-	-	5,304

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONT'D)

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS (CONT'D)

According to the Register of Directors' shareholdings, the interests and deemed interests of Directors in office at the end of the financial year in shares and Warrants in the Company and its subsidiary companies during the financial year are as follows (cont'd):-

Directors of the subsidiary companies (cont'd)	Number of Ordinary Shares (cont'd)			
	At 1.7.2019	Bought	Sold	At 30.6.2020
Interest in the Company (cont'd)				
<u>Deemed interest</u>				
Dato' Sri Thong Kok Khee	160,880,284	-	-	160,880,284
Datin Sri Yeoh Kwee See	165,560,002	-	-	165,560,002
Dato' Thong Kok Yoon	30,844,835	-	-	30,844,835
Datin Tan Few Teng	72,014,304	-	-	72,014,304
Mr. Monteiro Gerard Clair	250,000	-	-	250,000
Interest in a subsidiary company				
Special Windfall Sdn. Bhd.				
<u>Deemed interest</u>				
Mr. Monteiro Gerard Clair	109,000	-	-	109,000
Dato' Jaganath Derek Steven Sabapathy	109,000	-	-	109,000
Number of Redeemable Preference Shares				
Interest in the Company	At 1.7.2019	Bought	Sold/ Redeemed	At 30.6.2020
<u>Direct interest</u>				
Dato' Sri Thong Kok Khee	2,100,000	-	(2,100,000)	-
Datin Sri Yeoh Kwee See	230,700	-	(230,700)	-
Ms. Thong Mei Chuen	22,000	-	(22,000)	-
Mr. Thong Weng Sheng	153,700	-	(153,700)	-
Dato' Thong Kok Yoon	8,671,762	-	(8,671,762)	-
Datin Tan Few Teng	437,868	-	(437,868)	-
<u>Deemed interest</u>				
Dato' Sri Thong Kok Khee	55,428,085	-	(55,428,085)	-
Datin Sri Yeoh Kwee See	57,297,385	-	(57,297,385)	-
Dato' Thong Kok Yoon	7,389,170	-	(7,389,170)	-
Datin Tan Few Teng	15,623,064	-	(15,623,064)	-

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONT'D)

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS (CONT'D)

According to the Register of Directors' shareholdings, the interests and deemed interests of Directors in office at the end of the financial year in shares and Warrants in the Company and its subsidiary companies during the financial year are as follows (cont'd):-

Directors of the subsidiary companies (cont'd)	Number of Warrants			At 30.6.2020
	At 1.7.2019	Bought	Sold/ Expired	
Interest in the Company				
<u>Direct interest</u>				
Datin Sri Yeoh Kwee See	461,400	-	(461,400)	-
Ms. Thong Mei Chuen	44,000	-	(44,000)	-
Mr. Thong Weng Sheng	307,400	-	(307,400)	-
Dato' Thong Kok Yoon	17,343,524	-	(17,343,524)	-
Datin Tan Few Teng	875,736	-	(875,736)	-
<u>Deemed interest</u>				
Dato' Sri Thong Kok Khee	83,414,970	-	(83,414,970)	-
Datin Sri Yeoh Kwee See	82,953,570	-	(82,953,570)	-
Dato' Thong Kok Yoon	12,014,706	-	(12,014,706)	-
Datin Tan Few Teng	28,482,494	-	(28,482,494)	-
Mr. Monteiro Gerard Clair	556,600	-	(556,600)	-

By virtue of Dato' Sri Thong Kok Khee's interest in the ordinary shares of the Company, he is also deemed interested in the shares of its related corporations to the extent that the Company has an interest under Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2016.

Other than as disclosed above, none of the other Directors in office at the end of the financial year had any interest in the shares, warrants, options and debentures of the Company or its related corporations during the financial year.

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATIONS AND BENEFITS

Details of the Directors' remunerations are set out in Note 41 to the financial statements. Included in Directors' emoluments are benefits-in-kind (based on estimated monetary value) for the Group and the Company of RM83,000 and RM4,000 respectively.

During and at the end of the financial year, no arrangement subsisted to which the Company is a party, with the object or objects of enabling Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

Since the end of the previous financial year, no Director has received or become entitled to receive any benefit (other than benefits as disclosed in the Notes to the financial statements) by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related corporation with the Director or with a firm of which the Director is a member, or with a company in which the Director has a substantial financial interest, except as disclosed in Note 49(b) to the financial statements.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONT'D)

SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR

Significant events during the financial year are disclosed in Note 53 to the financial statements.

SIGNIFICANT EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Significant event after the reporting period is disclosed in Note 54 to the financial statements.

AUDITORS

Details of auditors' remuneration are set out in Note 35 to the financial statements. There was no indemnity given to or insurance effected for the auditors of the Company, Grant Thornton Malaysia PLT.

Grant Thornton Malaysia PLT has expressed their willingness to continue in office.

Signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors dated 25 September 2020.

Y.A.M. TENGKU PUTERI SERI KEMALA)	
TENGKU HAJJAH AISHAH BINTI)	
ALMARHUM SULTAN HAJI)	
AHMAD SHAH, DK(II), SIMP)	
)	
)	
)	
)	
)	
DATO' WONG GIAN KUI)	

DIRECTORS

Kuala Lumpur

STATEMENT BY DIRECTORS

We, Y.A.M. Tengku Puteri Seri Kemala Tengku Hajjah Aishah Binti Almarhum Sultan Haji Ahmad Shah, DK(II), SIMP and Dato' Wong Gian Kui, being two of the Directors of Insas Berhad, do hereby state that in the opinion of the Directors, the accompanying financial statements are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 2016 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 30 June 2020, and of the financial performance and cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the financial year then ended.

Signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors dated 25 September 2020.

**Y.A.M. TENGKU PUTERI SERI KEMALA
TENGKU HAJJAH AISHAH BINTI
ALMARHUM SULTAN HAJI
AHMAD SHAH, DK(II), SIMP**

DATO' WONG GIAN KUI

Kuala Lumpur

STATUTORY DECLARATION

I, Dato' Wong Gian Kui, being the Director primarily responsible for the financial management of Insas Berhad, do solemnly and sincerely declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, the accompanying financial statements are correct and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true and by virtue of the provisions of the Statutory Declarations Act, 1960.

Subscribed and solemnly declared by)
the abovenamed at Kuala Lumpur in)
the Federal Territory this day of)
25 September 2020)

DATO' WONG GIAN KUI
MIA NO. CA 5376

Before me:

SAMIRTHA APOSTLER (W 805)
Commissioner for Oaths
Kuala Lumpur

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

to the members of INSAS BERHAD

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Insas Berhad, which comprise the statements of financial position as at 30 June 2020, and the statements of profit or loss and statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows for the financial year then ended, and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies as set out on pages 64 to 196.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 30 June 2020, and of their financial performance and cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 2016 in Malaysia.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independent and Other Ethical Responsibilities

We are independent of the Group and of the Company in accordance with the *By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice)* of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards)* ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements for the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Recoverability of trade receivables

Due to the inherent subjectivity that is involved in making judgements in relation to credit risk exposures to determine the recoverability of trade receivables, recoverability of trade receivables is considered to be significant audit risk.

The Group applies a simplified approach in calculating provision for expected credit losses ("ECLs"). Therefore, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss provision based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Group considers among others, its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

Our procedures included, amongst others:

- Evaluating and testing the controls relating to credit control and approval process;
- Assessing the recoverability of overdue receivables by comparing management's views of recoverability of overdue receivables to historical patterns of receipts, in conjunction with reviewing receipts subsequent to the financial year end for its effect in reducing overdue receivables as at the financial year end;
- Holding discussions with management personnel to challenge the management's view on justification on the adequacy of allowance for doubtful debts; and
- Assessing the adequacy of the disclosures in respect of credit risk.

**INDEPENDENT
AUDITORS' REPORT**
to the members of INSAS BERHAD
(CONT'D)

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

Recoverability of trade receivables (cont'd)

The accounting policies in respect of receivables is outlined in the Group significant accounting policies, the management's judgement in the Group's significant accounting estimates and judgements and disclosures in Notes 2(d)(iii)(b), 3(b), 4(d), 4(j)(i), 15 and 18 to the financial statements.

We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report in relation to our audit of the financial statements of the Company.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditors' Report Thereon

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprise the information included in the annual report, but does not include the financial statements of the Group and of the Company and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Group and of the Company do not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance or conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Group and of the Company or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Statements

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of financial statements of the Group and of the Company that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 2016 in Malaysia. The Directors are also responsible for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Group and of the Company that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements of the Group and of the Company as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

to the members of INSAS BERHAD
(CONT'D)

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (cont'd)

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's or the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group or the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements of the Group and of the Company represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities and business activities within the Group in order to express an opinion on the financial statements of the Group. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicated with the Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identified during our audit.

We have provided to the Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicated with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the current financial year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

**INDEPENDENT
AUDITORS' REPORT**
to the members of INSAS BERHAD
(CONT'D)

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2016 in Malaysia, we report that the subsidiary companies of which we have not acted as auditors, are disclosed in Note 50 to the financial statements.

Other Matters

This report is made solely to the members of the Company, as a body, in accordance with Section 266 of the Companies Act, 2016 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

GRANT THORNTON MALAYSIA PLT
(201906003682 & LLP0022494-LCA)
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS (AF 0737)

FOO LEE MENG
(NO: 03069/07/2021(J))
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT

Kuala Lumpur
25 September 2020

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 30 June 2020

	Note	Group		Company	
		2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
ASSETS					
Non-current assets					
Property, plant and equipment	6	60,439	161,021	455	105
Investment properties	7	192,227	187,658	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	8	31,905	22,971	940	940
Financial assets at amortised cost	9	2,248	3,096	-	-
Subsidiary companies	10(a)	-	-	922,107	809,734
Amount due from subsidiary companies	10(b)	-	-	4,862	8,708
Associate companies	11(a)	458,458	437,421	11	14
Jointly controlled entities	12(a)	(200)	(33)	-	-
Intangible assets	13	26,047	26,047	-	-
Deferred tax assets	14	1,269	3,207	55	-
Other receivables	15	7,553	7,345	-	-
Total non-current assets		779,946	848,733	928,430	819,501
Current assets					
Property development costs	16	10,885	10,691	-	-
Inventories	17	12,039	11,956	-	-
Trade receivables	18	497,348	443,096	-	-
Amount due from subsidiary companies	10(b)	-	-	185,984	196,025
Amount due from associate companies	11(b)	68,278	89,571	397	390
Other receivables, deposits and prepayments	15	55,332	47,024	234	210
Financial assets at amortised cost	9	778	1,510	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	19	155,276	234,233	-	-
Tax recoverable		3,339	2,445	227	181
Deposits with licensed banks and financial institutions	20	491,564	554,552	32,898	17,769
Cash and bank balances	21	180,088	95,148	4,202	5,027
Total current assets		1,474,927	1,490,226	223,942	219,602
TOTAL ASSETS		2,254,873	2,338,959	1,152,372	1,039,103

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 30 June 2020

(CONT'D)

	Note	Group		Company	
		2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					
EQUITY					
Equity attributable to owners of the Company					
Share capital	22	873,700	741,085	873,700	741,085
Treasury shares	23	(14,499)	(14,499)	(14,499)	(14,499)
Reserves	24	126,878	120,191	–	4,622
Retained earnings		766,862	892,581	16,792	20,640
		1,752,941	1,739,358	875,993	751,848
Non-controlling interests		1,741	7,836	–	–
TOTAL EQUITY		1,754,682	1,747,194	875,993	751,848
Non-current liabilities					
Loans and borrowings	25	15,348	20,280	–	–
Hire purchase payables	26	–	53,931	–	–
Lease liabilities	27	14,097	–	–	–
Deferred tax liabilities	14	5,551	10,855	–	621
Total non-current liabilities		34,996	85,066	–	621
Current liabilities					
Redeemable preference shares	28	–	130,106	–	130,106
Derivative financial liabilities	29	3,333	1,056	–	–
Trade payables	30	101,800	24,001	–	–
Amount due to subsidiary companies	10(b)	–	–	61,264	67,360
Other payables, deposits received and accruals	31	20,148	39,752	743	3,168
Hire purchase payables	26	–	28,789	–	–
Lease liabilities	27	9,758	–	322	–
Loans and borrowings	25	328,087	281,653	214,050	86,000
Tax payable		2,069	1,342	–	–
Total current liabilities		465,195	506,699	276,379	286,634
TOTAL LIABILITIES		500,191	591,765	276,379	287,255
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		2,254,873	2,338,959	1,152,372	1,039,103

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS

For the Financial Year ended 30 June 2020

	Note	Group		Company	
		2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Revenue	32	197,502	212,014	149,288	23,347
Cost of sales	33	(104,688)	(128,145)	-	-
Gross profit		92,814	83,869	149,288	23,347
Other income	34	57,224	83,272	12,130	9,832
Administration expenses	35	(23,994)	(29,529)	(7,660)	(6,258)
Other operating expenses	36	(101,270)	(61,457)	(2,492)	(3,090)
Finance costs	37	(21,452)	(23,220)	(13,667)	(11,453)
Exceptional item	38	(5,548)	(3,509)	-	-
Share of profits less losses of associate companies		27,604	44,085	-	-
Share of losses of jointly controlled entities		(167)	(183)	-	-
Profit before tax		25,211	93,328	137,599	12,378
Tax expense	39	(10,174)	(11,209)	(208)	(519)
Profit for the financial year		15,037	82,119	137,391	11,859
Attributable to:-					
Owners of the Company		14,867	81,831	137,391	11,859
Non-controlling interests		170	288	-	-
		15,037	82,119	137,391	11,859
Earnings per share (sen)					
- Basic	40	2.24	12.34		
- Diluted	40	N/A	N/A		

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the Financial Year ended 30 June 2020

	Group		Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Profit for the financial year	15,037	82,119	137,391	11,859
<u>Other comprehensive income may be reclassified to profit or loss subsequently</u>				
Share of other comprehensive income of investments accounted for using equity method, net of tax	2,576	2,356	-	-
Foreign currency translation of foreign operations, net of tax	3,293	5,593	-	-
Total other comprehensive income for the financial year, net of tax	5,869	7,949	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the financial year, net of tax	20,906	90,068	137,391	11,859
Attributable to:-				
Owners of the Company	20,680	89,618	137,391	11,859
Non-controlling interests	226	450	-	-
	20,906	90,068	137,391	11,859

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the Financial Year ended 30 June 2020

Group	Attributable to Owners of the Company									
	Non-distributable reserves					Distributable reserves				
	Share capital RM'000	Fair value through other comprehensive income reserve RM'000	Warrants reserve RM'000	Other reserves RM'000	Exchange translation reserve RM'000	Treasury shares RM'000	Retained earnings RM'000	Total RM'000	Non-controlling interests RM'000	Total equity RM'000
Balance at 1 July 2018	741,085	6,075	4,622	67,428	25,933	(14,499)	817,936	1,648,580	7,386	1,655,966
<u>Total comprehensive income for the financial year</u>										
Profit for the financial year	-	-	-	-	-	-	81,831	81,831	288	82,119
Share of other comprehensive income/(loss) of investments accounted for using equity method, net of tax	-	-	-	-	2,357	-	(1)	2,356	-	2,356
Foreign currency translation of foreign operations, net of tax	-	-	-	-	5,431	-	-	5,431	162	5,593
Total comprehensive income for the financial year	-	-	-	-	7,788	-	81,830	89,618	450	90,068
<u>Transactions with owners:-</u>										
Post-acquisition reserves - associate companies	-	-	-	14,420	-	-	-	14,420	-	14,420
Cash dividends paid to owners of the Company (Note 43)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(13,260)	(13,260)	-	(13,260)
Effect of fair value adjustment on initial recognition of investment in an associate company arising from increase in ownership interest in an equity instrument	-	(6,075)	-	-	-	-	6,075	-	-	-
Total transactions with owners	-	(6,075)	-	14,420	-	-	(7,185)	1,160	-	1,160
Balance at 30 June 2019	741,085	-	4,622	81,848	33,721	(14,499)	892,581	1,739,358	7,836	1,747,194
Effect of adoption of MFRS 16 by associate companies	-	-	-	-	-	-	(461)	(461)	-	(461)
Restated total equity as at 1 July 2019	741,085	-	4,622	81,848	33,721	(14,499)	892,120	1,738,897	7,836	1,746,733

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the Financial Year ended 30 June 2020

(CONT'D)

Group (cont'd)	← Attributable to Owners of the Company →									
	← Non-distributable reserves →					← Distributable reserves →				
	Share capital RM'000	Fair value through other comprehensive income reserve RM'000	Warrants reserve RM'000	Other reserves RM'000	Exchange translation reserve RM'000	Treasury shares RM'000	Retained earnings RM'000	Total RM'000	Non-controlling interests RM'000	Total equity RM'000
Total comprehensive income for the financial year	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,867	14,867	170	15,037
Profit for the financial year	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,867	14,867	170	15,037
Share of other comprehensive income of investments accounted for using equity method, net of tax	-	-	-	-	2,555	-	21	2,576	-	2,576
Foreign currency translation of foreign operations, net of tax	-	-	-	-	3,237	-	-	3,237	56	3,293
Total comprehensive income for the financial year	-	-	-	-	5,792	-	14,888	20,680	226	20,906
Transactions with owners:-										
Post-acquisition reserves - associate companies	-	-	-	7,333	(837)	-	-	6,496	-	6,496
Cash dividends paid to owners of the Company (Note 43)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(13,260)	(13,260)	-	(13,260)
Acquisition of equity interests in a subsidiary company by non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	18
Dividend paid to non-controlling interests of a subsidiary company	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(701)	(701)
Disposal of equity interests in subsidiary companies	-	-	-	-	(970)	-	-	(970)	(973)	(1,943)
Repayment of capital to non-controlling interests by a subsidiary company	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3,581)	(3,581)
Non-controlling interests' changes in ownership interests in subsidiary companies arising from disposal of equity interest in subsidiary companies	-	-	-	7	(16)	-	1,093	1,084	(1,084)	-
Redemption of redeemable preference shares, out of profits of the Company (Note 22)	132,601	-	-	-	-	-	(132,601)	-	-	-
Derecognition of warrants reserve on expiry of warrants (Note 24)	-	-	(4,622)	-	-	-	4,622	-	-	-
Issuance of ordinary shares pursuant to exercise of warrants (Note 22)	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	-	14
Total transactions with owners	132,615	-	(4,622)	7,340	(1,823)	-	(140,146)	(6,636)	(6,321)	(12,957)
Balance at 30 June 2020	873,700	-	-	89,188	37,690	(14,499)	766,862	1,752,941	1,741	1,754,682

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the Financial Year ended 30 June 2020

(CONT'D)

Company	Share capital RM'000	← Non-distributable reserves →	Distributable reserves		Total RM'000
		Warrants reserve RM'000	← Treasury shares → RM'000	Retained earnings RM'000	
Balance at 1 July 2018	741,085	4,622	(14,499)	22,041	753,249
Total comprehensive income for the financial year	-	-	-	11,859	11,859
<u>Transaction with owners:-</u> Cash dividends paid to owners of the Company (Note 43)	-	-	-	(13,260)	(13,260)
Balance at 30 June 2019	741,085	4,622	(14,499)	20,640	751,848
Total comprehensive income for the financial year	-	-	-	137,391	137,391
<u>Transactions with owners:-</u> Cash dividends paid to owners of the Company (Note 43)	-	-	-	(13,260)	(13,260)
Redemption of redeemable preference shares, out of profits of the Company (Note 22)	132,601	-	-	(132,601)	-
Derecognition of warrants reserve on expiry of warrants (Note 24)	-	(4,622)	-	4,622	-
Issuance of ordinary shares pursuant to exercise of warrants (Note 22)	14	-	-	-	14
Balance at 30 June 2020	873,700	-	(14,499)	16,792	875,993

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Financial Year ended 30 June 2020

	Group		Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Profit before tax	25,211	93,328	137,599	12,378
Adjustments for:-				
Accretion of discounts on financial assets at amortised cost	(2)	(7)	-	-
Allowance for diminution in value of inventories	39	14	-	-
Allowance for doubtful debts	1,026	1,947	48	22
Allowance for doubtful debts no longer required	(163)	(90)	-	-
Amortisation of premium on financial assets at amortised cost	1	1	-	-
Bad debts written off	545	335	-	104
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	17,873	27,968	408	62
Dividend income	(5,640)	(6,765)	-	-
Effects of dilution of equity interests in associate companies	5,548	3,509	-	-
Excess of fair value of net assets over investment cost on acquisition of additional equity interest in an associate company	(1,792)	-	-	-
Fair value loss/(gain) on derivative financial instruments	2,277	(10,987)	-	-
Fair value gain on investment properties	(12)	(1,713)	-	-
Gain on disposal of an investment property	-	(572)	-	-
Gain on disposal of shares in an associate company	(8,019)	(24,780)	-	-
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(1,991)	(2,233)	-	-
Gain on disposal of subsidiary companies	(3,727)	(6)	-	-
Gain on redemption and disposal of financial assets at amortised cost	-	(51)	-	-
Interest expenses	21,452	23,220	13,667	11,453
Interest income	(14,712)	(19,973)	(10,642)	(9,829)
Inventories written off	-	4	-	-
Investment properties written off	100	-	-	-
Loss on other receivables carried at amortised cost	-	2,269	-	-
Loss on amount due from subsidiary companies carried at amortised cost	-	-	99	2,417
Loss on fair value changes of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	42,011	8,998	-	-
Property, plant and equipment written off	58	95	-	-
Provision for impairment loss on investment in a subsidiary company	-	-	-	51
Provision for impairment loss on investment in associate companies	5,606	1,942	3	3
Share of profits less losses of associate companies	(27,604)	(44,085)	-	-
Share of losses of jointly controlled entities	167	183	-	-
Unrealised foreign exchange (gain)/loss	(78)	5,698	2,342	492
Waiver of debts	-	-	(796)	-
Impairment/(Writeback of impairment) on financial assets at amortised cost	69	(20)	-	-
Operating profit before working capital changes	58,243	58,229	142,728	17,153

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Financial Year ended 30 June 2020
(CONT'D)

	Group		Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (CONT'D)				
Changes in working capital:-				
Property development costs	(194)	(194)	-	-
Inventories	(224)	434	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	39,673	(1,659)	-	-
Receivables	(72,881)	(64,636)	18	577
Payables	100,617	(3,281)	44	(44)
Associate companies	16,612	(20,635)	(7)	(7)
Subsidiary companies	-	-	(104,720)	(8,436)
Net cash from/(used in) operations	141,846	(31,742)	38,063	9,243
Interest received	14,505	18,344	9,083	6,346
Interest paid	(18,916)	(22,612)	(13,641)	(10,718)
Net tax paid	(11,065)	(8,928)	(930)	(740)
Net cash from/(used in) operating activities	126,370	(44,938)	32,575	4,131
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Acquisition/Subscription of shares in associate companies	(26,696)	(45,199)	-	-
Purchase of property, plant and equipment (Note A)	(5,843)	(5,635)	(67)	(31)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	9,177	16,040	-	-
Subscription of shares in jointly controlled entities	-	(150)	-	-
Purchase of investment properties	(6,463)	(406)	-	-
Purchase of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(8,934)	(1,849)	-	-
Purchase of financial assets at amortised cost	-	(767)	-	-
Proceeds from redemption and disposal of financial assets at amortised cost	1,512	1,610	-	-
Dividends received	32,694	42,999	-	-
Proceeds from disposal of an investment property	-	492	-	-
Proceeds from disposal of shares in an associate company	17,120	31,820	-	-
Net cash inflow on disposal of equity interest in subsidiary companies (Note 44)	6,097	6	-	-
Net cash from/(used in) investing activities	18,664	38,961	(67)	(31)

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Financial Year ended 30 June 2020
(CONT'D)

	Group		Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Decrease/(Increase) in fixed deposits pledged	63,089	(14,397)	(16,148)	(33)
(Increase)/Decrease in cash and bank balances pledged	(75,712)	5,410	-	-
Dividend paid to non-controlling interests of a subsidiary company	(701)	-	-	-
Proceeds from issue of ordinary shares	14	-	14	-
Proceeds from acquisition of equity interests in a subsidiary company by non-controlling interests	18	-	-	-
Repayment of capital to non-controlling interests by a subsidiary company	(3,581)	-	-	-
Repayment of lease liabilities	(19,490)	-	(408)	-
Redemption of redeemable preference shares	(132,601)	-	(132,601)	-
Net drawdown of loans and borrowings	46,678	31,991	128,050	13,700
Cash dividends paid to owners of the Company	(13,260)	(13,260)	(13,260)	(13,260)
Repayment of hire purchase payables	-	(35,691)	-	-
Net cash (used in)/from financing activities	(135,546)	(25,947)	(34,353)	407
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
Net changes	9,488	(31,924)	(1,845)	4,507
Brought forward	388,695	418,590	21,570	17,065
Exchange differences	634	2,029	1	(2)
Carried forward (Note B)	398,817	388,695	19,726	21,570

NOTES TO STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

A. PURCHASE OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Group		Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Total purchase of property, plant and equipment	25,690	37,853	67	31
Less: Purchase through hire purchase arrangements	-	(30,422)	-	-
Less: Purchase through lease liabilities	(19,657)	-	-	-
Less: Purchase financed by other payables	(190)	(1,796)	-	-
Cash payments made	5,843	5,635	67	31

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Financial Year ended 30 June 2020
(CONT'D)

NOTES TO STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONT'D)

B. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS COMPRISE OF:-

	Group		Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Bank overdrafts	(442)	(3,082)	-	-
Cash and bank balances	180,088	95,148	4,202	5,027
Deposits with licensed banks and financial institutions	491,564	554,552	32,898	17,769
	671,210	646,618	37,100	22,796
Less:-				
Cash and bank balances pledged (Note 21)	(95,144)	(19,652)	-	-
Fixed deposits pledged (Note 20)	(177,249)	(238,271)	(17,374)	(1,226)
	398,817	388,695	19,726	21,570

C. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities are disclosed in Note 25 to Note 28 to the financial statements.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 30 June 2020

1 PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND GENERAL INFORMATION

The principal activities of the Company are investment holding and provision of management services. The principal activities of its subsidiary companies, associate companies and jointly controlled entities are disclosed in Note 50 to Note 52 to the financial statements. There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the financial year.

The Company is a public limited liability company, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia, and is listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. The registered office of the Company is located at No. 47-5, The Boulevard, Mid Valley City, Lingkaran Syed Putra, 59200 Kuala Lumpur. The principal place of business of the Company is located at Suite 23.02, Level 23, The Gardens South Tower, Mid Valley City, Lingkaran Syed Putra, 59200 Kuala Lumpur.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the Directors on 25 September 2020.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

(a) Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRSs") and Issues Committee Interpretations ("IC Interpretations") issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB"), International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and the requirements of the Companies Act, 2016 in Malaysia.

(b) Basis of measurement

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for certain properties and financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values at the end of the reporting period as indicated in the summary of significant accounting policies.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group and the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial market takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group and the Company use valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 30 June 2020

(CONT'D)

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONT'D)

(b) Basis of measurement (cont'd)

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to their fair value measurement as a whole:-

- (i) Level 1 – Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- (ii) Level 2 – Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to their fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- (iii) Level 3 – Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to their fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group and the Company determine whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to their fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Group and the Company have determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of fair value hierarchy as explained above.

(c) Functional and presentation currencies

The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia (“RM”), which is the Company’s functional currency. All financial information presented is in Ringgit Malaysia and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise stated.

(d) The use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with MFRSs and IC Interpretations require the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. It also requires the management and Directors to exercise their judgement in the process of applying the Group’s and the Company’s accounting policies. Although these estimates and judgements are based on the management’s and Directors’ best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ from those estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised from the period in which the estimate is revised.

The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses are outlined below:-

(i) Useful lives of depreciable assets

The management reviews annually the estimated useful lives of depreciable assets based on factors such as business plans and strategies, expected level of usage and future technological developments. Actual results, however, may vary due to changes in estimates brought about by changes in the factors mentioned.

**NOTES TO THE
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

- 30 June 2020

(CONT'D)

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONT'D)**(d) The use of estimates and judgements (cont'd)**

The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses are outlined below (cont'd):-

(i) Useful lives of depreciable assets (cont'd)

The management does not expect any material difference that would arise on the estimation of useful lives of depreciable assets and the current evaluation of the useful lives of depreciable assets represents a fair estimation of the useful lives of the Group's and of the Company's depreciable assets.

(ii) Classification between investment properties and property, plant and equipment

The Group has developed certain criteria based on MFRS 140 Investment Property in making judgement whether a property qualifies as an investment property. Investment property is a property held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both.

Some properties comprise a portion that is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation and another portion that is held for administration purposes. If the property is not to be sold separately, the property is an investment property only if an insignificant portion is held for administrative purpose.

(iii) Impairment of assets**(a) Non-financial assets**

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated to determine the amount of the impairment loss. For the purpose of impairment testing of non-financial assets, recoverable amount is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. If this is the case, recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit ("CGU") to which the asset belongs to.

A non-financial asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or CGU's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

(b) Financial assetsFinancial assets at amortised cost

Credit losses are the differences between all contractual cash flows of the Group and of the Company that are due and the cash flows that they actually expect to receive. An expected credit loss is the probability-weighted estimate of credit losses which requires the Group's and the Company's judgement. The expected credit losses are discounted at the original effective interest rate (or credit-adjusted effective interest rate for the purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets).

The Group and the Company evaluate the Expected Credit Losses ("ECL") on a case-by-case basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 30 June 2020

(CONT'D)

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONT'D)

(d) The use of estimates and judgements (cont'd)

The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses are outlined below (cont'd):-

(iii) Impairment of assets (cont'd)

(b) Financial assets (cont'd)

Financial assets at amortised cost (cont'd)

The Group and the Company consider reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Group's and the Company's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information, where available such as changes in financial capability of the debtor, and default or significant delay in payments.

(iv) Income taxes

Significant estimation is involved in determining the group-wide provision for income taxes. There are certain transactions and computations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group and the Company recognise liabilities for expected tax issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recognised, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

(v) Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, unutilised business losses and unabsorbed capital allowances to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which all the deductible temporary differences, unutilised business losses and unabsorbed capital allowances can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

(vi) Fair value of financial instruments

The management uses valuation techniques in measuring the fair value of financial instruments where active market quotes are not available. Details of the assumptions used are given in the notes regarding financial assets and liabilities. In applying the valuation techniques, the management makes maximum use of market inputs, and uses estimates and assumptions that, as far as possible, consist of observable data that market participants would use in pricing the instrument. Where applicable data is not observable, the management uses its best estimate about the assumptions that market participants would make. These estimates may vary from the actual prices that would be achieved in a negotiated transaction at the reporting date.

(vii) Classification of financial instruments

(a) Financial assets at amortised cost

The Group and the Company classify financial assets at amortised cost as those held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The financial assets are not designated as fair value through profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 30 June 2020

(CONT'D)

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONT'D)

(d) The use of estimates and judgements (cont'd)

The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses are outlined below (cont'd):-

(vii) Classification of financial instruments (cont'd)

(b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

The Group's and the Company's financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are equity securities and other investments which are not held for trading but more for strategic investments. The classification as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income is an irrevocable election made on initial recognition.

(c) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

All financial assets not measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value through profit or loss. This includes derivative financial assets (except for a derivative that is a designated and effective hedging instrument).

(viii) Leases

Current financial year

The measurement of the right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for leases where the Group and the Company are a lessee requires the use of significant judgements and assumptions, such as lease term and incremental borrowing rate.

In determining the lease term, the Group and the Company consider all facts and circumstances including their past practice and any cost that will be incurred to change the asset if an option to extend is not taken. An extension option is only included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended (or not terminated).

In determining the incremental borrowing rate of the respective leases, the Group and the Company first determine the closest available borrowing rates before using significant judgement to determine the adjustments required to reflect the term, security, value or economic environment of the respective leases.

Previous financial year

In applying the classification of leases in MFRS 117, the management considers its leases of motor vehicles as finance lease arrangements. In some cases, the lease transaction is not always conclusive, and the management uses judgement in determining whether the lease is a finance lease arrangement that transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership.

(ix) Fair value of derivative financial instruments

The fair values of outstanding derivative financial instrument transactions are based on fair values obtained from major financial institutions. Changes in the underlying assumptions could materially impact the statements of profit or loss.

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2 BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONT'D)

(d) The use of estimates and judgements (cont'd)

The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses are outlined below (cont'd):-

(x) Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. In estimating net realisable values, management takes into account the most reliable evidence available at the time the estimates are made. The Group's core businesses are subject to economic and technology changes which may cause selling prices to change rapidly, and the Group's profit to change.

The carrying amount of the Group's inventories at the end of the reporting period is disclosed in Note 17 to the financial statements.

(xi) Fair value of investment properties

The Group carries its investment properties at fair value, with changes in fair value being recognised in the statements of profit or loss. The Group engaged independent valuation specialists and make reference to market evidence of transacted prices for similar properties using comparable prices adjusted for specific market factors such as nature, location and condition of the properties to assess fair value as at the end of the reporting period.

The key assumptions used to determine the fair value of investment properties are provided in Note 7 to the financial statements.

(xii) Significant influence over associate companies

Where an entity holds 20% or more of the voting power in an investee, it will be presumed the investor has significant influence unless it can be clearly demonstrated that this is not the case. If the holding is less than 20%, the entity will be presumed not to have significant influence unless such influence can be clearly demonstrated.

Interest in Ho Hup Construction Company Berhad ("Ho Hup")

With effect from 1 January 2016, the Group commenced equity accounting for the Group's investment in Ho Hup although it holds less than 20% of the voting shares in Ho Hup, as the Group undertakes to hold its equity interest in Ho Hup for long term and is able to participate in the financial and operating policies in Ho Hup by virtue of having board representation in Ho Hup.

Interest in Inari Amertron Berhad ("Inari")

During the financial year ended 30 June 2018, the Group's equity interest in Inari had been diluted to below 20%. The Group continued equity accounting for the Group's investment in Inari although it holds less than 20% of the voting shares in Inari, as the Group undertakes to hold its equity interest in Inari for long term and is able to participate in the financial and operating policies in Inari by virtue of having board representation in Inari.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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(CONT'D)

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group is exposed to financial risks arising from their operations and the use of financial instruments. The key financial risks are interest rate, credit, foreign currency exchange, liquidity and market risks. Financial risk management is carried out through risk reviews, internal control systems and adherence to the Group financial risk management practices. The Board regularly reviews these risks and approves the treasury policies covering the management of these risks. It is not the Group's policy to engage in speculative transactions.

The main areas of financial risks faced by the Group and the policy in respect of the major areas of treasury activity are set out as follows:-

(a) Interest rate risk

The Group finances its operations through operating cash flows and borrowings. Interest rate exposures arise from the Group's borrowings. It is the Group's policy to manage its interest costs by obtaining the most favourable interest rates on its borrowings. Surplus funds of the Group are placed with licensed banks and financial institutions on term deposits to generate interest income.

(b) Credit risk

The Group seeks to invest cash assets safely and profitably. The Group controls credit risk by application of credit evaluations and approvals, credit limits and monitoring procedures. Trade and loan receivables are monitored on an ongoing basis via management reporting procedures and where necessary, loan receivables are required to deposit sufficient assets as collateral and adhere to credit limits within the fair values of assets placed as collateral. The Group has significant concentration of trade receivables owing which is disclosed in Note 55(b)(ii) to the financial statements. There is no major concentration of credit risk related to any financial instruments.

(c) Foreign currency exchange risk

The Group is exposed to foreign currency exchange risk as a result of its normal operating and investing activities whereby purchases, sales and investments are transacted in currencies other than the functional currencies of the entities within the Group. The Group maintains a natural hedge, whenever possible, by matching local currency income and investments against local currency expenditure and borrowings to minimise foreign exchange exposure. Where necessary, the Group enters into forward foreign currency exchange contracts to hedge the risk exposure on the receivables and payables. The Group also maintains gross profit margin levels that is sufficient to absorb the increase in cost of purchases arising from fluctuation in foreign currencies exchange rates.

(d) Liquidity risk

The Group actively manages its operating cash flows and the availability of funding so as to ensure that all financing and funding needs are met. As part of its overall prudent liquidity management, the Group maintains sufficient levels of cash or cash convertible instruments to meet its working capital requirements. Certain subsidiary companies within the Group maintain reasonable amount of committed credit and banking facilities to meet their operating needs.

(e) Market risk

The Group faces exposure to the risk from changes in the debt and equity prices, in particular the Group's exposure from changes in market price on its investments in quoted securities. The risk of loss in value of the Group's quoted securities is minimised through thorough analysis before making investments and continuous monitoring of the performance of the investments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Changes in accounting policies

With effect from 1 July 2019, the Group and the Company have adopted MFRS 16 Leases ("MFRS 16"), which became effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019.

The impact on the adoption of MFRS 16 to the Group's and the Company's financial statements are summarised in Note 5 to the financial statements. As permitted by MFRS 16, the Group and the Company have applied the modified retrospective approach whereby the comparative information for prior periods which was reported under MFRS 117 Leases ("MFRS 117") are not restated. Lessor accounting under MFRS 16 is substantially unchanged when compared to MFRS 117. Lessor continues to classify all leases as either operating leases or finance leases using similar principles as in MFRS 117. Therefore, MFRS 16 does not have an impact for leases where the Group is the lessor.

The accounting policies for the current financial year that complies with MFRS 16 and for the previous financial year that complies with MFRS 117 are disclosed in Note 4(y) to the financial statements.

The significant accounting policies adopted by the Group and the Company are disclosed as follows:-

(a) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiary companies as disclosed in Note 50 to the financial statements made up to the end of the financial year. The subsidiary companies are consolidated using acquisition method except for M & A Securities Sdn. Bhd., which is consolidated using the merger method of accounting.

Under the merger method of accounting, the results of the subsidiary companies are accounted on a full year basis irrespective of the date of merger. The difference between the nominal value of shares issued as consideration for merger and nominal value of share capital of the subsidiary companies is taken to merger reserve, which in turn is transferred to the statements of profit or loss.

Following the adoption of MFRS 3, Business Combinations, the Group will comply with the required criteria stipulated in the said standard to consolidate the financial statements using acquisition method for future acquisition of subsidiary companies.

Under the acquisition method of accounting, the results of the subsidiary companies acquired or disposed of are included from the date of acquisition or up to the date of disposal. At the date of acquisition, the fair value of the subsidiary companies' net assets are determined and reflected in the Group's financial statements. The excess of the fair value of purchase consideration paid for the shares in the subsidiary companies over the fair value of the underlying net assets of the subsidiary companies acquired represents goodwill arising on consolidation. The goodwill on consolidation is accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy for goodwill stated in Note 4(i) to the financial statements.

The excess of fair value of the underlying net assets of the subsidiary companies acquired over the purchase consideration paid for the shares in the subsidiary companies represents excess of fair value over investment costs and it is recognised immediately in the statements of profit or loss.

Upon the loss of control of a subsidiary company, the Group derecognises the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary company, any non-controlling interests and the other components of equity related to the subsidiary company. Any surplus or deficit arising on the loss of control is recognised in the statements of profit or loss.

If the Group retains any interest in the subsidiary company, then such interest is measured at fair value at the date control is lost. Subsequently, it is accounted for as an equity accounted investee or as a financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income depending on the level of influence retained.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

(a) Basis of consolidation (cont'd)

All inter-company transactions, balances and the resulting unrealised gains are eliminated on consolidation and the consolidated financial statements reflect external transactions only. Unrealised losses are eliminated on consolidation unless cost cannot be recovered.

Uniform accounting policies are adopted by the subsidiary companies for transactions and events in similar circumstances. The financial statements of the Company and its subsidiary companies are all drawn up to the same reporting date.

The total assets and liabilities of subsidiary companies are included in the consolidated statements of financial position and the interest of non-controlling interests in the net assets of the subsidiary companies is stated separately.

(b) Property, plant and equipment

(i) Recognition, measurement and derecognition

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. The policy for the recognition and measurement of impairment losses is in accordance with Note 4(j)(ii) to the financial statements.

When significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Restoration cost relating to an item of property, plant and equipment is capitalised only if such expenditure is expected to increase the future benefits of the existing property, plant and equipment beyond its previously assessed standard of performance.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use. The difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any, and the net carrying amount is recognised in the statements of profit or loss.

(ii) Depreciation

Freehold land has an unlimited useful life and therefore is not depreciated.

Depreciation of other property, plant and equipment is calculated on a straight line basis to write off the cost of each asset to its residual value over the estimated useful life at the following annual rates:-

Buildings	2%
Plant and machinery	33.3%
Motor vehicles	12.5% to 100%
Renovation	10% to 34%
Office furniture, fittings and equipment	10% to 50%
Leasehold land and buildings	over the period of 41 to 99 years
Right-of-use assets - premises	3 years

The depreciable amount is determined after deducting the residual value.

The residual value, depreciation method and useful lives are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to ensure that the amount, method and period of depreciation are consistent with previous estimates and the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the items of property, plant and equipment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 30 June 2020

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4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

(b) Property, plant and equipment (cont'd)

(ii) Depreciation (cont'd)

Current financial year

From 1 July 2019, leased assets (including leasehold land and buildings and motor vehicles under hire purchase arrangements) are presented under right-of-use assets in property, plant and equipment. The recognition and initial and subsequent measurements policies to leased assets is stated in Note 4(y) to the financial statements on right-of-use assets.

Previous financial year

Prior to 1 July 2019, the recognition and initial and subsequent measurements policies to leased assets (including leasehold land and buildings and motor vehicles under hire purchase arrangements) is stated in Note 4(y) to the financial statements on finance leases. The leased assets are amortised over the shorter of the assets' useful life and the lease term.

(c) Investment properties

Investment properties are properties which are owned or held under a leasehold interest to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both. These include land held for a currently undetermined future use.

Investment properties are initially measured at cost. The cost of investment properties includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the assets. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value, which is determined by the Directors by reference to market evidence of transacted prices for similar properties or valuation performed by registered independent valuers having an appropriate recognised professional qualification and recent experience in the location and category of the properties being valued. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment properties are included in the statements of profit or loss in the financial year in which they arise.

Investment properties are derecognised when either they have been disposed of or when the investment properties are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. Any gains or losses on retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognised in the statements of profit or loss in the financial year in which they arise.

Investment properties under construction are measured at cost. These properties are measured at fair value upon them being brought into use.

Land held for development with no significant development activity is accounted for as an investment property.

Transfers are made to or from investment property only when there is a change in use. For a transfer from investment property to owner-occupied property, the deemed cost for subsequent accounting is the fair value at the date of change. If owner-occupied property becomes an investment property, the Group accounts for such property in accordance with the policy stated under property, plant and equipment up to the date of change.

Right-of-use assets that meet the definition of investment property

Right-of-use assets that meet the definition of investment property in accordance with MFRS 140 Investment Property, is presented in the statements of financial position as investment properties. Subsequent measurement of the right-of-use assets is consistent with those investment properties owned by the Group.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

(d) Financial assets

(i) Classification

The classification of financial assets is determined by both:-

- the Group's and the Company's business model for managing the financial assets; and
- the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets.

The Group and the Company classify its financial assets in the following categories:-

(a) Amortised cost

Amortised cost category comprises financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The financial assets are not designated as fair value through profit or loss. The financial assets are classified as current assets, except for those having maturity dates later than 12 months after the reporting date which are classified as non-current. The Group's and the Company's financial assets at amortised cost comprise unquoted corporate bonds, trade and other receivables and deposits paid, amount due from subsidiary companies, amount due from associate companies, deposits with licensed banks and financial institutions and cash and bank balances.

(b) Fair value through other comprehensive income

Debt investments

Fair value through other comprehensive income category comprises debt investment where it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling the debt investment, and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The debt investment is not designated as at fair value through profit or loss. The Group and the Company do not have debt investment measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Equity and other investments

This category comprises investment in equity and other investment that are not held for trading. The classification as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income is an irrevocable election made on initial recognition. The Group's and the Company's equity investments are unquoted shares held for long term whereas other investments comprise of club memberships.

(c) Fair value through profit or loss

All financial assets not measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income as described above are measured at fair value through profit or loss. This includes derivative financial assets (except for a derivative that is a designated and effective hedging instrument). On initial recognition, the Group and the Company may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income to be measured at fair value through profit or loss if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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(CONT'D)

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

(d) Financial assets (cont'd)

(ii) Initial recognition and measurement

A financial asset is recognised in the statements of financial position when, and only when, the Group and the Company become a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without significant financing component) is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

(iii) Subsequent measurement - gains and losses

Classifications of financial assets are determined on initial recognition and are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Group and the Company change their business model for managing financial assets in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change of the business model.

(a) Amortised cost

Subsequent to initial recognition, these financial assets are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The amortised cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in the statements of profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in the statements of profit or loss.

Interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount except for credit impaired financial assets where the effective interest rate is applied to the amortised cost.

(b) Fair value through other comprehensive income

Debt investments

Interest income calculated using the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in the statements of profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in other comprehensive income are reclassified to the statements of profit or loss.

Interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount except for credit impaired financial assets where the effective interest rate is applied to the amortised cost.

Equity and other investments

This category comprises investment in equity and other investments that are not held for trading. The Group and the Company irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive income. This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis. Dividends are recognised as income in the statements of profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in other comprehensive income are not reclassified to the statements of profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

(d) Financial assets (cont'd)

(iii) Subsequent measurement - gains and losses (cont'd)

(c) Fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets categorised as fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at their fair value. Net gains or losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognised in the statements of profit or loss.

All financial assets, except for those measured at fair value through profit or loss and equity and other investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, are subject to impairment assessment.

(iv) Derecognition

A financial asset or part of it is derecognised when, and only when, the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expires or is transferred, or control of the asset is not retained or substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred to another party. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount of the financial asset and the sum of consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) is recognised in the statements of profit or loss.

Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in market place concerned. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised or derecognised on the trade date i.e. the date that the Group and the Company commit to purchase or sell the asset.

(e) Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statements of financial position if, and only if, there is a current enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Group or the counterparty.

(f) Subsidiary companies

Subsidiary companies are entities that are controlled by the Group. Control exists when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Potential voting rights are considered when assessing control only when such rights are substantive. Besides, the Group considers it has de facto power over an investee when, despite not having the majority of voting rights, it has the ability to direct the activities of the investee that significantly affect the investee's return.

Investments in subsidiary companies, which are eliminated on consolidation, are stated at cost in the Company's financial statements less impairment losses. Where an indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount of the investment is assessed and written down to its recoverable amount. The policy for the recognition and measurement of impairment losses is in accordance with Note 4(j)(ii) to the financial statements.

Upon the disposal of investment in subsidiary companies, the difference between net disposal proceeds and its carrying amounts is recognised in the statements of profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 30 June 2020

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4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

(f) Subsidiary companies (cont'd)

Equity loan represents amount due from subsidiary companies for which settlement is not likely to occur in the foreseeable future and is intended to provide the subsidiary companies with a long-term source of additional capital. It is, in substance, an addition to the investment in the subsidiary companies by the Company and accordingly, is accounted for in accordance with MFRS 127 Separate Financial Statements as part of the investments in subsidiary companies and measured at cost.

(g) Associate companies and jointly controlled entities

Associate companies are entities in which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not in control over those policies.

Jointly controlled entities are a type of joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the jointly controlled entities. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The considerations made in determining significant influence or joint control are similar to those necessary to determine control over subsidiary companies.

Investments in associate companies and jointly controlled entities are accounted for in the statements of financial position using the equity method. Under the equity method, the investments in associate companies and the jointly controlled entities are initially recognised at cost. The carrying amount of the investments are adjusted to recognise changes in the Group's share of net assets of the associate companies and the jointly controlled entities since the acquisition date. Goodwill relating to the associate companies and the jointly controlled entities is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is neither amortised nor individually tested for impairment.

The statements of profit or loss reflect the Group's share of the results of operations of the associate companies and the jointly controlled entities. Any change in the statements of comprehensive income of these investees is presented as part of the Group's statements of comprehensive income. In addition, where there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate companies or the jointly controlled entities, the Group recognises its share of such change, when applicable, in the statements of changes in equity. Unrealised gains or losses on transactions between the Group and its associate companies or the jointly controlled entities are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associate companies or jointly controlled entities. When the Group's share of losses exceeds its interest in the associate companies or the jointly controlled entities, the Group does not recognise further losses except to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate companies or the jointly controlled entities.

The most recent available financial statements of the associate companies and the jointly controlled entities are used by the Group in applying the equity method. Where the dates of the audited financial statements used are not coterminous with those of the Group, the share of results is arrived at from the last audited financial statements available and management financial statements to the end of the reporting period. Where necessary, adjustments are made to these financial statements to ensure consistency of the accounting policies used with those of the Group.

After application of the equity method, the Group determines whether it is necessary to recognise any impairment loss on its investment in the associate companies or the jointly controlled entities. The Group determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in the associate companies or the jointly controlled entities is impaired. If this is the case, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate companies or the jointly controlled entities and its carrying value. Any impairment loss is recognised in the statements of profit or loss.

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4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

(g) Associate companies and jointly controlled entities (cont'd)

When the Group's interest in an associate company or a jointly controlled entity decreases but does not result in a loss of significant influence, any retained interest is not re-measured. Any gain or loss arising from the decrease in interest is recognised in the statements of profit or loss. Any gains or losses previously recognised in the statements of comprehensive income are also reclassified proportionately to the statements of profit or loss if that gain or loss would be required to be reclassified to the statements of profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities.

Upon loss of significant influence over the associate company or the jointly controlled entity, the Group measures and recognises any retained investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate company or jointly controlled entity upon loss of significant influence or joint control and the fair value of the retained investment against proceeds from disposal is recognised in the statements of profit or loss.

In the Company's separate statements of financial position, investments in associate companies and the jointly controlled entities are stated at cost less impairment losses. On disposal of such investments, the difference between net disposal proceeds and their carrying amounts is charged or credited to the statements of profit or loss.

(h) Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired are measured at cost on initial recognition. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is their fair value as at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or infinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised on a straight-line basis over their estimated economic useful lives and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least once at each reporting date.

Intangible assets with infinite useful lives are not amortised but tested for impairment annually or more frequently if the events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. The useful life of an intangible asset with an infinite life is also reviewed annually to determine whether the useful life assessment continues to be supportable.

Intangible assets - Stock broking dealer's license

The stock broking dealer's license was acquired by M & A Securities Sdn. Bhd., a wholly-owned subsidiary company of the Company, to operate as a "1+1 Broker" and the acquisition cost is recognised as an intangible asset in the statements of financial position.

The useful life of the stock broking dealer's license is reassessed to be infinite and therefore is not amortised. The useful life of the intangible asset is reviewed annually to determine whether the infinite useful life assessment continues to be supportable. If not, the change in useful life from infinite to finite is made on a prospective basis.

The intangible asset is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses. The intangible asset is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently if the event and circumstances indicates that the carrying value may be impaired. The policy for the recognition and measurement of impairment losses is in accordance with Note 4(j)(ii) to the financial statements.

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4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

(i) Goodwill

Goodwill acquired in a business combination represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's interest in the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed of a subsidiary company at the date of acquisition.

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiary companies is presented separately in the consolidated statements of financial position while goodwill arising on the acquisition of associate companies or the jointly controlled entities is included in the carrying amount of the investment in associate companies or the jointly controlled entities.

Goodwill on consolidation is stated at cost less impairment losses. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the goodwill may be impaired. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from synergies of the business combination.

An impairment loss is recognised in the statements of profit or loss when the carrying amount of the cash generating unit including goodwill exceeds the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit. Recoverable amount of the cash generating unit is the higher of the cash-generating unit's fair value less cost to sell and its value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

The total impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of goodwill allocated to the cash generating unit and then to the other assets of the cash-generating unit proportionately on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the cash-generating unit.

Impairment loss recognised on goodwill is not reversed in the event of an increase in recoverable amount in subsequent periods.

(j) Impairment of assets

(i) Impairment of financial assets

The Group and the Company assess on a forward-looking basis the expected credit losses ("ECL") associated with its debt instruments carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

The Group's and the Company's trade and other receivables and deposits paid, amount due from subsidiary companies, amount due from associate companies, unquoted corporate bonds, deposits with licensed banks and financial institutions and cash and bank balances are subject to the impairment requirements of MFRS 9 Financial Instruments.

ECL represent a probability-weighted estimate of the difference between present value of cash flows according to contract and present value of cash flows the Group and the Company expect to receive, over the remaining life of the financial instrument.

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4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

(j) Impairment of assets (cont'd)

(i) Impairment of financial assets (cont'd)

The measurement of ECL reflects:-

- an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes;
- the time value of money; and
- reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

Lifetime ECL are the ECL that result from all possible default events over the expected life of the asset while 12 months ECL are the portion of ECL that result from default events that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date. The maximum period considered when estimating ECL is the maximum contractual period over which the Group and the Company are exposed to credit risk.

The Group and the Company measure loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime ECL, except for debt securities that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date, and other debt securities for which credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, which are measured at 12 months ECL. Loss allowances for trade receivables, is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECL, the Group and the Company consider reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Group's and the Company's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information, where available.

An impairment loss in respect of financial assets measured at amortised cost is recognised in the statements of profit or loss and the carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account.

At each reporting date, the Group and the Company assess whether financial assets carried at amortised cost are credit-impaired. A financial asset is credit impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group and the Company determine that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off. However, financial assets that are written off are still subjected to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Group's and the Company's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

Stated below is the policy adopted by the stockbroking subsidiary company of the Group on the impairment of trade receivables.

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(CONT'D)

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

(j) Impairment of assets (cont'd)

(i) Impairment of financial assets (cont'd)

In accordance with Rule 12.04 of the Rules of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Rules"), clients' accounts are classified as non-performing (doubtful and bad) under the following circumstances:-

Type of accounts	Criteria for classification as non-performing	
	Doubtful	Bad
Contra losses	When an account remains outstanding for 16 to 30 calendar days from the date of contra transaction.	When an account remains outstanding for more than 30 calendar days from the date of contra transaction.
Overdue purchase contracts	When an account remains outstanding from T+5 market days to 30 calendar days.	When an account remains outstanding for more than 30 calendar days.
	When a Discretionary Financing ("DF") account remains outstanding from T+9 market days to 30 calendar days.	When a DF account remains outstanding for more than 30 calendar days.
Margin accounts	–	When the value of the collateral provided to secure the margin accounts have fall below 130% of the outstanding balance.

Specific allowances are made for trade receivables which are considered bad and doubtful or have been classified as non-performing, net of interest-in-suspense and taking into consideration any collateral held and the deposits of all amounts due to the stock broking subsidiary company of the Group in accordance with the Rules.

(ii) Impairment of non-financial assets

At each reporting date, the Group and the Company review the carrying amounts of their non-financial assets to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for a non-financial asset is required, the recoverable amount is estimated and an impairment loss is recognised whenever the recoverable amount of the non-financial asset is less than its carrying amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows expected to be generated by the asset are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the non-financial asset.

An impairment loss is recognised in the statements of profit or loss.

An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses for a non-financial asset may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the non-financial asset recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. If that is the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. That increase cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss be recognised previously.

All reversals of impairment losses are recognised as income in the statements of profit or loss. After such a reversal, the depreciation and amortisation of non-financial assets charges are adjusted in future periods to allocate the revised carrying amount of the asset, less any residual value, on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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(CONT'D)

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

(k) Property development costs

When a property is under development, the Directors have to consider whether the contract comprises a contract to construct a property or a contract for the sale of a completed property.

When a contract is judged to be for the construction of a property whereby the legal terms of the contract are such that the construction represents the continuous transfer of work in progress to the purchaser and when the financial outcome of a development activity can be reliably estimated, property development revenue and expenditure are recognised using the percentage of completion method as construction progresses. The stage of completion is determined by the proportion that property development costs incurred for work performed to date bear to the estimated total property development costs. In applying this method, only those costs that reflect actual development work performed are included as property development costs incurred. Where the financial outcome of a development activity cannot be reliably estimated, development revenue is recognised only to the extent of property development costs incurred that is probable will be recoverable, and property development costs on properties sold are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

When the contract is judged to be for the sale of a completed property, property development revenue and expenditure are recognised when significant risks and rewards of ownership of the real estate have been transferred to the purchaser.

Property development expenditure comprise cost of land and all related costs that are directly attributable to development activities or that can be allocated on a reasonable basis to such activities.

Any expected loss on a development project, including costs to be incurred over the defect liability period is recognised as an expense immediately.

(l) Inventories

Inventories comprising goods purchased for resale and completed development properties held for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost is determined using first-in first-out method or by specific identification. The cost of completed development properties held for sale under inventories comprises cost associated with the acquisition of land and construction costs, other direct costs and appropriate proportion of common costs.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs incurred in marketing, selling and distribution.

Allowance for diminution in value of inventories is recognised in the statements of profit or loss.

(m) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash and bank balances, bank overdrafts and deposits with licensed banks and financial institutions that are free from encumbrances and short-term highly liquid investments which have an insignificant risk of change in value.

The Group has excluded dealer's representatives' security deposits and clients' monies held in trust by the stock broking subsidiary company and cash and deposits pledged to licensed banks and financial institutions from its cash and cash equivalents.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 30 June 2020

(CONT'D)

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

(n) Financial liabilities

(i) Classification

The Group and the Company classify their financial liabilities in the following categories:-

(a) Fair value through profit or loss

Fair value through profit or loss category comprises financial liabilities that are derivatives (except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument) and financial liabilities that are specifically designated into this category upon initial recognition. The Group's financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss is derivative financial instruments entered into by the Group that do not meet the hedge accounting criteria. The Group and the Company have not elected to designate any financial liability carried at amortised cost as at fair value through profit or loss.

(b) Amortised cost

The Group's and the Company's other financial liabilities not categorised as fair value through profit or loss include trade payables, other payables, deposits received and accruals, hire purchase payables, loans and borrowings, redeemable preference shares and amount due to subsidiary companies.

Loans and borrowings and hire purchase payables are classified as current liabilities unless the Group and the Company have unconditional rights to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

(ii) Initial recognition and measurement

A financial liability is recognised in the statements of financial position when, and only when, the Group and the Company become a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs.

Loans and borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred.

(iii) Subsequent measurement - gains and losses

(a) Fair value through profit or loss

On initial recognition, the Group and the Company may irrevocably designate a financial liability that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost as at fair value through profit or loss:-

- if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise; or
- a group of financial liabilities or assets and financial liabilities is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the Group is provided internally on that basis to the Group's and the Company's key management personnel.

**NOTES TO THE
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

- 30 June 2020

(CONT'D)

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)**(n) Financial liabilities (cont'd)****(iii) Subsequent measurement - gains and losses (cont'd)****(a) Fair value through profit or loss (cont'd)**

Financial liabilities categorised as fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at their fair value with gains and losses, including any interest expense are recognised in the statements of profit or loss.

For financial liabilities where it is designated as fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition, the Group and the Company recognise the amount of change in fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to change in credit risk in the other comprehensive income and remaining amount of the change in fair value in the statements of profit or loss, unless the treatment of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch.

(b) Amortised cost

Other financial liabilities not categorised as fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Interest expense and foreign exchange gains or losses are recognised in the statements of profit or loss. Any gains or losses on derecognition are also recognised in the statements of profit or loss.

(iv) Derecognition

A financial liability or a part of it is derecognised when, and only when, the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. A financial liability is also derecognised when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different, in which case, a new financial liability based on modified terms is recognised at fair value. On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in statements of profit or loss.

(o) Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value at the date a derivative financial instrument contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of each reporting date. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in the statements of profit or loss immediately.

Fair value changes on derivative financial instruments that are not designated or do not qualify for hedge accounting are recognised in statements of profit or loss when the changes arise.

A derivative financial instrument with a positive fair value is recognised as a financial asset whereas a derivative financial instrument with a negative fair value is recognised as a financial liability. A derivative financial instrument is presented as a non-current asset or a non-current liability if the remaining maturity of the instrument is more than 12 months and it is not expected to be realised or settled within 12 months. Other derivative financial instruments are presented as current assets or current liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 30 June 2020

(CONT'D)

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

(p) Equity instruments

(i) Share capital and treasury shares

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of a company after deducting all of its liabilities. Ordinary shares are equity instruments.

Dividends on ordinary shares are recognised in equity in the period in which they are approved for payment.

When issued shares of the Company are repurchased, the consideration paid, including directly attributable transaction costs is presented as a change in equity. Repurchased shares that have not been cancelled are classified as treasury shares and presented as a deduction from equity. No gain or loss is recognised in the statements of profit or loss on the sale, reissuance or cancellation of treasury shares.

When treasury shares are distributed as share dividends, the cost of the treasury shares is applied as a reduction in retained earnings.

(ii) Redeemable preference shares ("RPS")

The RPS issued by the Company are regarded as a compound instrument, consisting of a liability component and an equity component. The component of RPS that exhibits characteristics of a liability is recognised as a financial liability in the statements of financial position. The fair value of the liability component is calculated based on the present value of the discounted cash flows of the RPS and RPS dividends over the term of the RPS, using the weighted average cost of borrowings of the Company. The dividends on the RPS are recognised as interest expense in the statements of profit or loss using the effective interest rate method.

The equity component is represented by the fair value of the free warrants issued pursuant to the issuance of the RPS, of which the fair value is allocated based on the difference between the gross proceeds from the issuance of the RPS and the fair value of the RPS, net of deferred tax. The accounting policy for warrants is in accordance with Note 4(p)(iii) to the financial statements.

(iii) Warrants

The warrants issued by the Company is recognised as an equity instrument in the statements of financial position. Its value is determined based on the difference between the gross proceeds from the issuance of the RPS and the fair value of the RPS, net of deferred tax and is classified as warrants reserve in equity.

The issuance of ordinary shares upon exercise of the warrants is treated as new subscription of ordinary shares in the Company. The proceeds are credited to share capital. The warrants reserve in relation to the unexercised warrants will be reversed upon expiry of the warrants.

(q) Non-controlling interests

Non-controlling interests in the consolidated statements of financial position consist of their share of the fair values of identifiable assets and liabilities of the acquiree and advances received from the non-controlling interests.

Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statements of financial position and consolidated statements of changes in equity within equity, separately from equity attributable to the owners of the Company. Non-controlling interests in the results of the Group is presented on the face of the consolidated statements of profit or loss as an allocation of the total profit or loss for the period between the non-controlling interests and the owners of the Company.

**NOTES TO THE
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**
- 30 June 2020
(CONT'D)

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

(q) Non-controlling interests (cont'd)

Changes in the Group's ownership interest in a subsidiary company that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interest and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary company. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

Losses applicable to the non-controlling interests in a subsidiary company are allocated to the non-controlling interests even if it results in the non-controlling interests carrying a deficit balance.

(r) Hire purchase payables

Current financial year

From 1 July 2019, hire purchase payables are presented as lease liabilities in the statements of financial position. The accounting policy for lease liabilities is in accordance with Note 4(y) to the financial statements.

Previous financial year

The cost of property, plant and equipment acquired under hire purchase arrangements are capitalised. The depreciation policy on these property, plant and equipment is similar to that of the Group's property, plant and equipment depreciation policy. Outstanding obligation due under the hire purchase arrangements after deducting finance expenses are included as liabilities in the statements of financial position. Finance charges on hire purchase arrangements are allocated to the statements of profit or loss over the period of the respective agreements.

(s) Provision for liabilities

Provision for liabilities are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligations and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount of provision is the present value of the expenditure expected to be required to settle the obligation.

(t) Contingencies

Where it is not probable that an inflow or an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the asset or the obligation is not recognised in the statements of financial position and is disclosed as a contingent asset or contingent liability, unless the probability of inflow or outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent assets or contingent liabilities unless the probability of inflow or outflow of economic benefits is remote.

(u) Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the original or modified terms of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee contracts are recognised in the statements of financial position, initially as a liability at fair value, net of transaction costs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 30 June 2020

(CONT'D)

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

(u) Financial guarantee contracts (cont'd)

Financial guarantee contracts are subsequently measured at the higher of:-

- the amount determined in accordance with the Expected Credit Losses model under MFRS 9 Financial Instruments; and
- the amount initially recognised, less, when appropriate, the cumulative amount of income recognised in accordance with the principles of MFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers.

As at the end of the reporting period, no values were placed on corporate guarantees provided by the Group and the Company as the Directors of the Company regard the value of the credit enhancement provided by the corporate guarantee as minimal.

(v) Income tax and deferred tax

Income tax in the statements of profit or loss for the financial year comprises current and deferred tax. Current tax is the expected amount of income taxes payable in respect of the taxable profit for the financial year and is measured using the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Current tax is recognised in the statements of profit or loss except to the extent that the tax relates to items recognised outside the statements of profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Deferred tax is provided for, using the liability method, on temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. In principle, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised. Deferred tax is not recognised if the temporary differences arise from goodwill or negative goodwill or from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction which is not a business combination and at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Deferred tax is recognised in the statements of profit or loss, except when it arises from a transaction which is recognised directly in equity, in which case the deferred tax is also charged or credited directly in equity, or when it arises from a business combination that is an acquisition, in which case the deferred tax is included in the resulting goodwill or negative goodwill.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same tax authorities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 30 June 2020

(CONT'D)

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

(w) Revenue recognition

The Group and the Company recognise revenue from contracts with customers for the provision of services and sale of goods based on the five-step revenue recognition model as set out below:-

- (i) Identify contract(s) with a customer. A contract is defined as an agreement between two or more parties that creates enforceable rights and obligations and sets out the criteria that must be met.
- (ii) Identify performance obligations in the contract. A performance obligation is a promise in a contract with a customer to transfer a good or service to the customer.
- (iii) Determine the transaction price. The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the Group and the Company expect to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties.
- (iv) Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract. For a contract that has more than one performance obligation, the Group and the Company allocate the transaction price to each performance obligation in an amount that depicts the amount of consideration to which the Group and the Company expect to be entitled in exchange for satisfying each performance obligation.
- (v) Recognise revenue when (or as) the Group and the Company satisfy a performance obligation.

The Group and the Company satisfy a performance obligation and recognise revenue over time if the Group's and the Company's performance:-

- (i) Do not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Company and have an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to-date; or
- (ii) Create or enhance an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or
- (iii) Provide benefits that the customer simultaneously receives and consumes as the Group and the Company perform.

For performance obligations where any one of the above conditions is not met, revenue is recognised at the point in time at which the performance obligation is satisfied.

When the Group and the Company satisfy a performance obligation by delivering the promised goods or services, it creates a contract based asset on the amount of consideration earned by the performance. Where the amount of consideration received from a customer exceeds the amount of revenue recognised, this gives rise to a contract liability.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable. The following describes the performance obligations in contracts with customers:-

(i) Sale of goods and trading activities

Revenue from sale of goods and trading activities is recognised at a point in time which is recognised upon delivery of product and customer acceptance, if any, net of discount and sale returns. Revenue is not recognised to the extent where there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due, associated costs or the possible return of goods.

(ii) Sale of securities

Revenue from sale of securities are recognised based on the contracted date and value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 30 June 2020

(CONT'D)

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

(w) Revenue recognition (cont'd)

Revenue is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable. The following describes the performance obligations in contracts with customers (cont'd):-

(iii) Revenue from stock broking activities

Revenue from stock broking activities are recognised upon execution of contract. Brokerage income is accounted for before dealer's representatives' commissions and incentives.

(iv) Rental income

Rental income from investment properties are recognised in the statements of profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the specific tenure of the respective leases. The aggregate cost of incentives provided to lessee is recognised as a reduction of rental income over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

(v) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment has been established and no significant uncertainty existed with regard to its receipt.

(vi) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on accruals basis unless recoverability is in doubt, in which case the recognition of interest is suspended. Subsequent to suspension, interest is recognised on receipt basis.

Interest income from investments in bonds, loan stocks and other income generating investments are recognised on a time proportion basis that takes into account the effective yield of the assets.

(vii) Revenue from services and fee income

Revenue from services is recognised when services are rendered and invoice issued. Revenue is recognised net of sales and service tax, where applicable.

Fee from advisory and corporate finance activities, revenue on fee income from sale of customised goods and services and contract maintenance are recognised over a period of time upon completion of each stage of the engagement.

(viii) Other revenue

All other revenues are recognised when the right to receive payment is established and to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured.

(x) Foreign currencies

(i) Functional and presentation currencies

The individual financial statements of each entity in the Group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia, which is also the functional currency of the Company.

**NOTES TO THE
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

- 30 June 2020

(CONT'D)

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)**(x) Foreign currencies (cont'd)****(ii) Foreign currency translation and balances**

In preparing the financial statements of the individual entities, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recorded in the functional currencies using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting date, monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing on the reporting date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of initial transaction.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items and on the translation of monetary items are included in the statements of profit or loss for the period. Exchange differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in the statements of profit or loss for the period except for the differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised directly in equity. Exchange differences arising from such non-monetary items are also recognised directly in equity.

(iii) Foreign operations

For the purposes of consolidation, net assets of the foreign subsidiary and associate companies are translated into Ringgit Malaysia at the exchange rate ruling at the reporting date. Income and expenses of the foreign subsidiary companies and share of comprehensive income less losses of associate companies are translated at the average rates for the financial year, which is taken as a close approximation of the exchange rates applicable at the date of the transactions. All resulting exchange differences arising from these translations are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the exchange translation reserve in equity. The exchange translation reserve is reclassified from equity to the statements of profit or loss on disposal of the foreign operation.

(y) Leases**The Group and the Company as lessee****Current financial year**

At the inception of the contract, the Group and the Company assess whether a contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys a right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Contracts may contain both lease and non-lease components. The Group and the Company have elected the practical expedient provided in MFRS 16 not to separate lease and non-lease components and will instead account for the lease and non-lease components as a single lease component.

Leases are recognised as right-of-use ("ROU") asset with a corresponding liability at the date on which the leased asset is available for use by the Group and the Company (i.e. the commencement date).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 30 June 2020

(CONT'D)

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

(y) Leases (cont'd)

The Group and the Company as lessee (cont'd)

Current financial year (cont'd)

(i) Lease term

In determining the lease term, the Group and the Company consider all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option, or not to exercise a termination option. Extension options (or periods after termination options) are only included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended (or not to be terminated).

The Group and the Company reassess the lease term upon the occurrence of a significant event or change in circumstances that is within the control of the Group and the Company and assess whether the Group and the Company are reasonably certain to exercise an option not previously included in the determination of lease term, or not to exercise an option previously included in the determination of lease term. A revision in lease term results in remeasurement of the lease liabilities.

(ii) ROU assets

The Group and the Company present ROU assets that meet the definition of investment property in the statements of financial position as investment properties. ROU assets that are not investment properties are presented within the property, plant and equipment as disclosed in Note 6 to the financial statements.

Recognition and initial measurement

The ROU assets are initially measured at cost, which comprise the initial amount of the corresponding lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and the estimated costs of dismantling and restoration costs, less any lease incentives received.

Subsequent measurement

ROU assets that are not investment properties are subsequently measured at cost, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss (if any) and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The policy for the recognition and measurement of impairment losses is in accordance with Note 4(j)(ii) to the financial statements.

The ROU assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the assets' useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. The estimated useful lives of the ROU assets are determined on the same basis as those of property, plant and equipment as disclosed in Note 4(b)(ii) to the financial statements. If the Group and the Company are reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the ROU assets are depreciated over the underlying assets' useful life.

(iii) Lease liabilities

The Group and the Company present the lease liabilities as a separate line item in the statements of financial position. Interest expense on the lease liability is presented within finance costs in the statements of profit or loss.

**NOTES TO THE
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

- 30 June 2020

(CONT'D)

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)**(y) Leases (cont'd)****The Group and the Company as lessee (cont'd)****Current financial year (cont'd)****(iii) Lease liabilities (cont'd)**

Recognition and initial measurement

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted by using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If this rate cannot be readily determined, the Group and the Company use their incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability can comprise of the followings:-

- fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments less any incentives receivable;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee;
- the exercise price under a purchase and extension option that the Group and the Company are reasonably certain to exercise; and
- penalties for early termination of a lease unless the Group and the Company are reasonably certain not to terminate early.

The Group and the Company exclude variable lease payments that depend on future performance or usage of the underlying asset from the lease liability. Instead, these payments are recognised in the statements of profit or loss in the period in which the performance or use occurs.

Subsequent measurement

The lease liability is subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in the future lease payments (other than lease modification that is not accounted for as a separate lease) with the corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the ROU asset or is recognised in statements of profit or loss if the carrying amount has been reduced to zero.

(iv) Short-term leases and leases of low value assets

The Group and the Company apply recognition exemption to their short-term leases and low value assets. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of twelve months or less and do not contain a purchase option. Payments associated with short-term leases and low value assets are recognised as an expense in the statements of profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Previous financial year**Operating leases**

Leases of assets where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the assets remain with the lessor are accounted for as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the statements of profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant leases.

When an operating lease is terminated before the lease period has expired, any payment required to be made to the lessor by way of penalty is recognised as an expense in the statements of profit or loss immediately. The aggregate benefit of incentives provided by the lessor, if any, is recognised as a reduction of rental expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 30 June 2020

(CONT'D)

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

(y) Leases (cont'd)

The Group and the Company as lessee (cont'd)

Previous financial year (cont'd)

Finance leases

Leases of assets of which the Group assumed substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership were classified as financial lease. Upon initial recognition, the leased asset was measured at an amount equal to the lower of its fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Subsequent to initial recognition, the asset was accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to that asset.

Minimum lease payments made under finance leases were apportioned between the finance expense and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance expense was allocated to each period during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the lease liability.

Leasehold land which in substance was a finance lease was classified as property, plant and equipment, or as investment property if held to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both.

The Group as lessor

Lessor accounting under MFRS 16 is substantially unchanged compared to MFRS 117.

Recognition and initial measurement

When the Group acts as lessor, it determines at lease inception whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease.

To classify each lease, the Group makes an overall assessment of whether the lease transfers substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset. If this is the case, then the lease is finance lease, if not, then it is an operating lease.

Subsequent measurement

Where the Group acts as lessor in an operating lease arrangement, the Group recognises lease payments received in the statements of profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(z) Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are expensed to the statements of profit or loss using the effective interest method, in the period in which they are incurred except to the extent that they are capitalised as part of the cost of a qualifying asset if the cost is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of the qualifying asset.

Capitalisation of borrowing costs commences when the activities to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are in progress and the expenditure and borrowing costs are incurred. Borrowing costs are capitalised until the asset is substantially completed for its intended use or sale. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended or ceased when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are interrupted or completed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 30 June 2020

(CONT'D)

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

(aa) Employee benefits

(i) Short term employee benefits

Wages, salaries, allowances, bonuses, incentives, employer insurance scheme and social security contributions are recognised as expenses in the financial year in which the associated services are rendered by employees of the Group. Short term accumulating compensated absences such as paid annual leave are recognised when services are rendered by employees that increase their entitlement to future compensated absences. Short term non-accumulating compensated absences such as sick leave are recognised when the absences occur.

(ii) Defined contribution plans

Defined contribution plans are post-employment benefit plans under which the Group pays fixed contributions into separate entities or funds and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further if any of the funds do not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits relating to employee services in the current and preceding financial years.

Such contribution is recognised as an expense in the statements of profit or loss as incurred. As required by law, companies in Malaysia make contributions to the Employees Provident Fund ("EPF"). Some of the Group's foreign subsidiary companies make contributions to their respective countries statutory pension schemes.

(bb) Segmental reporting

The Group prepares segmental reporting wherein the operating segments are identified on the basis of internal reports on the operating segments of the Group that are regularly reviewed by the Group's chief operating decision maker in order to allocate resources to the segments and to assess their performance.

In identifying the operating segments, the management generally follows the Group's classification of operating segments, which represent the main products and services provided by the Group. Each of these operating segments is managed separately as each of these segments requires different technologies and resources. All inter segment transfers are carried out on negotiated basis.

(cc) Related parties

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the entity that is preparing its financial statements ("the reporting entity"). A related party transaction is a transfer of resources, services or obligations between the reporting entity and its related party, regardless of whether a price is charged.

A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the reporting entity if that person:-

- has control or joint control over the reporting entity;
- has significant influence over the reporting entity; or
- is a member of the key management personnel of the reporting entity.

An entity is related to the reporting entity if any of the following conditions applies:-

- the entity and the reporting entity are members of the same group;
- one entity is an associate company or jointly controlled entity of the reporting entity;
- both the entities are jointly controlled entities of the same third party;
- one entity is a jointly controlled entity of a third entity and the other entity is an associate company of the third entity;
- the entity is controlled or jointly-controlled by a person identified in the preceding paragraph above;
- the entity provides key management personnel services to the reporting entity; or
- a person who has control or joint control over the reporting entity has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity.

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- 30 June 2020

(CONT'D)

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

(dd) Goods and Services Tax ("GST") and Sales and Service Tax ("SST")

GST

The net amount of GST recoverable from or payable to the tax authorities, is included as part of receivables or payables in the statements of financial position.

Cash flows are included in the statements of cash flows on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which is recoverable from, or payable to the tax authorities are classified as operating cash flows.

GST implemented by the Malaysian government on 1 April 2015, was replaced by the SST starting 1 September 2018.

SST

SST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item.

The amount of SST payable to the taxation authority is included as part of payables in the statements of financial position.

(ee) Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with.

Where the government grant relates to an asset, the grant is credited to a deferred income account in the statements of financial position and is amortised to the statements of profit or loss over the expected useful life of the relevant asset by equal annual instalments.

Other government grants are recognised as income over the periods necessary to match the government grants with the costs for which they are intended to compensate, on a systematic basis. Government grants that are receivable for the purpose of giving immediate financial support with no future related costs are recognised in the statements of profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

5 MFRSs

The accounting policies adopted by the Group and the Company are consistent with those of the previous financial year and in conformity with the applicable MFRSs issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB"):-

(a) Adoption of new and revised Standards that are effective

At the beginning of the current financial year, the Group and the Company adopted new Standard, amendments to Standards, annual improvements to Standards and IC Interpretations issued by the MASB which are relevant to the Group and the Company for the financial year beginning on or after 1 July 2019.

The new Standard, amendments to Standards, annual improvements to Standards and IC Interpretations did not have any material financial impact on the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, except as follows:-

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- 30 June 2020

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5 MFRSs (CONT'D)

(a) Adoption of new and revised Standards that are effective (cont'd)

MFRS 16 Leases ("MFRS 16")

MFRS 16 replaces MFRS 117 Leases ("MFRS 117") and its related interpretations. The Standard sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases and requires lessees to recognise most leases on the statements of financial position.

MFRS 16 eliminates the classification of leases by the lessee as either finance leases or operating leases. MFRS 16 introduces a single accounting model, requiring the lessee to recognise the ROU of the underlying assets and the lease liabilities reflecting future lease payments liabilities in the statements of financial position. At the commencement of a lease, a lessee will recognise a liability to make lease payments (the lease liability) and an asset representing the ROU asset during the lease term. The ROU asset (other than ROU asset that meet the definition of investment property), is depreciated in accordance with the principles in MFRS 116 Property, Plant and Equipment, and the lease liability is accreted over time with interest expense recognised in the statements of profit or loss.

Lessor accounting under MFRS 16 is substantially unchanged when compared to MFRS 117. Lessor continues to classify all leases as either operating leases or finance leases using similar principles as in MFRS 117. Therefore, MFRS 16 does not have an impact for leases where the Group is the lessor.

Where the Group and the Company are a lessee, the Group and the Company applied the requirements of MFRS 16 for the first time in the current financial year by using the modified retrospective approach under which the cumulative effect of initial application, if any, is recognised as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings as at 1 July 2019 without restating any comparative information.

In applying MFRS 16 for the first time, the Group and the Company elected to apply the practical expedient permitted by MFRS 16 not to reassess whether a contract is, or contains a lease at the date of initial application. Instead, for contracts entered into before the transition date, the Group and the Company relied on its assessment by applying MFRS 117 and IC Interpretation 4 "Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease". Therefore, the definition of a lease under MFRS 16 has been applied only to contracts entered into or changed on or after 1 July 2019.

The Group and the Company as lessee

(i) Leases previously classified as operating leases

At 1 July 2019, for leases that were classified as operating lease under MFRS 117, lease liabilities were measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted at the Group's and the Company's incremental borrowing rate as at 1 July 2019. The weighted-average rate applied by the Group and the Company are 5.73% and 5.65% respectively. ROU assets were measured at the amount equal to the lease liability, adjusted by the amount of any prepaid lease payments.

The Group and the Company applied the following practical expedients in applying MFRS 16 for the first time:-

- applied a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with reasonably similar characteristics;
- applied the exemption not to recognise ROU assets and lease liabilities for leases with a remaining lease term of less than 12 months as at the date of initial application;
- excluded initial direct costs for the measurement of the ROU asset at the date of initial application; and
- used hindsight in determining the lease term if the lease contract contains options to extend or terminate the lease.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 30 June 2020

(CONT'D)

5 MFRSs (CONT'D)

(a) Adoption of new and revised Standards that are effective (cont'd)

MFRS 16 Leases ("MFRS 16") (cont'd)

The Group and the Company as lessee (cont'd)

(i) Leases previously classified as operating leases (cont'd)

As permitted by MFRS 16, the Group and the Company have applied lease recognition exemption to short term leases (a lease with lease term of 12 months or less from date of commencement and do not contain a purchase option) and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value. Payments associated with short-term leases and low value assets are recognised as an expense in the statements of profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(ii) Leases previously classified as finance leases

For leases that were classified as finance leases under MFRS 117, the carrying amounts of the ROU assets and the lease liabilities at 1 July 2019 are determined to be the same as the carrying amount of the leased assets and lease liabilities under MFRS 117 immediately before that date. Consequently, the Group and the Company had reclassified the carrying amount as at 1 July 2019 for leasehold land and buildings and motor vehicles under hire purchase arrangements to ROU assets within property, plant and equipment, as disclosed in Note 6 to the financial statements. The Group and the Company have also reclassified the carrying amount as at 1 July 2019 for hire purchase payables to lease liabilities as disclosed in Note 27 to the financial statements.

The impact of adoption of MFRS 16 in the current financial year on the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure in the financial statements of the Group and the Company are as follows:-

(i) Statements of financial position

The adoption of MFRS 16 affects only the Group's and the Company's classification in the statements of financial position as follows:-

	As at 30 June 2019 RM'000	Effects of adoption of MFRS 16 RM'000	As at 1 July 2019 RM'000
Group			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	161,021	735	161,756
Associate companies	437,421	(461)	436,960
Equity			
Retained earnings	892,581	(461)	892,120
Non-current liabilities and current liabilities			
Lease liabilities	-	83,455	83,455
Hire purchase payables	82,720	(82,720)	-
Company			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	105	691	796
Non-current liabilities and current liabilities			
Lease liabilities	-	691	691

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 30 June 2020

(CONT'D)

5 MFRSs (CONT'D)

(a) Adoption of new and revised Standards that are effective (cont'd)

MFRS 16 Leases ("MFRS 16") (cont'd)

The Group and the Company as lessee (cont'd)

The impact of adoption of MFRS 16 in the current financial year on the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure in the financial statements of the Group and the Company are as follows (cont'd):-

(ii) Statements of profit or loss

Rental expenses will be replaced by depreciation of ROU assets (included within depreciation of property, plant and equipment) and interest expense on lease liabilities (included within finance cost) in the statements of profit or loss, similar to finance lease under MFRS 117.

(iii) Statements of cash flows

Repayment of lease liabilities other than short-term leases and low value assets leases which were previously recorded within operating activities are now disclosed under financing activities.

Reconciliation for the differences between operating lease commitments disclosed as at 30 June 2019 and lease liabilities recognised at the date of initial application on 1 July 2019 is as follows:-

	Group RM'000	Company RM'000
Operating lease commitments as at 30 June 2019 (Note 47(a))	1,064	748
Discounted using the Group's and Company's incremental borrowing rate at the date of initial application on 1 July 2019	1,004	691
Add/(Less):		
Hire purchase payables as at 30 June 2019	82,720	-
Recognition exemption for short term leases	(269)	-
Lease liabilities as at 1 July 2019	83,455	691

The Group as lessor

The Group is not required to make any adjustments to the accounting for assets held by the Group as lessor upon the adoption of MFRS 16.

(b) New and revised Standards that have been issued but are not yet effective

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, certain new Standard, amendments to Standards and annual improvements to Standards have been issued by the MASB but are not yet effective, and have not been early adopted by the Group and the Company.

Management anticipates that all relevant pronouncements will be adopted in the Group's and the Company's accounting policies for the first period beginning after the effective date of the pronouncements.

The initial applications of these relevant new Standard, amendments to Standards and annual improvements to Standards are not expected to have any material financial impact on the financial statements of the Group and the Company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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6 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Group	Owned assets					ROU assets			Total RM'000
	Land and buildings RM'000	Plant and machinery RM'000	Motor vehicles RM'000	Renovation RM'000	Office furniture, fittings and equipment RM'000	Land and buildings RM'000	Motor vehicles under lease RM'000	Premises under lease RM'000	
2020									
Cost									
At beginning of financial year									
- As previously reported	33,401	214	198,915	7,850	9,528	-	-	-	249,908
- Effect of adoption of MFRS 16	(22,023)	-	(170,850)	-	-	22,023	170,850	735	735
- As restated	11,378	214	28,065	7,850	9,528	22,023	170,850	735	250,643
Additions	-	-	2,187	144	623	-	22,736	-	25,690
Transfer from investment properties	885	-	-	-	56	1,361	-	-	2,302
Disposals	-	-	(5,618)	(24)	(5)	-	(13,775)	-	(19,422)
Disposal of subsidiary companies	-	(215)	(9,698)	(861)	(2,277)	(7,215)	(125,847)	-	(146,113)
Reclassification	-	-	3,495	(6)	6	-	(3,495)	-	-
Written off	-	-	-	(381)	-	-	-	-	(381)
Expiration of lease contract	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(44)	(44)
Exchange differences	32	1	45	6	11	31	560	-	686
At end of financial year	12,295	-	18,476	6,728	7,942	16,200	51,029	691	113,361
Accumulated depreciation									
At beginning of financial year									
- As previously reported	3,862	209	71,190	5,973	7,653	-	-	-	88,887
- Effect of adoption of MFRS 16	(2,130)	-	(51,855)	-	-	2,130	51,855	-	-
- As restated	1,732	209	19,335	5,973	7,653	2,130	51,855	-	88,887
Charge for the financial year	236	3	2,111	645	546	243	13,668	421	17,873
Transfer from investment properties	315	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	315
Disposals	-	-	(5,100)	(20)	(5)	-	(7,111)	-	(12,236)
Disposal of subsidiary companies	-	(213)	(4,350)	(655)	(1,436)	(901)	(34,183)	-	(41,738)
Reclassification	-	-	2,983	(5)	5	-	(2,983)	-	-
Written off	-	-	-	(323)	-	-	-	-	(323)
Expiration of lease contract	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(44)	(44)
Exchange differences	4	1	10	5	7	4	157	-	188
At end of financial year	2,287	-	14,989	5,620	6,770	1,476	21,403	377	52,922
Net carrying amount as at 30 June 2020	10,008	-	3,487	1,108	1,172	14,724	29,626	314	60,439

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 30 June 2020

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6 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D)

Group (cont'd)

Analysis of land and buildings:-

	← Owned assets →			← ROU assets →		Total RM'000
	Freehold land and buildings RM'000	Short term leasehold land and buildings RM'000	Long term leasehold land and buildings RM'000	Short term leasehold land and buildings RM'000	Long term leasehold land and buildings RM'000	
2020						
Cost						
At beginning of financial year						
- As previously reported	11,378	7,184	14,839	-	-	33,401
- Effect of adoption of MFRS 16	-	(7,184)	(14,839)	7,184	14,839	-
- As restated	11,378	-	-	7,184	14,839	33,401
Transfer from investment properties	885	-	-	-	1,361	2,246
Disposal of subsidiary companies	-	-	-	(7,215)	-	(7,215)
Exchange differences	32	-	-	31	-	63
At end of financial year	12,295	-	-	-	16,200	28,495
Accumulated depreciation						
At beginning of financial year						
- As previously reported	1,732	826	1,304	-	-	3,862
- Effect of adoption of MFRS 16	-	(826)	(1,304)	826	1,304	-
- As restated	1,732	-	-	826	1,304	3,862
Charge for the financial year	236	-	-	71	172	479
Transfer from investment properties	315	-	-	-	-	315
Disposal of subsidiary companies	-	-	-	(901)	-	(901)
Exchange differences	4	-	-	4	-	8
At end of financial year	2,287	-	-	-	1,476	3,763
Net carrying amount as at 30 June 2020	10,008	-	-	-	14,724	24,732

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 30 June 2020

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6 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D)

Group (cont'd)

	Land and buildings RM'000	Plant and machinery RM'000	Motor vehicles RM'000	Renovation RM'000	Office furniture, fittings and equipment RM'000	Total RM'000
2019						
Cost						
At beginning of financial year	32,883	398	196,728	7,865	9,570	247,444
Additions	-	-	37,185	33	635	37,853
Transfer from investment properties	15	-	-	-	-	15
Disposals	-	-	(39,245)	(3)	(126)	(39,374)
Written off	-	(191)	-	(91)	(625)	(907)
Exchange differences	503	7	4,247	46	74	4,877
At end of financial year	33,401	214	198,915	7,850	9,528	249,908
Accumulated depreciation						
At beginning of financial year	3,268	326	69,663	5,221	7,561	86,039
Charge for the financial year	550	68	25,848	777	725	27,968
Transfer from investment properties	5	-	-	-	-	5
Disposals	-	-	(25,460)	(2)	(105)	(25,567)
Written off	-	(191)	-	(49)	(572)	(812)
Exchange differences	39	6	1,139	26	44	1,254
At end of financial year	3,862	209	71,190	5,973	7,653	88,887
Net carrying amount as at 30 June 2019	29,539	5	127,725	1,877	1,875	161,021

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 30 June 2020

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6 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D)

Group (cont'd)

Analysis of land and buildings:-

	Freehold land and buildings RM'000	Short term leasehold land and buildings RM'000	Long term leasehold land and buildings RM'000	Total RM'000
2019				
Cost				
At beginning of financial year	11,105	6,939	14,839	32,883
Transfer from investment properties	15	-	-	15
Exchange differences	258	245	-	503
At end of financial year	11,378	7,184	14,839	33,401
Accumulated depreciation				
At beginning of financial year	1,493	636	1,139	3,268
Charge for the financial year	219	166	165	550
Transfer from investment properties	5	-	-	5
Exchange differences	15	24	-	39
At end of financial year	1,732	826	1,304	3,862
Net carrying amount as at 30 June 2019	9,646	6,358	13,535	29,539

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 30 June 2020

(CONT'D)

6 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D)

Company

	← Owned assets →					ROU asset	Total RM'000
	Motor vehicles RM'000	Renovation RM'000	Furniture and fittings RM'000	Computer equipment RM'000	Office equipment RM'000	Premises under lease RM'000	
2020							
Cost							
At beginning of financial year							
- As previously reported	147	108	484	167	160	-	1,066
- Effect of adoption of MFRS 16	-	-	-	-	-	691	691
- As restated	147	108	484	167	160	691	1,757
Additions	-	-	30	7	30	-	67
At end of financial year	147	108	514	174	190	691	1,824
Accumulated depreciation							
At beginning of financial year	147	108	480	76	150	-	961
Charge for the financial year	-	-	2	26	3	377	408
At end of financial year	147	108	482	102	153	377	1,369
Net carrying amount as at 30 June 2020	-	-	32	72	37	314	455
	Motor vehicles RM'000	Renovation RM'000	Furniture and fittings RM'000	Computer equipment RM'000	Office equipment RM'000	Total RM'000	
2019							
Cost							
At beginning of financial year	147	108	482	195	155		1,087
Additions	-	-	2	23	6		31
Written off	-	-	-	(51)	(1)		(52)
At end of financial year	147	108	484	167	160		1,066
Accumulated depreciation							
At beginning of financial year	147	108	447	104	145		951
Charge for the financial year	-	-	33	23	6		62
Written off	-	-	-	(51)	(1)		(52)
At end of financial year	147	108	480	76	150		961
Net carrying amount as at 30 June 2019	-	-	4	91	10		105

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 30 June 2020

(CONT'D)

6 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D)

- (a) The net carrying amount of property, plant and equipment pledged to licensed banks and financial institutions for banking facilities granted to the Group are as follows:-

	Group	
	2020	2019
	RM'000	RM'000
Owned assets		
Freehold land and buildings	3,136	2,651
Short term leasehold land and buildings	-	6,358
Long term leasehold land and buildings	-	13,535
	3,136	22,544
ROU assets		
Long term leasehold land and buildings	14,724	-

- (b) The net carrying amount of property, plant and equipment acquired under lease liabilities (2019: hire purchase arrangements) are as follows:-

	Group	
	2020	2019
	RM'000	RM'000
Motor vehicles	29,626	118,995

- (c) The Group and the Company have certain leases of equipments, premises and motor vehicles with lease terms of 12 months or less or with low value. The Group and the Company applied the short term lease and lease of low value assets recognition exemptions for these leases.
- (d) Extension and termination options are included in premises' leases. These are used to maximise operational flexibility in terms of managing the assets used in operations.

Upon expiry of the lease term, the Group shall have the option to renew the lease at an annual rent to be mutually agreed with the lessor, which the option is exercisable by the Group. In the event the lease is terminated before expiry of the tenure, the Group shall be liable to pay the lessor a sum equal to the annual rent for the remaining unexpired period.

- (e) During the financial year, the Group's cost and accumulated depreciation for motor vehicles under lease amounting to RM3,495,000 and RM2,983,000 respectively were reclassified from ROU assets to owned assets within property, plant and equipment due to ownership of the leased motor vehicles were transferred to the Group as the lease liabilities for the motor vehicles have been fully settled during the financial year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 30 June 2020

(CONT'D)

7 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Group	ROU assets		Owned assets				Total RM'000
	Long term leasehold land and buildings RM'000	Freehold land RM'000	Freehold land and buildings RM'000	Long term leasehold land and buildings RM'000	Freehold land and buildings under construction RM'000	Land held for development RM'000	
2020							
At beginning of financial year							
- As previously reported	-	-	105,718	43,940	-	38,000	187,658
- Effect of adoption of MFRS 16	43,940	-	-	(43,940)	-	-	-
- As restated	43,940	-	105,718	-	-	38,000	187,658
Additions	-	-	6,463	-	-	-	6,463
Written off	(100)	-	-	-	-	-	(100)
Transfer to property, plant and equipment	(1,417)	-	(570)	-	-	-	(1,987)
Fair value gain/(loss)	156	-	(144)	-	-	-	12
Exchange differences	-	-	181	-	-	-	181
Net carrying amount as at 30 June 2020							
- At fair value	42,579	-	111,648	-	-	38,000	192,227
2019							
At beginning of financial year	-	14,300	86,632	40,083	19,289	38,000	198,304
Additions	-	-	-	156	304	-	460
Disposals	-	(14,300)	-	-	-	-	(14,300)
Reclassification	-	-	19,593	-	(19,593)	-	-
Transfer to property, plant and equipment	-	-	(10)	-	-	-	(10)
Fair value (loss)/gain	-	-	(1,988)	3,701	-	-	1,713
Exchange differences	-	-	1,491	-	-	-	1,491
Net carrying amount as at 30 June 2019							
- At fair value	-	-	105,718	43,940	-	38,000	187,658

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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(CONT'D)

7 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONT'D)

- (a) The rental income and associated direct operating expenses of the investment properties are disclosed in Note 32, Note 33 and Note 36 to the financial statements.
- (b) The carrying amount of investment properties pledged to licensed banks and financial institutions for banking facilities granted to the Group are as follows:-

	Group	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Freehold land and buildings	80,214	79,319
Long term leasehold land and buildings	42,491	43,852
	122,705	123,171

- (c) The following table provides an analysis of the fair value hierarchy of investment properties that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Level 1 to Level 3 based on degree to which the fair value is observable:-

- (i) Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- (ii) Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- (iii) Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Group	Level 1 RM'000	Level 2 RM'000	Level 3 RM'000	Total RM'000
2020				
Investment properties				
ROU assets - Long term leasehold land and buildings	-	42,579	-	42,579
Freehold land and buildings	-	111,648	-	111,648
Land held for development	-	38,000	-	38,000
	-	192,227	-	192,227
2019				
Investment properties				
Freehold land and buildings	-	105,718	-	105,718
Long term leasehold land and buildings	-	43,940	-	43,940
Land held for development	-	38,000	-	38,000
	-	187,658	-	187,658

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 30 June 2020

(CONT'D)

7 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONT'D)

- (c) The following table provides an analysis of the fair value hierarchy of investment properties that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Level 1 to Level 3 based on degree to which the fair value is observable (cont'd):-

The Level 2 fair value measurements are derived from the following valuation methods adopted to determine the fair value of the investment properties:-

- (i) Sales comparison method entails analysing the recent transactions and asking prices of similar property in and around the locality for comparison purposes with adjustments made to differences in location, visibility, size and tenure etc.
 - (ii) Investment method entails determining the net annual income by deducting annual outgoings from gross annual income and capitalising the net income by suitable rate of return consistent with the type and investment to arrive at the market value of the investment properties.
 - (iii) Reference to market evidence of transacted prices for similar properties using comparable prices adjusted for specific market factors such as nature, location and condition of the investment properties.
- (d) Borrowing costs capitalised in the preceding financial year was RM54,000. The effective interest rates of the specific borrowing was 4.27% to 4.52%.
- (e) In the preceding financial year, the freehold land was disposed for a sale consideration of RM14,871,800. The sale consideration was partly settled by cash of RM491,840 and the remaining RM14,379,960 via apartment units which is included in sundry receivable as disclosed in Note 15 to the financial statements.

8 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Group		Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
At fair value				
Unquoted investments outside Malaysia	23,457	20,523	-	-
Unquoted investments in Malaysia	6,228	228	-	-
Other investments in Malaysia	750	750	345	345
Other investments outside Malaysia	1,470	1,470	595	595
	31,905	22,971	940	940

The fair value of unquoted investments is determined based on the valuation techniques supported by available inputs comprising precedent transaction for similar financial instruments.

The fair value of other investments is determined based on the fair value obtained from the club memberships' websites whereby the quotes obtained reflected transactions in similar instruments.

In the preceding financial year, the Group reclassified its quoted securities which was carried at fair value through other comprehensive income to investment in associate companies as a result of increase in ownership interest in the investment. The fair value upon derecognition was RM18,900,000.

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9 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTISED COST

The Group's investment in unquoted corporate bonds are held within a business model whose objective is to hold the assets to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

	Group	
	2020	2019
	RM'000	RM'000
Non-current (maturity later than 1 year)		
Unquoted corporate bonds outside Malaysia, at cost	1,529	2,306
Unquoted corporate bond in Malaysia, at cost	786	787
Add/(Less):-		
Accretion of discount	(1)	(1)
Amortisation of premium	3	4
Accumulated impairment loss	(69)	-
Net carrying amount at end of financial year	2,248	3,096
Current (maturity within 1 year)		
Unquoted corporate bonds outside Malaysia, at cost	778	1,512
Less:-		
Accretion of discounts	-	(2)
Net carrying amount at end of financial year	778	1,510
	3,026	4,606

The Group's investment in unquoted corporate bonds amounting to RM3,026,000 (2019: RM4,606,000) have been pledged to a licensed financial institution for credit facilities granted to the Group.

The effective interest rate per annum for financial assets at amortised cost are 4.38% to 4.50% (2019: 4.38% to 6.63%).

Impairment on financial assets at amortised cost

The Group assesses whether there is 12-months impairment loss on financial assets at amortised cost based on a forward-looking expected credit loss model on its initial recognition. At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether a lifetime expected credit loss is applied if the credit risk on the financial assets at amortised cost has increased significantly since its initial recognition. The amount of impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying value and the recoverable amount which is based on the reference value obtained from a licensed financial institution at the reporting date. The Group has identified impairment loss of RM69,000 (2019: writeback of impairment loss of RM20,000) on unquoted corporate bonds and had recognised the impairment loss (2019: writeback of impairment loss) in the statements of profit or loss.

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9 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTISED COST (CONT'D)

The movement of the impairment account used to record impairment is as follows:-

	Group	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
At beginning of financial year	-	20
Charge for the financial year	69	-
Writeback during the financial year	-	(20)
At end of financial year	69	-

10 SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

	Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
(a) Unquoted shares, at cost	196,991	196,985
Equity loan (Note 10(c))	277,668	285,146
Redeemable convertible preference shares (Note 10(d))	480,355	360,510
Less: Accumulated impairment loss	(32,907)	(32,907)
	922,107	809,734

The movement of the impairment account used to record impairment is as follows:-

	Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
At beginning of financial year	32,907	32,856
Charge for the financial year	-	51
At end of financial year	32,907	32,907

The Company assesses whether there is any indicator of impairment during the financial year. In doing this, management had considered the current environment and financial performance of its subsidiary companies as impairment indicators. An impairment loss on investment in a subsidiary company amounting to RM51,000 had been recognised in the preceding financial year.

The Group's and the Company's equity interest in the subsidiary companies, their respective principal activities and countries of incorporation are shown in Note 50 to the financial statements. The Company does not have any subsidiary companies which are controlled with less than a majority of voting rights and the Group does not have any material non-controlling interests.

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10 SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES (CONT'D)

(b) Amount due from/(to) subsidiary companies

	Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Non-current asset		
Amount due from subsidiary companies	4,862	8,708
Current asset		
Amount due from subsidiary companies	186,356	196,349
Less: Allowance for impairment	(372)	(324)
	185,984	196,025
Total	190,846	204,733

The amount due from subsidiary companies are interest bearing (except for certain advances which are interest free), unsecured and are repayable on demand.

The amount due to subsidiary companies are interest free, unsecured and are repayable on demand.

The movement of the allowance account used to record the impairment is as follows:-

	Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
At beginning of financial year	324	302
Charge for the financial year	48	22
At end of financial year	372	324

The carrying amount of amount due from subsidiary companies is as follows:-

	Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Amount due from subsidiary companies, at gross	192,262	207,474
Less: Fair value adjustment calculated based on cash flows discounted using weighted average effective interest rate	(1,044)	(2,417)
Amount due from subsidiary companies, at amortised cost	191,218	205,057
Less: Allowance for impairment	(372)	(324)
	190,846	204,733

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10 SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES (CONT'D)

- (b) Amount due from/(to) subsidiary companies (cont'd)

The carrying amount of amount due from subsidiary companies is as follows (cont'd):-

	Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Represented by:-		
Amount due from subsidiary companies		
- non-current	4,862	8,708
- current	185,984	196,025
	190,846	204,733

The reconciliation of movements to fair value adjustment for non-current amount due from subsidiary companies is as follows:-

	Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
At beginning of financial year	(2,417)	-
Unwinding interest on amount due from subsidiary companies carried at amortised cost during the financial year	1,472	-
Loss on amount due from subsidiary companies carried at amortised cost during the financial year	(99)	(2,417)
At end of financial year	(1,044)	(2,417)

- (c) Equity loan

During the financial year, an amount of RM7,840,000 (2019: RM1,540,000) due from a subsidiary company was reclassified as equity loan as the amount is not expected to be repayable within the next twelve months and is equity in nature. The fair value of this amount cannot be reliably measured, and consequently, the amount has been measured at cost. During the financial year, equity loan of RM15,318,000 (2019: RM200,000 due from a subsidiary company) due from subsidiary companies were repaid.

- (d) Redeemable convertible preference shares ("RCPS")

During the financial year:-

An amount of RM119,845,000 due from certain subsidiary companies were capitalised by way of investment in RCPS upon the allotment of 119,845,000 units of RCPS by the subsidiary companies to the Company at an issue price of RM1.00 each.

In the preceding financial year:-

- (i) An amount of RM4,550,000 due from certain subsidiary companies were capitalised by way of investment in RCPS upon the allotment of 4,550,000 units of RCPS by the subsidiary companies to the Company at an issue price of RM1.00 each; and
- (ii) 1,100,000 RCPS were redeemed by a subsidiary company at the redemption price of RM1.00 per RCPS out of the capital of the subsidiary company for total cash of RM1,100,000.

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11 ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

	Group		Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
(a) Quoted shares in Malaysia, at cost	226,438	216,822	-	-
Unquoted shares in Malaysia, at cost	20,264	11,584	262	262
Unquoted shares outside Malaysia, at cost	38,338	34,343	-	-
Group's share of post acquisition:				
- profits less losses	91,551	96,250	-	-
- reserves	93,576	84,525	-	-
	470,167	443,524	262	262
Less:-				
Accumulated impairment loss				
- unquoted shares	(11,709)	(6,103)	(251)	(248)
	458,458	437,421	11	14
Represented by:-				
Share of net assets	342,848	323,080		
Goodwill on acquisition	115,610	114,341		
	458,458	437,421		
Market value of quoted shares in Malaysia	1,080,210	998,535		

The movement of the impairment account used to record the impairment is as follows:-

	Group		Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
At beginning of financial year	6,103	4,161	248	245
Charge for the financial year	5,606	1,942	3	3
At end of financial year	11,709	6,103	251	248

The Group and the Company assess whether there is any indicator of impairment during the financial year. In doing this, management of the Group and of the Company had considered the current environment and financial performance of the associate companies as impairment indicators. An impairment loss on investment in associate companies of the Group and of the Company amounting to RM5,606,000 (2019: RM1,942,000) and RM3,000 (2019: RM3,000) respectively have been recognised during the financial year.

The Group's and the Company's equity interest in the associate companies, their respective principal activities and countries of incorporation are shown in Note 51 to the financial statements.

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(CONT'D)

11 ASSOCIATE COMPANIES (CONT'D)

(a) (cont'd):-

Interest in Ho Hup Construction Company Berhad ("Ho Hup")

With effect from 1 January 2016, the Group commenced equity accounting for its interest in Ho Hup although the Group holds less than 20% of the voting shares in Ho Hup, in compliance with the provisions contained in MFRS 128 Investment in Associates and Joint Ventures, by virtue of the Group's ability to exercise significant influence and participate in the financial and operating policies in Ho Hup.

Interest in Inari Amertron Berhad ("Inari")

During the financial year ended 30 June 2018, the Group's equity interest in Inari had been diluted to below 20%. The Group continued equity accounting for the Group's investment in Inari although it holds less than 20% of the voting shares in Inari, as the Group undertakes to hold its equity interest in Inari for long term and is able to participate in the financial and operating policies in Inari by virtue of having board representation in Inari.

(b) Amount due from associate companies

	Group		Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Amount due from associate companies	68,462	89,571	397	390
Less: Allowance for impairment	(184)	-	-	-
	68,278	89,571	397	390

The amount due from associate companies are unsecured, interest free (except for certain advances which are secured and are interest bearing) and are repayable on demand.

The movement of the impairment account used to record impairment is as follows:-

	Group	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
At beginning of financial year	-	-
Charge for the financial year	184	-
At end of financial year	184	-

(c) Contingent liabilities

	Group	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Share of associate companies' contingent liabilities:-		
- Corporate guarantees given by associate companies to licensed banks and financial institutions and to suppliers	42,877	45,434

(d) Quoted shares in an associate company with market value of RM672,284,000 (2019: RM434,082,000) have been pledged to licensed banks and financial institutions for credit facilities granted to the Company and certain subsidiary companies.

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11 ASSOCIATE COMPANIES (CONT'D)

- (e) The summarised financial information in respect of the Group's major associate companies are as follows:-

	Inari Amertron Berhad Group RM'000	Ho Hup Construction Company Berhad Group RM'000	Melium Holdings Sdn. Bhd. Group RM'000	Winfields Development Sdn. Bhd. Group RM'000	Diversified Gateway Solutions Berhad Group RM'000	Other associate companies RM'000	Total RM'000
Financial positions as at 30 June 2020							
Assets and liabilities							
Non-current assets	493,374	477,822	68,767	83,563	3,126	50,998	1,177,650
Current assets	970,777	898,303	59,940	191,034	53,335	37,667	2,211,056
Non-current liabilities	(19,426)	(228,269)	(36,294)	(4,188)	(1,020)	(25,999)	(315,196)
Current liabilities	(240,024)	(688,141)	(64,680)	(237,073)	(11,730)	(24,104)	(1,265,752)
Net assets	1,204,701	459,715	27,733	33,336	43,711	38,562	1,807,758
Carrying amount of proportion of the Group's ownership	226,075	54,731	11,918	18,133	11,137	20,854	342,848
Financial performance for financial year ended 30 June 2020							
Results							
Revenue	1,057,951	419,743	109,502	3,941	56,314	14,021	1,661,472
Attributable to owners of the investee:-							
Profit/(Loss) for the financial year	155,750	71,215	(4,838)	(25,333)	(5,579)	4,405	195,620
Other comprehensive income/(loss)	11,291	209	-	(90)	392	770	12,572
Effect of adoption of MFRS 16	-	-	(1,055)	-	(20)	-	(1,075)
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	167,041	71,424	(5,893)	(25,423)	(5,207)	5,175	207,117
Group's share of:-							
Profit/(Loss) for the financial year	29,228	8,478	(2,097)	(10,133)	(1,421)	3,549	27,604
Other comprehensive income/(loss)	2,115	30	-	(26)	99	358	2,576
Effect of adoption of MFRS 16	-	-	(456)	-	(5)	-	(461)
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	31,343	8,508	(2,553)	(10,159)	(1,327)	3,907	29,719
Dividend received	26,648	-	-	-	760	-	27,408

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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11 ASSOCIATE COMPANIES (CONT'D)

- (e) The summarised financial information in respect of the Group's major associate companies are as follows (cont'd):-

	Inari Amertron Berhad Group RM'000	Ho Hup Construction Company Berhad Group RM'000	Melium Holdings Sdn. Bhd. Group RM'000	Winfields Development Sdn. Bhd. Group RM'000	Diversified Gateway Solutions Berhad Group RM'000	Other associate companies RM'000	Total RM'000
Financial positions as at 30 June 2019							
Assets and liabilities							
Non-current assets	493,910	295,961	41,759	95,975	20,523	37,662	985,790
Current assets	846,425	853,708	63,873	315,219	81,656	35,570	2,196,451
Non-current liabilities	(21,425)	(245,736)	(13,986)	(7,746)	(8,159)	(9,442)	(306,494)
Current liabilities	(200,492)	(530,075)	(58,071)	(348,685)	(38,833)	(22,528)	(1,198,684)
Net assets	1,118,418	373,858	33,575	54,763	55,187	41,262	1,677,063
Carrying amount of proportion of the Group's ownership	211,073	45,519	14,473	24,294	14,061	13,660	323,080
Financial performance for financial year ended 30 June 2019							
Results							
Revenue	1,152,860	245,557	141,656	4,359	75,475	31,253	1,651,160
Attributable to owners of the investee:-							
Profit/(Loss) for the financial year	191,723	23,837	(915)	5,089	3,639	10,650	234,023
Other comprehensive income/(loss)	7,402	(269)	-	744	(169)	295	8,003
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	199,125	23,568	(915)	5,833	3,470	10,945	242,026
Group's share of:-							
Profit/(Loss) for the financial year	36,183	2,902	(397)	2,036	928	2,433	44,085
Other comprehensive income/(loss)	1,409	(33)	-	298	(43)	725	2,356
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	37,592	2,869	(397)	2,334	885	3,158	46,441
Dividend received	36,599	-	-	-	-	54	36,653

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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11 ASSOCIATE COMPANIES (CONT'D)

(f) Total capital commitments reported by the associate companies as at the reporting date are as follow:-

	Group	
	2020	2019
	RM'000	RM'000
Authorised and contracted for:-		
- Plant, machinery and equipment	5,849	14,404
- Construction of building	4,111	4,973
- Investment properties	5,000	-

12 JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES

	Group	
	2020	2019
	RM'000	RM'000
(a) Unquoted shares in Malaysia, at cost	150	150
Group's share of post acquisition losses	(350)	(183)
	(200)	(33)

The Group's equity interest in the jointly controlled entities, their principal activities and country of incorporation are shown in Note 52 to the financial statements.

The amount due from jointly controlled entities are included in sundry receivables as disclosed in Note 15 to the financial statements.

(b) The summarised financial information in respect of the jointly controlled entities are as follows:-

	2020	2019
	RM'000	RM'000
Financial position		
Assets and liabilities		
Non-current asset	14	22
Current assets	412	105
Current liabilities	(826)	(193)
Net liabilities	(400)	(66)
Carrying amount of proportion of the Group's ownership	(200)	(33)

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12 JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES (CONT'D)

(b) The summarised financial information in respect of the jointly controlled entities are as follows (cont'd):-

	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Financial performance		
Results		
Revenue	759	337
Loss for the financial year/period	(334)	(366)
Group's share of:-		
Loss for the financial year/period	(167)	(183)
Dividend received	-	-

(c) The jointly controlled entities did not have any contingent liabilities and capital commitment as at 30 June 2020 and 30 June 2019.

13 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Group	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Stock broking dealer's license:-		
Cost		
At beginning and end of financial year	45,500	45,500
Less:		
Accumulated amortisation		
At beginning and end of financial year	7,053	7,053
Accumulated impairment losses		
At beginning and end of financial year	12,400	12,400
Net carrying amount	26,047	26,047

Impairment testing of stock broking dealer's license

The stock broking dealer's license had been allocated to the stock broking subsidiary company's stock broking business as a cash generating unit ("CGU"), a reportable segment for impairment testing. The recoverable amount of the CGU has been determined based on a value in use calculation using cash flow projections covering a five-year period and a terminal value beyond the five-year period with an assumed growth rate of 5% (2019: 5%) in perpetuity approved by the management of the stock broking subsidiary company. The discount rate applied to the cash flow projections is 5% (2019: 5%). The recoverable amount of the CGU is compared to the total carrying amount of the dealer's license. The management of the stock broking subsidiary company believes that no reasonable possible change in any of the key assumptions would cause the carrying value to materially exceed its recoverable amount.

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13 INTANGIBLE ASSETS (CONT'D)

Key assumptions used in value in use calculation of CGU

The key assumptions on which the management of the stock broking subsidiary company has based its cash flow projections to undertake impairment testing of the stock broking dealer's license are set out below:-

(a) Budgeted gross brokerage rate and gross margin rate

This is determined based on the CGU's past performance and the management of the stock broking subsidiary company's expectation of the performance of the local stock market index and market development.

(b) Operational costs

Other operational costs are expected to increase in line with expected inflation and expansion of the stock broking business.

14 DEFERRED TAX ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)

	Group		Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
At beginning of financial year	(7,648)	(4,561)	(621)	(780)
Disposal of subsidiary companies	2,252	-	-	-
Recognised in statements of profit or loss (Note 39)	1,123	(3,019)	676	159
Exchange differences	(9)	(68)	-	-
At end of financial year	(4,282)	(7,648)	55	(621)
Presented as follows:-				
Deferred tax assets	1,269	3,207	55	-
Deferred tax liabilities	(5,551)	(10,855)	-	(621)
	(4,282)	(7,648)	55	(621)

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14 DEFERRED TAX ASSETS/(LIABILITIES) (CONT'D)

The components of deferred tax assets and liabilities during the financial year are as follows:-

Deferred tax assets

	Unutilised tax losses RM'000	Unabsorbed capital allowances RM'000	Temporary differences between depreciation and capital allowances RM'000	Other timing differences RM'000	Total RM'000
Group					
2020					
At beginning of financial year	7	2,315	376	509	3,207
Disposal of subsidiary companies Recognised in statements of profit or loss	(7)	(2,068)	-	-	(2,075)
Offset deferred tax liabilities	-	-	(22)	150	150
Exchange differences	-	9	-	-	9
At end of financial year	-	256	354	659	1,269
2019					
At beginning of financial year	29	1,605	376	824	2,834
Recognised in statements of profit or loss	(22)	654	-	(315)	317
Exchange differences	-	56	-	-	56
At end of financial year	7	2,315	376	509	3,207
Company					
2020					
At beginning of financial year	-	-	-	-	-
Recognised in statements of profit or loss	-	-	-	77	77
Offset deferred tax liabilities	-	-	(22)	-	(22)
At end of financial year	-	-	(22)	77	55
2019					
At beginning and end of financial year	-	-	-	-	-

The unutilised tax losses and unabsorbed capital allowances are available for offset against future taxable profits. The utilisation of the deferred tax assets is dependent on future taxable profits in excess of the profits arising from the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences.

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14 DEFERRED TAX ASSETS/(LIABILITIES) (CONT'D)

The components of deferred tax assets and liabilities during the financial year are as follows (cont'd):-

Deferred tax liabilities

	Real Property Gains Tax on fair value adjustment of investment properties RM'000	Temporary differences between depreciation and capital allowances RM'000	Warrants reserve RM'000	Total RM'000
Group				
2020				
At beginning of financial year	5,623	4,633	599	10,855
Disposal of subsidiary companies	-	(4,327)	-	(4,327)
Recognised in statements of profit or loss	(228)	(146)	(599)	(973)
Offset deferred tax assets	-	(22)	-	(22)
Exchange differences	-	18	-	18
At end of financial year	5,395	156	-	5,551
2019				
At beginning of financial year	2,966	3,671	758	7,395
Recognised in statements of profit or loss	2,657	838	(159)	3,336
Exchange differences	-	124	-	124
At end of financial year	5,623	4,633	599	10,855
Company				
2020				
At beginning of financial year	-	22	599	621
Recognised in statements of profit or loss	-	-	(599)	(599)
Offset deferred tax assets	-	(22)	-	(22)
At end of financial year	-	-	-	-
2019				
At beginning of financial year	-	22	758	780
Recognised in statements of profit or loss	-	-	(159)	(159)
At end of financial year	-	22	599	621

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- 30 June 2020

(CONT'D)

14 DEFERRED TAX ASSETS/(LIABILITIES) (CONT'D)

As at reporting date, the Group has deferred tax assets (stated at gross) not recognised in the financial statements as follows:-

	Group	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Temporary differences between depreciation and capital allowances	1,097	195
Unutilised tax losses	(60,059)	(61,743)
Unabsorbed capital allowances	(8,949)	(8,345)
	(67,911)	(69,893)

The above unutilised tax losses and unabsorbed capital allowances are available for offset against future taxable profits. Deferred tax assets in respect of these items have not been recognised as it was not certain that future taxable profit will be available against which the Group can utilise the benefits.

Effective from year of assessment 2019 as announced in the Annual Budget 2019, the unutilised tax losses of the Group as at 30 June 2019 and thereafter will only be available for carry forward for a period of 7 consecutive years. Upon expiry of the 7 years, the unutilised tax losses will be disregarded.

15 OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS

	Group		Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Non-current asset				
Sundry receivables	7,553	7,345	-	-
Current assets				
Sundry receivables	41,734	39,007	49	5
Grant receivables	58	-	-	-
Deposits paid	12,027	4,684	147	147
Prepayments	1,285	3,112	38	58
Goods and services tax recoverable	231	282	-	-
	55,335	47,085	234	210
Less: Allowance for impairment	(3)	(61)	-	-
	55,332	47,024	234	210
	62,885	54,369	234	210

Grant receivables represents government grant receivable by foreign subsidiary companies of the Group in relation to a jobs support scheme ("JSS") whereby the JSS is to provide wage support to employers to help them retain their local employees during the current period of economic uncertainty. The subsidiaries have complied with the conditions associated with the JSS and will qualify for the payouts under JSS.

The Group's and the Company's sundry receivables are creditworthy debtors and are repayable on demand. The Group's and the Company's deposits paid are not impaired.

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15 OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS (CONT'D)

Included in the Group's and the Company's sundry receivables are amount due from jointly controlled entities of RM390,000 and RM5,000 (2019 : RM83,000 and RM2,000) respectively. The amount due from jointly controlled entities are unsecured, interest bearing (except for certain advances which is interest free) and are repayable on demand.

The carrying amount of non-current sundry receivables is as follows:-

	Group	
	2020	2019
	RM'000	RM'000
Sundry receivables, at gross	7,985	7,985
Less: Fair value adjustment calculated based on cash flows discounted using weighted average effective interest rate	(432)	(640)
Sundry receivables, at amortised cost	7,553	7,345

The reconciliation of movements to fair value adjustment for the non-current sundry receivables is as follows:-

	Group	
	2020	2019
	RM'000	RM'000
At beginning of financial year	(640)	-
Unwinding interest on sundry receivables carried at amortised cost during the financial year	208	1,629
Loss on sundry receivables carried at amortised cost during the financial year	-	(2,269)
At end of financial year	(432)	(640)

The movement of the allowance account used to record impairment is as follows:-

	Group	
	2020	2019
	RM'000	RM'000
At beginning of financial year	61	-
Charge for the financial year	3	61
Disposal of subsidiary companies	(61)	-
At end of financial year	3	61

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16 PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT COSTS

	Group	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Development costs:-		
At beginning of financial year	10,691	10,497
Addition during the financial year	194	194
At end of financial year	10,885	10,691

17 INVENTORIES

	Group	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Unsold units of apartments and retail lots	6,667	6,667
Wines and others	5,372	5,289
	12,039	11,956

18 TRADE RECEIVABLES

	Group	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Trade receivables	513,010	458,411
Less: Allowance for impairment	(15,662)	(15,315)
	497,348	443,096

Trade receivables are recognised at their original invoice amounts which represent their fair values on initial recognition.

The ageing analysis of the Group's trade receivables is as follows:-

	Group	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Neither past due nor impaired	433,354	386,097
1 to 30 days past due not impaired	1,121	1,390
31 to 60 days past due not impaired	1,192	1,428
61 to 90 days past due not impaired	847	1,747
91 to 120 days past due not impaired	1,595	893
More than 121 days past due not impaired	59,239	51,541
Impaired	63,994	56,999
	15,662	15,315
	513,010	458,411

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18 TRADE RECEIVABLES (CONT'D)

Trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired are creditworthy debtors with insignificant losses noted. These trade receivables amounting to RM362,478,000 (2019: RM366,296,000) are secured in nature.

Trade receivables that are past due but not impaired amounting to RM55,254,000 (2019: RM50,347,000) are secured in nature. The remaining balance of trade receivables of RM8,740,000 (2019: RM6,652,000) that are past due but not impaired are unsecured in nature and the management is of the view these debts are recoverable and it relates to a number of independent customers from whom there is no recent history of default.

Trade receivables that are impaired amounting to RM15,662,000 (2019: RM15,315,000) relate to receivables that are in significant financial difficulties and have defaulted on repayments. These receivables are not secured by any collateral.

The carrying amount of the collateral represents an approximation of fair value of the assets at the reporting date.

Information on credit risk of trade receivables is disclosed in Note 55(b)(ii) to the financial statements.

Included in trade receivables is an amount due from an associate company of RM57,119,000 (2019: RM109,951,000). The amount due from an associate company is secured and interest bearing (except for certain balance which is unsecured and interest free).

The movement of the allowance account used to record impairment is as follows:-

	Group	
	2020	2019
	RM'000	RM'000
At beginning of financial year	15,315	13,513
Charge for the financial year	839	1,886
Disposal of subsidiary companies	(330)	-
Writeback during the financial year	(163)	(90)
Exchange differences	1	6
At end of financial year	15,662	15,315
Individually impaired	15,662	15,315

19 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	Group	
	2020	2019
	RM'000	RM'000
Quoted securities, at market value		
- in Malaysia	46,381	52,371
- outside Malaysia	108,895	181,862
	155,276	234,233

The Group's financial assets at fair value through profit or loss amounting to RM102,171,000 (2019: RM189,130,000) are pledged to certain licensed banks and financial institutions for banking facilities granted to the Group.

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20 DEPOSITS WITH LICENSED BANKS AND FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

	Group		Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Deposits with licensed banks and financial institutions consist of the following:-				
- fixed deposits	271,548	333,050	18,034	1,226
- short term deposits	220,016	221,502	14,864	16,543
	491,564	554,552	32,898	17,769

Deposits placed with licensed banks and financial institutions amounting to RM177,249,000 (2019: RM238,271,000) of the Group are pledged to licensed banks and financial institutions as security for banking and credit facilities granted to the Group.

Deposits placed with licensed banks amounting to RM17,374,000 (2019: RM1,226,000) of the Company is pledged as security for credit facilities granted to the Company.

Dealer's representatives' deposits and clients' trust monies received of RM146,655,000 (2019: RM67,029,000) are excluded from deposits with licensed banks and financial institutions of the Group in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards Implementation Committee Consensus 18: Monies Held in Trust by Participating Organisations of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

The effective interest rates for deposits with licensed banks and financial institutions of the Group and of the Company range from 0.04% to 4.00% (2019: 0.01% to 4.15%) and 1.55% to 3.30% (2019: 2.55% to 2.80%) per annum respectively.

21 CASH AND BANK BALANCES

Included in the cash and bank balances of the Group are:-

- (a) an amount of RM505,000 (2019: RM497,000) maintained pursuant to Section 7A of the Housing Development (Control and Licensing) Act, 1966 and are restricted from use in other operations. The withdrawal of funds from the housing development account is restricted to cost incurred in respect of the development project.
- (b) an amount of RM95,144,000 (2019: RM19,652,000) are pledged to certain licensed banks and financial institutions for banking facilities granted to the Group.

Dealer's representatives' deposits and clients' trust monies received of RM105,356,000 (2019: RM136,435,000) are excluded from cash and bank balances of the Group in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards Implementation Committee Consensus 18: Monies Held in Trust by Participating Organisations of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

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22 SHARE CAPITAL

	Group and Company			
	Number of shares		Amount	
	2020 Unit'000	2019 Unit'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Issued and fully paid up with no par value:-				
Ordinary shares				
At beginning of financial year	693,334	693,334	741,085	741,085
Issuance of shares pursuant to exercise of warrants	14	–	14	–
Redemption of redeemable preference shares ("RPS"), out of profits of the Company (Note 28)	–	–	132,601	–
At end of financial year	693,348	693,334	873,700	741,085

The holders of the ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as and when declared and paid by the Company. All ordinary shares carry one vote per share without restrictions and rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets.

During the financial year, the Company increased its issued and paid-up ordinary shares from RM741,085,000 comprising 693,333,633 shares to RM873,700,000 comprising 693,348,053 shares by way of:-

- Issuance of 14,420 new ordinary shares pursuant to the exercise of 14,420 Warrants 2015/2020 ("Warrants") at the exercise price of RM1.00 per Warrant, totalling RM14,420; and
- On 25 February 2020, all 132,601,268 RPS were fully redeemed by the Company at RM1.00 each out of profits pursuant to Section 72(4)(a) of the Companies Act 2016 ("Act"). A sum equal to the amount of the RPS redeemed has been transferred to the share capital account of the Company pursuant to Section 72(5) of the Act.

23 TREASURY SHARES

	Group and Company			
	Number of shares		Amount	
	2020 Unit'000	2019 Unit'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
At beginning and end of financial year	30,327	30,327	14,499	14,499

The shareholders of the Company had by an ordinary resolution passed at the Annual General Meeting held on 28 November 2019, approved the Company's plan to purchase its own shares of up to a maximum of 69,333,363 ordinary shares representing 10% of the total issued and fully paid up share capital of the Company.

The Directors of the Company are of the opinion that the share buy-back is in the best interest of the Company and its shareholders.

The Company did not repurchase any of its shares from the open market during the financial year. The share buy-back transactions in the preceding financial years were financed by internal generated funds of the Company. The shares bought back are being held as treasury shares in accordance with the provision of Section 127 of the Companies Act, 2016.

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24 RESERVES

	Group		Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Non-distributable:-				
- Exchange translation reserve	37,690	33,721	-	-
- Warrants reserve	-	4,622	-	4,622
- Other reserves	89,188	81,848	-	-
	126,878	120,191	-	4,622

Exchange translation reserve

The exchange translation reserve represents exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations whose functional currencies are different from that of the Group's presentation currency and the Group's equity share of certain associate companies' exchange translation reserves.

Warrants reserve

The carrying amount in warrants reserve in the preceding financial year represents the allocated fair value of 265,202,536 free warrants issued by the Company in February 2015 pursuant to the rights issue of 132,601,268 redeemable preference shares ("RPS") at an issue price of RM1.00 each in the Company on the basis of two (2) free warrants for every one (1) RPS subscribed.

The fair value of the warrants was allocated based on the difference between the gross proceeds from the issuance of the RPS and the fair value of the RPS, net of deferred tax.

The movements of the Warrants during the financial year are as follows:-

	At 1.7.2019 unit	Exercised unit	Expired unit	At 30.6.2020 unit
Warrants 2015/2020	265,202,536	(14,420)	(265,188,116)	-

On 25 February 2020, the remaining 265,188,116 units of warrants which were not exercised prior to the expiry date, had lapsed.

The salient terms of the warrants are as follows:-

- (i) The warrants may be exercised into ordinary shares in the Company at any time during the tenure of the warrant of five (5) years including and commencing from the issue date of the warrants and ending on the expiry date, 25 February 2020.
- (ii) Each warrant carries the entitlement to subscribe for one (1) new ordinary share of RM1.00 each in the Company at the exercise price of RM1.00 which shall be satisfied fully in cash or by way of surrendering 1 RPS by the warrant holders at 100% of the issue price of the RPS for the exercise of the warrant in lieu of the exercise price of RM1.00 per warrant, subject to adjustments in accordance with the Deed Poll.
- (iii) The warrant holders are not entitled to any voting rights or participation in any dividends, rights, allotments and/or other distributions in the Company until and unless such holder of warrants exercise their warrants into new ordinary shares in the Company.

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24 RESERVES (CONT'D)

Warrants reserve (cont'd)

The salient terms of the warrants are as follows (cont'd):-

- (iv) All new ordinary shares to be issued arising from the exercise of the warrants shall upon allotment, rank pari passu in all respects with the existing ordinary shares in the Company, save and except that such new shares will not entitled its holders to any dividends, rights, allotments and/or other distributions which may be declared, made or paid to the shareholders prior to the relevant date of allotment of the new ordinary shares arising from the exercise of the warrants.
- (v) Where a resolution has been passed for a members' voluntary winding-up, compromise or arrangement to which the warrant holders or some persons designated by them for such purposes by a special resolution, will be a party, the terms of such winding-up, compromise or arrangement will be binding on all the warrant holders.
- (vi) Subject to the provisions in the Deed Poll, the exercise price and the number of warrants held by each warrant holder may from time to time be adjusted in the event of any alteration to the share capital of the Company.
- (vii) The rights attached to the warrants which are not exercised during the exercise period will lapse thereafter.

Other reserves

Other reserves refer to the Group's equity share of certain associate companies' capital and other reserves and a subsidiary company's other reserve.

25 LOANS AND BORROWINGS

	Group		Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Short term loans and borrowings - secured				
Bank overdrafts	442	3,082	-	-
Term loans	88,608	162,718	-	-
Revolving credit facilities	224,050	96,000	214,050	86,000
Margin financing facility	14,987	19,853	-	-
	328,087	281,653	214,050	86,000
Long term loans and borrowings - secured				
Term loans	15,348	20,280	-	-
	343,435	301,933	214,050	86,000

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25 LOANS AND BORROWINGS (CONT'D)

The maturity of the loans and borrowings as at the reporting date are as follows:-

	Group		Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Amount repayable:-				
On demand or within 1 year	328,087	281,653	214,050	86,000
More than 1 year but not later than 2 years	933	1,196	-	-
More than 2 years but not later than 5 years	2,843	3,490	-	-
More than 5 years	11,572	15,594	-	-
	343,435	301,933	214,050	86,000

The loans and borrowings of the Group are secured against the followings:-

- (i) fixed charge over certain properties of the Group;
- (ii) certain quoted securities and unquoted corporate bonds, fixed deposits and bank balances of the Group;
- (iii) certain quoted securities of a subsidiary company's margin clients;
- (iv) corporate guarantee by the Company;
- (v) deeds of assignment over the rights, titles and interests of certain properties of the Group;
- (vi) assignment of rental proceeds of certain properties of the Group;
- (vii) power of attorney in favor of the financial institutions over certain pledged properties of the Group; and
- (viii) personal guarantee extended by a Director of a subsidiary company.

The loans and borrowings of the Company are secured against the followings:-

- (i) fixed charge over certain properties held by certain subsidiary companies;
- (ii) quoted securities held by certain subsidiary companies;
- (iii) fixed deposits of the Company;
- (iv) a deed of assignment over the rights, titles and interests of certain properties held by a subsidiary company; and
- (v) assignment of rental proceeds of properties held by certain subsidiary companies.

The effective interest rates per annum on the loans and borrowings as at the reporting date were as follows:-

	Group		Company	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Bank overdrafts	7.14%-8.72%	8.14%-11.25%	-	-
Term loans	0.53%-6.79%	0.40%-8.00%	-	-
Revolving credit facilities	3.87%-5.89%	5.19%-6.13%	3.87%-5.66%	5.19%-5.95%
Margin financing facility	5.67%-6.67%	6.67%-6.92%	-	-

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25 LOANS AND BORROWINGS (CONT'D)

The reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities in the statements of cash flows is as follows:-

	At beginning of financial year RM'000	Net (repayment)/ addition RM'000	Disposal of subsidiary companies RM'000	Exchange differences RM'000	At end of financial year RM'000
Group					
2020					
Term loans	182,998	(76,506)	(4,215)	1,679	103,956
Revolving credit facilities	96,000	128,050	-	-	224,050
Margin financing facility	19,853	(4,866)	-	-	14,987
	298,851	46,678	(4,215)	1,679	342,993
2019					
Term loans	176,513	423	-	6,062	182,998
Revolving credit facilities	82,300	13,700	-	-	96,000
Margin financing facility	1,985	17,868	-	-	19,853
	260,798	31,991	-	6,062	298,851
Company					
2020					
Revolving credit facilities	86,000	128,050	-	-	214,050
2019					
Revolving credit facilities	72,300	13,700	-	-	86,000

26 HIRE PURCHASE PAYABLES

	Group 2019 RM'000
<u>In the preceding financial year</u>	
Gross amount payable:-	
Within 1 year	31,513
More than 1 year but not later than 5 years	51,676
More than 5 years	5,842
	89,031
Less: Interest in suspense	(6,311)
	82,720

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26 HIRE PURCHASE PAYABLES (CONT'D)

	Group 2019 RM'000
<u>In the preceding financial year</u>	
Present value of hire purchase payables:-	
Within 1 year	28,789
More than 1 year but not later than 5 years	48,263
More than 5 years	5,668
	53,931
	<u>82,720</u>

Hire purchase payables were secured by:-

- (i) The related assets acquired under the finance leases;
- (ii) Corporate guarantee by the Company amounted to RM23,353,000;
- (iii) Corporate guarantee by a subsidiary company amounted to RM491,000; and
- (iv) Personal guarantee extended by directors of certain subsidiary companies.

The effective interest rates per annum for hire purchase payables were as follows:-

	Group 2019
Hire purchase payables	2.33%-7.68%

The reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities in the statements of cash flows is as follows:-

	At beginning of financial year RM'000	Repayment RM'000	Others RM'000	Exchange differences RM'000	At end of financial year RM'000
Group					
2019					
Hire purchase payables	85,984	(35,691)	30,422	2,005	82,720

Upon the Group's adoption of MFRS 16 with effect from 1 July 2019, hire purchase payables are presented within lease liabilities in the statements of financial position.

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27 LEASE LIABILITIES

	Group 2020 RM'000	Company 2020 RM'000
Current		
Leases for motor vehicles	9,436	-
Leases for premises	322	322
	9,758	322
Non-current		
Leases for motor vehicles	14,097	-
Total lease liabilities	23,855	322

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities of the Group and of the Company are disclosed in Note 55(b)(iv) to the financial statements.

The lease liabilities for motor vehicles are secured by:-

- (i) The motor vehicles acquired under the finance leases;
- (ii) Corporate guarantee by the Company amounting to RM22,207,000;
- (iii) Corporate guarantee by a subsidiary company amounting to RM374,000; and
- (iv) Personal guarantee extended by a director of a subsidiary company.

The effective interest rates per annum for lease liabilities are as follows:-

	Group 2020	Company 2020
Leases for motor vehicles	1.71%-8.53%	-
Leases for premises	5.65%-5.73%	5.65%

The reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities in the statements of cash flows is as follows:-

	At beginning of financial year					Repayment RM'000	Others RM'000	Exchange differences RM'000	At end of financial year RM'000
	As previously reported RM'000	Effect of adoption of MFRS 16 RM'000	As restated RM'000	Addition of new lease RM'000	Disposal of subsidiary companies RM'000				
2020									
Group									
Lease liabilities for motor vehicles	-	82,720	82,720	19,657	(61,892)	(19,035)	1,799	284	23,533
Lease liabilities for premises	-	735	735	-	-	(455)	42	-	322
	-	83,455	83,455	19,657	(61,892)	(19,490)	1,841	284	23,855
Company									
Lease liabilities for premises	-	691	691	-	-	(408)	39	-	322

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28 REDEEMABLE PREFERENCE SHARES ("RPS")

RPS issued by the Company

	Group and Company			
	Number of RPS		Amount	
	2020 Unit'000	2019 Unit'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Issued and fully paid with no par value:-				
At beginning of financial year	132,601	132,601	132,601	132,601
Redemption during the financial year	(132,601)	-	(132,601)	-
At end of financial year	-	132,601	-	132,601
Face value of RPS			132,601	132,601
Less: Equity component of RPS				
- Fair value of 265,202,536 free warrants recognised in equity under warrants reserve			4,622	4,622
- Deferred tax liability on fair value of warrants			1,460	1,460
			6,082	6,082
RPS - liability component at initial recognition			126,519	126,519
<u>Cummulative RPS dividends recognised in the statements of profit or loss:-</u>				
At beginning of financial year			26,605	20,639
During the financial year			5,983	5,966
At end of financial year			32,588	26,605
<u>Cummulative RPS dividends paid:-</u>				
At beginning of financial year			(23,018)	(17,714)
During the financial year			(3,488)	(5,304)
At end of financial year			(26,506)	(23,018)
Redemption during the financial year			(132,601)	-
RPS - liability component at end of financial year			-	130,106

On 25 February 2020, the Company fully redeemed the entire 132,601,268 RPS at its issue price of RM1.00 per RPS for a total redemption sum of RM132,601,268 pursuant to the terms of the RPS 2015/2020 as stipulated in Clause 14 of the Constitution of the Company.

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28 REDEEMABLE PREFERENCE SHARES ("RPS") (CONT'D)

On 26 February 2015, the Company issued a total of 132,601,268 RPS at an issue price of RM1.00 per RPS together with 265,202,536 free warrants in the Company, on the basis of two (2) free warrants for every one (1) RPS subscribed on 26 February 2015. The warrants are convertible into ordinary shares in the Company at an exercise price of RM1.00 per warrant. The salient terms of the warrants are disclosed in Note 24 to the financial statements.

The salient terms of the RPS were as follows:-

- (i) The RPS is not convertible into ordinary shares of the Company.
- (ii) The RPS carries the right to receive cumulative gross preferential dividend out of distributable profits of the Company at a dividend rate per annum of four (4) sen on the issue price per RPS, payable semi-annually in arrears on 30 June and 31 December each year. The last dividend payment shall be made on the maturity date.
- (iii) The tenure of the RPS is for five (5) years from the date of issuance of the RPS.
- (iv) The RPS is redeemable at 100% of the issue price of the RPS at any time during the tenure of the RPS at the option of the Company as issuer. The Company may redeem the RPS on a pro-rated basis on the issue price commencing from the date of issue of the RPS up to the maturity date.
- (v) In events of default, the RPS holders may at their discretion, require the Company to redeem the RPS at the issue price together with accrued but unpaid dividend in the event of the Company become insolvent or is unable to pay its debts as they fall due or ceasing or threatening to cease carrying on its business or a substantial part of its business, or breaching the terms of the RPS. The RPS holders shall have the same rights as ordinary shareholders as regards to receiving notices, reports and audited financial statements and attending general meetings of the Company.
- (vi) The RPS holders are not entitled to any voting rights or participation in any rights, allotments and/or other distributions in the Company, except in the following circumstances:-
 - (a) where the dividend or part of the dividend on the RPS has been declared but remains unpaid for more than six (6) months;
 - (b) on a proposal to reduce the Company's share capital;
 - (c) on a proposal for the disposal of the Group's assets, business and undertakings in excess of 25% of the Group's net assets based on the last audited financial statements;
 - (d) upon any resolution which varies or is deemed to vary the rights and privileges attaching to the RPS;
 - (e) upon any resolution for the winding-up of the Company; and
 - (f) other circumstances as may be provided under the law and applicable to preference shares and/or preference shareholders from time to time.

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28 REDEEMABLE PREFERENCE SHARES ("RPS") (CONT'D)

The reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities in the statements of cash flows is as follows:-

Group and Company

	At beginning of financial year RM'000	Redemption RM'000	Others RM'000	At end of financial year RM'000
2020				
Redeemable preference shares	130,106	(132,601)	2,495	-
2019				
Redeemable preference shares	129,444	-	662	130,106

29 DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Details of derivative financial liabilities are set out below:-

	Contract/Notional Value		Group Negative Fair Value	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Currency forward contract and options				
- Less than 1 year	214	2,045	720	639
Other equity related contracts				
- Less than 1 year	(24,602)	(4,087)	2,613	417
	(24,388)	(2,042)	3,333	1,056

These contracts are not designated as cash flows or fair value hedges and are entered into for periods consistent with currency transaction exposure and fair value changes exposure. Such derivatives do not qualify for hedge accounting.

30 TRADE PAYABLES

Clients' trust monies and dealer's representatives' security deposits amounting to RM252,011,000 (2019: RM203,464,000) are excluded from trade payables of the Group in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards Implementation Committee Consensus 18: Monies Held in Trust by Participating Organisations of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

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31 OTHER PAYABLES, DEPOSITS RECEIVED AND ACCRUALS

Other payables, deposits received and accruals consist of the followings:-

	Group		Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Accrued expenses	9,554	8,860	490	446
Deferred grant income (Note 15)	18	-	-	-
Deposits received	3,051	13,639	-	-
Accrued interest expenses	312	2,755	253	2,722
Other payables	6,524	13,245	-	-
Goods and services tax payables	10	508	-	-
Sales and service tax payables	679	745	-	-
	20,148	39,752	743	3,168

32 REVENUE

Significant categories of revenue recognised during the financial year are as follows:-

	Group		Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Financial services and credit & leasing:-				
- Sale of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	3,506	-	-
- Interest income	36,855	36,679	-	-
- Brokerage commissions	17,392	11,204	-	-
- Secretarial, share registration and management services	222	115	-	-
- Corporate finance advisory fee income	12,126	8,359	-	-
	66,595	59,863	-	-
Investment holding and trading:-				
- Sale of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and other financial instruments	82,517	59,458	-	-
- Secretarial fee	-	37	42	-
- Arranger and management fees income	10	60	474	477
- Rental income from letting of properties	2,891	2,855	-	-
- Dividend income	827	1,180	148,772	22,870
- Others	46	102	-	-
	86,291	63,692	149,288	23,347

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32 REVENUE (CONT'D)

Significant categories of revenue recognised during the financial year are as follows (cont'd):-

	Group		Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Technology and IT-related manufacturing, trading and services:-				
- Sale of goods and services	2,504	24,710	-	-
- Rental income from letting of properties	138	93	-	-
	2,642	24,803	-	-
Retail trading and car rental:-				
- Income from car rental and related services	38,391	61,438	-	-
- Interest income	15	212	-	-
- Sale of goods and services	877	364	-	-
	39,283	62,014	-	-
Property investment and development:-				
- Sale of goods and services	191	156	-	-
- Sale of properties inventories	-	740	-	-
- Arranger and management fees income	1,809	48	-	-
- Rental income from letting of properties	691	698	-	-
	2,691	1,642	-	-
	197,502	212,014	149,288	23,347
Timing of revenue recognition:-				
- at a point in time	143,265	138,571	149,288	23,347
- over time	54,237	73,443	-	-

33 COST OF SALES

Included in cost of sales are, amongst other items, the followings:-

	Group		Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Cost of inventories recognised in cost of sales	3,064	26,226	-	-
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	15,502	25,650	-	-
Direct operating expenses arising from investment properties:-				
- rental generating properties	14	8	-	-
Allowance for diminution in value of inventories	39	14	-	-
Rental of motor vehicles	-	4,324	-	-
Short term lease expenses	6,290	-	-	-

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34 OTHER INCOME

Included in other income are, amongst other items, the followings:-

	Group		Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Accretion of discounts on financial assets at amortised cost	2	7	-	-
Allowance for doubtful debts no longer required	163	90	-	-
Bad debts recovered	-	205	-	-
Excess of fair value of net assets over investment cost on acquisition of additional equity interest in an associate company	1,792	-	-	-
Fair value gain on derivative financial instruments	-	10,987	-	-
Fair value gain on investment properties	12	1,713	-	-
Gain on disposal of an investment property	-	572	-	-
Gain on disposal of subsidiary companies	3,727	6	-	-
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	1,991	2,233	-	-
Gain on disposal of shares in an associate company	8,019	24,780	-	-
Gross dividends from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:-				
- quoted in Malaysia	981	1,617	-	-
- quoted outside Malaysia	4,659	5,148	-	-
Interest income from:-				
- deposits and cash balances with licensed banks and financial institutions	11,442	15,086	611	721
- associate companies	21	471	-	-
- a jointly controlled entity	10	1	-	-
- subsidiary companies	-	-	8,559	9,108
- trade and other receivables	2,842	2,489	-	-
- other receivables carried at amortised cost	208	1,629	-	-
- amount due from subsidiary companies carried at amortised cost	-	-	1,472	-
- financial assets at amortised cost	132	250	-	-
- others	57	47	-	-
Rental income	227	272	-	-
Realised foreign exchange gain	-	-	633	-
Unrealised foreign exchange gain	78	-	-	-
Waiver of debts	-	-	796	-
Writeback of impairment on financial assets at amortised cost	-	20	-	-

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35 ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES

Included in administration expenses are, amongst other items, the followings:-

	Group		Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Auditors' remuneration:-				
Grant Thornton Malaysia PLT				
Statutory audit fees				
- current financial year	297	296	41	40
- underprovision in preceding financial year	6	6	1	1
Non-audit fee	85	111	8	8
Other external auditors				
Statutory audit fees				
- current financial year	222	184	-	-
- underprovision in preceding financial year	-	27	-	-
Non-audit fee	20	61	-	-
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	671	565	408	62
Rental of premises	-	992	-	408
Hire of equipment	-	6	-	-
Short term and low value lease expenses	563	-	-	-

36 OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

Included in other operating expenses are, amongst other items, the followings:-

	Group		Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Allowance for doubtful debts	1,026	1,947	48	22
Amortisation of premium on financial assets at amortised cost	1	1	-	-
Bad debts written off	545	335	-	104
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	1,700	1,753	-	-
Direct operating expenses arising from investment properties:-				
- rental generating properties	1,011	1,084	-	-
- non-rental generating properties	435	270	-	-
Fair value loss on derivative financial instruments	2,277	-	-	-
Hire of equipment	-	396	-	-
Inventories written off	-	4	-	-

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36 OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (CONT'D)

Included in other operating expenses are, amongst other items, the followings (cont'd):-

	Group		Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Investment properties written off	100	-	-	-
Impairment on financial assets at amortised cost	69	-	-	-
Lease rental	-	554	-	-
Loss on amount due from subsidiary companies carried at amortised cost	-	-	99	2,417
Loss on fair value changes of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	42,011	8,998	-	-
Loss on other receivables carried at amortised cost	-	2,269	-	-
Property, plant and equipment written off	58	95	-	-
Provision for impairment loss on investment in associate companies	5,606	1,942	3	3
Provision for impairment loss on investment in a subsidiary company	-	-	-	51
Realised foreign exchange loss	4,268	1,732	-	-
Rental of motor vehicles	-	103	-	-
Rental of premises	-	514	-	-
Short term and low value lease expenses	1,637	-	-	-
Unrealised foreign exchange loss	-	5,698	2,342	492

37 FINANCE COSTS

Finance costs comprise of the following interest expenses:-

	Group		Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Interest expenses on:-				
- term loans	4,999	7,471	-	-
- bank overdrafts	71	160	-	-
- revolving credit facilities	7,133	5,215	6,570	4,603
- hire purchase payables	-	3,524	-	-
- dividends on RPS	5,983	5,966	5,983	5,966
- interest on lease liabilities	2,191	-	39	-
- margin financing facility	1,075	884	-	-
- charged by a subsidiary company	-	-	1,075	884
	21,452	23,220	13,667	11,453

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38 EXCEPTIONAL ITEM

	Group		Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Effects of dilution of equity interests in associate companies	5,548	3,509	-	-

39 TAX EXPENSE

	Group		Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
<u>Income tax:-</u>				
Provision for current financial year				
- Malaysian income tax	10,931	7,730	876	681
- Overseas income tax	236	246	-	-
Under/(Over)provision in previous financial year				
- Malaysian income tax	130	(257)	8	(3)
- Overseas income tax	-	(9)	-	-
Real Property Gains Tax	-	480	-	-
<u>Deferred tax (Note 14):-</u>				
Transfer (to)/from deferred taxation (Over)/Underprovision in previous financial year	(862)	296	(676)	(159)
Deferred Real Property Gains Tax	(34)	66	-	-
	(227)	2,657	-	-
	10,174	11,209	208	519

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39 TAX EXPENSE (CONT'D)

The reconciliation of income tax expense on profit before tax with the applicable statutory income tax rate is as follows:-

	Group		Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Profit before tax	25,211	93,328	137,599	12,378
Income tax at the Malaysian statutory tax rate of 24% (2019: 24%)	6,051	22,399	33,024	2,971
Tax effects in respect of:-				
Non-allowable expenses	14,851	7,263	3,666	3,143
Income not subject to tax	(10,013)	(20,639)	(36,490)	(5,592)
Deferred Real Property Gains Tax on fair value adjustment of investment properties	(227)	2,657	-	-
Effect of different tax rates in other countries	(504)	57	-	-
Real Property Gains Tax on an investment property	-	480	-	-
Overseas tax paid on dividend income	395	445	-	-
Utilisation of previously unrecognised deferred tax assets	(832)	(1,327)	-	-
Deferred taxation not recognised in the financial statements	357	74	-	-
Tax expense for current financial year	10,078	11,409	200	522
Under/(Over)provision for tax expense in previous financial year	130	(266)	8	(3)
(Over)/Underprovision for deferred taxation in previous financial year	(34)	66	-	-
Total tax expense for the financial year	10,174	11,209	208	519
Unutilised tax losses carried forward subject to agreement of the tax authorities	60,059	61,791	-	-
Unabsorbed capital allowances carried forward subject to agreement of the tax authorities	10,018	21,516	-	-

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40 EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share

Earnings per ordinary share is calculated by dividing the Group's profit for the financial year attributable to owners of the Company of RM14,867,000 (2019: RM81,831,000) to the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the financial year of 663,013,000 ordinary shares (2019: 663,007,000 ordinary shares), after taking into consideration the movement of ordinary shares bought back by the Company.

Diluted earnings per share

The diluted earnings per share is not computed as there is no dilutive potential equity instruments in issue that give diluted effect to the earnings per ordinary share.

41 DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The aggregate remuneration paid and payable to the Directors of the Company and subsidiary companies for the financial year, categorised into the appropriate components are as follows:-

	Group		Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
<u>Executive Directors:-</u>				
Directors of the Company				
Salaries and other emoluments	2,847	4,741	459	280
Defined contribution plan	474	752	55	44
Benefits-in-kind	28	51	-	23
	3,349	5,544	514	347
Directors of subsidiary companies				
Salaries and other emoluments	6,247	4,848	-	-
Defined contribution plan	731	491	-	-
Fees	23	30	-	-
Benefits-in-kind	51	30	-	-
	7,052	5,399	-	-
Total Executive Directors' remuneration	10,401	10,943	514	347

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41 DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (CONT'D)

The aggregate remuneration paid and payable to the Directors of the Company and subsidiary companies for the financial year, categorised into the appropriate components are as follows (cont'd):-

	Group		Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Non-Executive Directors:-				
Directors of the Company				
Salaries and other emoluments	504 *	480 *	-	-
Defined contribution plan	45	42	-	-
Fees	96	96	96	96
Benefits-in-kind	4	4	4	4
	649	622	100	100
Director of subsidiary companies				
Salaries and other emoluments	67	49	-	-
Total Non-Executive Directors' remuneration	716	671	100	100
Total Directors' remuneration	11,117	11,614	614	447

* This includes the aggregate remuneration of Non-Executive Directors of the Company who are Directors and management staff of certain subsidiary companies.

42 STAFF COSTS

	Group		Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Salaries, bonus, allowances and fees	34,129	33,472	3,995	3,710
Defined contribution plan	4,066	4,146	467	422
Social security cost	145	142	25	21
Other staff related expenses	114	271	-	-
	38,454	38,031	4,487	4,153

Included in staff costs of the Group and of the Company are executive and non-executive Directors' remuneration amounting to RM11,034,000 (2019: RM11,529,000) and RM610,000 (2019: RM420,000) respectively as disclosed in Note 41 to the financial statements.

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43 DIVIDENDS

	Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Interim single-tier dividend of 2 sen per ordinary share paid on 14 January 2020 in respect of financial year ended 30 June 2020	13,260	-
Interim single-tier dividend of 2 sen per ordinary share paid on 10 January 2019 in respect of financial year ended 30 June 2019	-	13,260
	13,260	13,260

44 DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES AND ACQUISITIONS OF A SUBSIDIARY COMPANY AND AN ASSOCIATE COMPANY AND A JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITY

During the financial year:-

- (a) Disposal of the Group's Singapore car rental division

During the financial year, the Group carried out a restructuring of its car rental business division and the car rental business units based in Singapore were disposed off as follows:-

- (i) Roset Limousine Services Pte. Ltd. ("RLS") and Roset Auto Care Services Pte. Ltd. ("RAC")

On 21 November 2019, the Group's entire equity interest in RLS and RAC were disposed off to Epica Holdings Pte. Ltd. ("Epica"), a private limited company incorporated in Singapore wholly owned by the founder of RLS, Mr Wong Yew Kiang for a total cash consideration of SGD3,773,434 ("Disposal"), the consideration of which was arrived at based on the net tangible assets of RLS and RAC as at 30 June 2019. Arising from the Disposal, the Group made a gain on disposal amounting to RM1,628,000.

- (ii) Tribecar Pte. Ltd. ("TPL")

On 7 February 2020, the Group disposed off its entire 63.3% equity interest in TPL to Epica and its 2 founding shareholders/directors for a total cash consideration of SGD759,600, based on an enterprise value of SGD1,200,000, and the Group made a gain on disposal amounting to RM2,099,000.

- (iii) On 21 November 2019, Roset Logistics Holdings Pte. Ltd. ("RLH"), a 79.5% indirect subsidiary of the Company who hold 100% equity interests in Insas Logistics (M) Sdn. Bhd. ("ILM") and Insas Logistics (S) Pte. Ltd. ("ILSPL"), entered into two share sale agreements with the Company and Insas (S) Pte. Ltd. ("ISPL"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, for the disposal of RLH's 100% equity interest in ILM and ILSPL to the Company and ISPL for a total cash consideration of SGD1,988 and SGD500,000 respectively.

- (iv) Members' voluntary liquidation of RLH

Upon completion of the above restructuring of the car rental division, RLH became a dormant company and has been placed under members' voluntary liquidation during the financial year. There is no financial impact to the Group arising from the voluntary liquidation.

With the above disposals, the Group ceased to have car rental units in Singapore, but regain 100% ownership of Insas Pacific Rent-A-Car Sdn. Bhd., the Group's car rental operations in Malaysia and a wholly-owned subsidiary company of ILM.

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44 DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES AND ACQUISITIONS OF A SUBSIDIARY COMPANY AND AN ASSOCIATE COMPANY AND A JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITY (CONT'D)

During the financial year (cont'd):-

(a) Disposal of the Group's Singapore car rental division (cont'd)

During the financial year, the Group carried out a restructuring of its car rental business division and the car rental business units based in Singapore were disposed off as follows (cont'd):-

(v) Summary effect of disposal of RLS, RAC and TPL

The details of net assets disposed and cash flow as at the date of disposal of RLS, RAC and TPL are as follows:-

	Group 2020 RM'000
<hr/>	
<u>Net assets disposed:-</u>	
Property, plant and equipment	104,375
Cash and bank balances	7,838
Inventories	102
Trade and other receivables	8,960
Deferred tax liabilities	(2,252)
Tax payable	(42)
Loans and borrowings	(4,215)
Lease liabilities	(61,892)
Trade and other payables	(40,723)
Non-controlling interests	(973)
Exchange translation reserve	(970)
	10,208
Group's share of net assets disposed	10,208
Gain on disposal of subsidiary companies	3,727
	13,935
Proceeds from disposal	13,935
Less: Cash and cash equivalents disposed	(7,838)
	6,097
Net cash inflow on disposal of equity interest in subsidiary companies	6,097

(b) Investment in an associate company - Ideal Dragon Sdn. Bhd. ("Ideal Dragon")

On 11 October 2019, Filmont Holdings Sdn. Bhd., a private limited company incorporated in Malaysia and a wholly-owned indirect subsidiary of the Company, had subscribed for 125,000 ordinary shares at an issue price of RM1.00 each representing 20% equity interest in Ideal Dragon for a cash consideration of RM125,000. Arising thereon, Ideal Dragon became an associate company of the Group.

Ideal Dragon's principal activity is investment holding.

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44 DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES AND ACQUISITIONS OF A SUBSIDIARY COMPANY AND AN ASSOCIATE COMPANY AND A JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITY (CONT'D)

During the financial year (cont'd):-

(c) Incorporation of a subsidiary company and a jointly controlled entity:-

(i) PRAC Transport Sdn. Bhd. ("PRAC Transport")

On 9 June 2020, PRAC Transport was incorporated as an indirect subsidiary of the Group with an issued and paid up share capital of RM1 comprising 1 ordinary share. PRAC Transport is 100% owned by ILM.

PRAC Transport's principal activities are transportation, delivery of goods and courier services.

(ii) Win Veritas Sdn. Bhd. ("Win Veritas")

On 21 June 2019, the Company had subscribed for one (1) ordinary share representing 50% equity interest in a newly incorporated jointly controlled entity, Win Veritas. The issued and paid up share capital of Win Veritas is RM2 comprising 2 ordinary shares.

Win Veritas's principal activity is wine merchant.

In the preceding financial year:-

(a) Disposal of a subsidiary company - Vigcashlimited LLC ("Vigcash")

On 25 July 2018, Insas Technology Berhad ("ITB"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company had disposed 12,000 ordinary shares, representing the entire shareholding in Vigcash, to Mr. Sanj Natsagdorj for a total cash consideration of USD1,500 ("Disposal"). Arising from the Disposal, Vigcash ceased to be an indirect subsidiary company of the Group.

Vigcash was incorporated in Mongolia on 7 December 2005 and its issued and paid-up share capital is USD10,000. The Company was dormant and the net asset value of the Company was USD31 on the date of disposal.

There is no material financial impact to the Group arising from the Disposal.

The detail of net asset disposed and cash flow as at the date of disposal of Vigcash are as follows:-

	Group 2019 RM
Net asset disposed:-	
Bank balance	126
Group's share of net asset disposed	126
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary company	5,964
Proceeds from the Disposal	6,090
Less: Cash and cash equivalents disposed	(126)
Net cash inflow on disposal of equity interest in a subsidiary company	5,964

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44 DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES AND ACQUISITIONS OF A SUBSIDIARY COMPANY AND AN ASSOCIATE COMPANY AND A JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITY (CONT'D)

In the preceding financial year (cont'd):-

(b) Acquisition of an associate company - Diversified Gateway Solutions Berhad ("DGSB")

On 17 August 2018, ITB acquired an additional 110,000,000 ordinary shares in DGSB via direct business transaction from Omesti Holdings Berhad for a total cash consideration of RM6,930,000.

Arising from this acquisition, ITB's shareholding in DGSB has increased from 19.91% to 25.48%, and DGSB became an associate company of the Group.

DGSB is listed on the ACE Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad on 2 August 2006. DGSB is principally engaged in investment holding activities whilst its subsidiaries are involved in the business of computer networking solutions and system integration, digital media solutions and services as well as in the business of computer distribution and maintenance of computer networking, network security storage and network management solutions.

(c) Acquisition of a jointly controlled entity - Quadrant Biz Solutions Sdn. Bhd. ("QBS")

On 21 November 2018, Insas Corporate Services Sdn. Bhd. ("ICSSB"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, had entered into a shareholders' agreement with Omesti Holdings Berhad and QBS to acquire/subscribe for 150,000 ordinary shares, representing 50% of the enlarged share capital in QBS for a total cash consideration of RM150,000. Arising thereon, QBS became a jointly controlled entity of the Group.

QBS is a private limited liability company incorporated in Malaysia on 13 September 2018 and its principal activities are provision of corporate secretarial, share registration and management services.

45 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

	Group		Company	
	Limit RM'000	Amount utilised RM'000	Limit RM'000	Amount utilised RM'000
Unsecured:-				
Guarantees to secure banking and credit facilities granted to certain subsidiary companies and an associate company as at 30 June 2020	26	26	112,581	63,911
Guarantees to secure banking and credit facilities granted to certain subsidiary companies and an associate company as at 30 June 2019	53	53	144,382	85,246

The corporate guarantees do not have a determinable effect on the terms of the credit facilities due to the banks and financial institutions requiring the Group and the Company to provide guarantee as a pre-condition for approving the credit facilities. The actual terms of the credit facilities are likely to be the best indicator of "at market" terms and hence the fair value of the credit facilities are equal to the credit facilities amount received. As such, there is no value on the corporate guarantee to be recognised in the financial statements.

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46 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

	Group	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Authorised and contracted for:-		
- Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	7,925	1,999
- Investment commitments in relation to financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	8,256	11,130
	16,181	13,129

47 LEASE COMMITMENTS

(a) Operating lease commitments - as lessee

In the preceding financial year, the future lease payments in respect of non-cancellable operating leases as at the reporting date and payable:-

	Group	Company
	2019 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Not later than 1 year	719	408
Later than 1 year but not more than 5 years	345	340
	1,064	748

From 1 July 2019, the Group and the Company have recognised ROU assets for these leases, except for short term leases and leases of low value assets.

(b) Operating lease commitments - as lessor

The Group has entered into property leases for certain of its investment properties. The non-cancellable leases are for lease terms of between 1 and 3 years. These leases include a market review clause to enable revision of the rental charge upon renewal of the lease based on prevailing market rates.

As at the reporting date, commitments in respect of non-cancellable operating leases of the Group's investment properties to third parties are as follows:-

	Group	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Not later than 1 year	1,678	2,936
Later than 1 year but not more than 5 years	762	802
	2,440	3,738

(c) Lease liabilities and finance lease commitments

The future minimum lease payments under lease liabilities (2019: hire purchase payables) are disclosed in Note 55(b)(iv) (2019: Note 26 and Note 55(b)(iv)) to the financial statements.

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48 SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

(a) Operating Segments

	Financial services and credit & leasing RM'000	Investment holding and trading RM'000	Technology and IT-related manufacturing, trading and services RM'000	Retail trading and car rental RM'000	Property investment and development RM'000	Elimination RM'000	Group RM'000
2020							
Revenue							
External revenue	66,595	86,291	2,642	39,283	2,691	-	197,502
Inter-segment revenue	671	150,334	20,364	6,743	720	(178,832)	-
Total segment revenue	67,266	236,625	23,006	46,026	3,411	(178,832)	197,502
Results							
Interest income	3,709	14,648	9,688	51	274	(13,658)	14,712
Finance costs	(12,284)	(19,267)	(53)	(3,311)	(638)	14,101	(21,452)
Depreciation and amortisation	(989)	(629)	(420)	(15,764)	(72)	-	(17,874)
Share of profits less losses of associate companies	-	(10,134)	31,246	(2,046)	8,538	-	27,604
Share of losses of jointly controlled entities	(164)	-	-	(3)	-	-	(167)
Tax expense	(8,078)	(1,048)	(1,121)	(50)	123	-	(10,174)
Other non-cash expenses (i)	(39)	(45,041)	(9,848)	(549)	(1,802)	-	(57,279)
Segment profit/(loss)	23,182	(50,202)	30,928	622	10,507	-	15,037
Assets							
Investments in associate companies	-	18,133	352,867	12,803	74,655	-	458,458
Additions to non-current assets (ii)	594	3,063	27,618	24,960	11,548	-	67,783
Segment assets	643,901	742,293	588,784	77,594	202,301	-	2,254,873
Liabilities							
Segment liabilities	122,581	342,224	3,130	28,072	4,184	-	500,191

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48 SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (CONT'D)

(a) Operating Segments (cont'd)

	Financial services and credit & leasing RM'000	Investment holding and trading RM'000	Technology and IT-related manufacturing, trading and services RM'000	Retail trading and car rental RM'000	Property investment and development RM'000	Elimination RM'000	Group RM'000
2019							
Revenue							
External revenue	59,863	63,692	24,803	62,014	1,642	-	212,014
Inter-segment revenue	781	24,392	27,845	15,796	628	(69,442)	-
Total segment revenue	60,644	88,084	52,648	77,810	2,270	(69,442)	212,014
Results							
Interest income	4,116	18,618	10,516	24	1,690	(14,991)	19,973
Finance costs	(12,566)	(19,591)	(70)	(5,679)	(829)	15,515	(23,220)
Depreciation and amortisation	(992)	(358)	(410)	(26,153)	(56)	-	(27,969)
Share of profits less losses of associate companies	-	2,036	39,518	(409)	2,940	-	44,085
Share of losses of a jointly controlled entity	(183)	-	-	-	-	-	(183)
Tax expense	(5,815)	(3,523)	(1,043)	(288)	(540)	-	(11,209)
Other non-cash expenses (i)	793	(17,467)	(5,387)	(481)	(2,269)	-	(24,811)
Segment profit/(loss)	19,350	(2,053)	61,876	1,314	1,632	-	82,119
Assets							
Investments in associate companies	-	24,297	341,113	15,305	56,706	-	437,421
Additions to non-current assets (ii)	845	3,352	41,356	36,700	4,025	-	86,278
Segment assets	564,410	849,992	554,760	188,364	181,433	-	2,338,959
Liabilities							
Segment liabilities	38,578	425,062	4,243	119,571	4,311	-	591,765

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48 SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (CONT'D)

(a) Operating Segments (cont'd)

Segment revenue, expenses and results include transfers between segments. The prices charged on inter-segment transactions are on negotiated basis. These transactions are eliminated on consolidation.

The Group is organised into five main operating segments. The main operating segments of the Group and their respective business activities are:-

<u>Operating segments</u>	<u>Business activities</u>
Financial services and credit & leasing	Stock broking and dealing in securities, provision of corporate finance and advisory services, credit and leasing and granting of loans and other related financing activities, provision of share registration services, management services and nominee agents.
Investment holding and trading	Investment holding and trading of quoted securities and other related financial instruments.
Technology and IT-related manufacturing, trading and services	Manufacture of wireless microwave telecommunication products, wireless broadcast card and provision of electronic manufacturing services, manufacture of light emitting diode, electronics and optical fiber cable devices, research and resale of all kind of optoelectronic devices, manufacturing of advanced communication chips and die preparation, manufacturing, assembling and testing of optoelectronic and sensor components, modules and systems, design and development of software and web applications and provision of communication and networking services, electronic components sourcing, computer hardware dealers and maintenance, trading of multimedia and electronic products, and design, manufacture, repair, assembly and testing of semiconductor equipment and IT consultancy services.
Retail trading and car rental	Cars and limousines for hire/rental, promote use of electric vehicles, wine merchant, retail and trading of high fashion wear, leather goods and other lifestyle-related products and operating food and beverages outlets.
Property investment and development	Property development, property holding and investments and project and property management.

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48 SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (CONT'D)

(a) Operating Segments (cont'd)

(i) Other material non-cash expenses consist of the following items:-

	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Allowance for diminution in value of inventories	39	14
Allowance for doubtful debts	1,026	1,947
Bad debts written off	545	335
Effects of dilution of equity interests in associate companies	5,548	3,509
Fair value loss on derivative financial instruments	2,277	-
Inventories written off	-	4
Investment properties written off	100	-
Impairment on financial assets at amortised cost	69	-
Loss on fair value changes of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	42,011	8,998
Loss on other receivables carried at amortised cost	-	2,269
Property, plant and equipment written off	58	95
Provision for impairment loss on investment in associate companies	5,606	1,942
Unrealised foreign exchange loss	-	5,698
	57,279	24,811

(ii) Additions to non-current assets consist of the following items:-

	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Property, plant and equipment	25,690	37,853
Investment properties	6,463	460
Financial assets at amortised cost	-	767
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	8,934	1,849
Associate companies	26,696	45,199
Jointly controlled entities	-	150
	67,783	86,278

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48 SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (CONT'D)

(b) Geographical Information

Revenue and non-current assets information based on geographical location of the customers and assets respectively are as follows:-

	Revenue RM'000	Non- current assets RM'000
2020		
Malaysia	98,181	670,355
Singapore	99,303	84,841
United Kingdom	-	22,789
Other countries	18	692
	197,502	778,677
2019		
Malaysia	107,121	640,214
Singapore	104,893	184,696
United Kingdom	-	19,855
Other countries	-	761
	212,014	845,526

Non-current assets information presented above consist of the following items as presented in the consolidated statements of financial position:-

	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Property, plant and equipment	60,439	161,021
Investment properties	192,227	187,658
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	31,905	22,971
Financial assets at amortised cost	2,248	3,096
Associate companies	458,458	437,421
Jointly controlled entities	(200)	(33)
Other receivables	7,553	7,345
Intangible assets	26,047	26,047
	778,677	845,526

(c) Information about major customer

The Group does not have any revenue from a single external customer which represents 10% or more of the Group's revenue.

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49 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

- (a) Outstanding balances arising from related party transactions

The outstanding balances arising from related companies transactions as at the reporting date were disclosed in Note 10(b), Note 11(b), Note 15 and Note 18 to the financial statements.

- (b) The Group has the following transactions with the following related parties at negotiated terms agreed between the parties during the financial year:-

	Group	
	2020	2019
	RM'000	RM'000
Companies related to directors of the Company and directors of certain subsidiary companies:-		
- refurbishment and maintenance works income	133	156
- secretarial service fee income	3	9
- rental of motor vehicles income	481	445
- management fees and advisory fee income	48	49
- disposal proceeds from sale of freehold land	-	14,872
- proceeds from disposal of subsidiary companies	13,935	-
- rental of motor vehicles expense	657	252
Associate companies of the Group:-		
- website, network maintenance and support fee expense and purchase of computer hardware and software	87	-
- refurbishment and maintenance works income	57	-
- rental income	266	203
- packing services income	-	1,089
- secretarial, share registration and other related services fee income	106	105
- professional fee income	682	34
- network services income	3	3
- sale of goods	351	121
- sale of property, plant and equipment	84	12
- interest income	10,238	10,709
- management fees income	-	60
- administration fee expense	37	36
Jointly controlled entities of the Group:-		
- refurbishment and maintenance works income	1	-
- rental income	68	57
- interest income	10	1
- maintenance charges income and sale of hardware and software	-	18
- sale of property, plant and equipment	-	6
- purchase of property, plant and equipment	17	-
- secretarial, share registration and other related services fee expense	151	99
- secretarial, share registration and other related services fee income	65	-
Rental of motor vehicles charged to a Director of a subsidiary company	16	16

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49 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (CONT'D)

- (c) The Company has the following transactions with the following related corporations during the financial year:-

	Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Subsidiary companies:-		
- purchase of property, plant and equipment	56	-
- professional fee expense	20	-
- renovation and repair maintenance	2	-
- secretarial fee and other related services income	48	-
- management fee income	474	477
- dividend income	148,772	22,870
- interest income	8,559	9,108
- secretarial, share registration and other related services fee expense	11	60
- website maintenance and support fee expense	-	2
- email and network maintenance fees paid and purchase of computer hardware and software	-	58
- interest expense	1,075	884
- bad debts written off	-	104
- waiver of debts	796	-
Associate company:-		
- website maintenance and support fee expense and purchase of computer hardware	49	3
Jointly controlled entity:-		
- secretarial, share registration and other related services fee expense	84	31

- (d) Remuneration of key management personnel

The remuneration of Directors and other members of key management personnel during the financial year were as follows:-

	Group		Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Salaries, bonus, allowances and fees	9,815	10,221	519	280
Defined contribution plan	1,266	1,300	55	44
Social security cost	8	8	1	-
Benefits-in-kind	83	81	4	23
	11,172	11,610	579	347

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49 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (CONT'D)

(d) Remuneration of key management personnel (cont'd)

Included in the total compensation of key management personnel were:-

	Group		Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Executive Directors' remuneration (Note 41)	10,401	10,943	514	347

Other members of key management personnel comprise Executive Directors of the Group and persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group either directly or indirectly.

50 LIST OF SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

Name of companies	% Effective equity interest		Principal activities	Country of incorporation
	2020	2019		
Cellar-One Sdn. Bhd.	100	100	Wine merchant	Malaysia
Dellmax Worldwide Sdn. Bhd.	69.3	69.3	Investment holding	Malaysia
Delta Crest (M) Sdn. Bhd.	100	100	Property investment	Malaysia
Delta Crest (KL) Sdn. Bhd.	55	55	Property investment holding and development	Malaysia
Desa Juara Sdn. Bhd.	100	100	Property investment	Malaysia
Filmont Holdings Sdn. Bhd.	100	100	Investment holding and property investment	Malaysia
Gryphon Asset Management Sdn. Bhd.	100	100	Investment holding and trading	Malaysia
Insas Construction Sdn. Bhd.	100	100	Construction, landscaping, renovation and other related works	Malaysia
Insas Corporate Services Sdn. Bhd.	100	100	Provision of corporate secretarial and management services and investment holding	Malaysia
Insas Credit & Leasing Sdn. Bhd.	100	100	Credit and leasing and other related financing activities	Malaysia
Insas Logistics (S) Pte. Ltd. *	100	79.5	Rental of cars and chauffeured car services (ceased operation)	Singapore
Insas Logistics (M) Sdn. Bhd.	100	79.5	Investment holding	Malaysia

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50 LIST OF SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES (CONT'D)

Name of companies	% Effective equity interest		Principal activities	Country of incorporation
	2020	2019		
Insas Plaza Sdn. Bhd.	100	100	Investment holding, investment trading, property investment, project and property management and commission agent	Malaysia
Insas Project Management Sdn. Bhd.	100	100	Property and project management and consultants (dormant)	Malaysia
Insas Properties Sdn. Bhd.	90	90	Investment holding and property investment	Malaysia
Insas Property Management Sdn. Bhd.	90	90	Property and project management	Malaysia
Insas (S) Pte. Ltd.*	100	100	Investment holding	Singapore
Insas Technology Berhad	100	100	Investment holding and provision of management services, provision of information technology and consultancy services and trading of electronic and telecommunications related products and other trading business	Malaysia
Insas Technology Pte. Ltd.*	100	100	Investment holding	Singapore
Insas Pacific Rent-A-Car Sdn. Bhd.	100	79.5	Car rental services	Malaysia
Langdale E3 Pte. Ltd.*	100	100	Provide telecommunication services, electronic components sourcing and distribution and sale of mobile wireless and fixed line broadband solutions, devices and related peripherals	Singapore
Langdale Systems Sdn. Bhd.	100	100	Computer trading and software consultation	Malaysia
Lifestyle-One Sdn. Bhd.	100	100	Investment holding	Malaysia
M & A Nominee (Asing) Sdn. Bhd.	100	100	Nominee agent and registration services	Malaysia
M & A Nominee (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd.	100	100	Nominee agent and registration services	Malaysia

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50 LIST OF SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES (CONT'D)

Name of companies	% Effective equity interest		Principal activities	Country of incorporation
	2020	2019		
M & A Securities Sdn. Bhd.	100	100	Stock broking and dealing in securities and provision of corporate finance and advisory services	Malaysia
M & A Securities (HK) Limited *	100	100	Stock broking (ceased operations)	Hong Kong
Megapolitan Management Services Sdn. Bhd.	100	100	Provision of corporate secretarial, share registration and management services	Malaysia
Media Lang Limited *	100	100	Investment in securities	Hong Kong
Montania Development Sdn. Bhd.	100	100	Property investment	Malaysia
Montego Assets Limited	100	100	Investment holding and trading	British Virgin Islands
Montego (S) Pte. Ltd. *	100	100	Investment holding, investment trading and investment and rental of properties	Singapore
Parkfair Development Sdn. Bhd.	90	90	Investment holding	Malaysia
PRAC GreenTech Sdn. Bhd.	67	67	Long term leasing of electric vehicles	Malaysia
Premium Realty Sdn. Bhd.	100	100	Investment holding and property investment	Malaysia
PRAC Logistics Sdn. Bhd.	55	55	Long term car lease, fleet management and limousine service	Malaysia
PRAC Transport Sdn. Bhd.	100	-	Transportation, delivery of goods and courier services	Malaysia
Roset Auto Care Services Pte. Ltd.*	-	79.5	Repair and maintenance of motor vehicles	Singapore
Roset Logistics Holdings Pte. Ltd.*	79.5	79.5	Under members' voluntary liquidation	Singapore
Roset Limousine Services Pte. Ltd.*	-	79.5	Provision of premium limousine services and cars for hire	Singapore
Segar Raya Development Sdn. Bhd.	71.1	71.1	Real property and housing developer	Malaysia

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50 LIST OF SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES (CONT'D)

Name of companies	% Effective equity interest		Principal activities	Country of incorporation
	2020	2019		
Southgroup Investments Limited *	100	100	Investment holding	Hong Kong
Special Windfall Sdn. Bhd.	60	60	Investment holding	Malaysia
Teraju Usaha Sdn. Bhd.	100	100	Provision of consultancy and advisory services, commission agent and property investment	Malaysia
Topacres Sdn. Bhd.	100	100	Investment holding	Malaysia
Tribecar Pte. Ltd.*	-	63.2	Provision of transport services and development of fleet-related software and other programming	Singapore
Valencia Homes Sdn. Bhd.	90	90	Property investment and letting out of properties	Malaysia
VigSys Sdn. Bhd.	100	100	Manufacture and distribution of mobile wireless and fixed line broadband solutions, devices and related peripherals	Malaysia
VigTech Labs Sdn. Bhd.	100	100	Design and development of software and web applications and provision of communication and networking services and other trading business	Malaysia

* Companies not audited by Grant Thornton Malaysia PLT.

51 LIST OF ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

Name of companies	% Effective equity interest		Principal activities	Country of incorporation
	2020	2019		
Centreplus Sdn. Bhd.	35	35	Improving and leasing of landed property	Malaysia
Cool Inspirations Sdn. Bhd.	43.4	43.4	Property investment holding	Malaysia
Diffusion Fashions Sdn. Bhd.	43.4	43.4	Retailer of high fashion products	Malaysia
Dome Cafe Sdn. Bhd.	43.4	43.4	Operating food and beverages restaurants	Malaysia
Island Cafe Sdn. Bhd.	30.3	30.3	Operating food and beverages restaurants	Malaysia

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51 LIST OF ASSOCIATE COMPANIES (CONT'D)

Name of companies	% Effective equity interest		Principal activities	Country of incorporation
	2020	2019		
Lifestyle Inspirations Sdn. Bhd.	43.4	43.4	Operating food and beverages restaurants	Malaysia
Melium Holdings Sdn. Bhd.	43.4	43.4	Investment holding	Malaysia
Melium Sdn. Bhd.	43.4	43.4	Retailer of high fashion products	Malaysia
Melium Aseana Sdn. Bhd.	43.4	43.4	Trading of Asian made products (ceased operations)	Malaysia
Fancy Connections Sdn. Bhd.	30.3	30.3	Dormant	Malaysia
Rising Inspiration Sdn. Bhd.	43.4	43.4	Retailer of high fashion products (ceased operations)	Malaysia
PT Melium Nusantara @	22.8	22.8	Property investment holding and development	Indonesia
Smooth Inspirations Sdn. Bhd.	43.4	43.4	Operating food and beverages restaurants (ceased operations)	Malaysia
Inari Amertron Berhad	18.8	18.9	Investment holding and provision of management services	Malaysia
Inari Technology Sdn. Bhd.	18.8	18.9	Manufacturing of wireless microwave telecommunication products, wireless broadcast cards and provision of electronic manufacturing services	Malaysia
Inari International Limited	18.8	18.9	Investment holding	Cayman Islands
Amertron Inc. (Global) Limited	18.8	18.9	Investment holding	Cayman Islands
Amertron Incorporated @	18.8	18.9	Manufacture of all kinds of electronics optical fiber cable devices	Philippines
Amertron Technology (Kunshan) Co. Ltd.@	18.8	18.9	Manufacture of light emitting diode, researching and reselling all kinds of optoelectronic devices	The People's Republic of China
Inari South Keytech Sdn. Bhd.	18.8	18.9	Designing, developing and manufacturing of fiber optic product	Malaysia

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51 LIST OF ASSOCIATE COMPANIES (CONT'D)

Name of companies	% Effective equity interest		Principal activities	Country of incorporation
	2020	2019		
Inari Global (HK) Limited	18.8	18.9	Dormant	British Virgin Islands
Ceedtec Sdn. Bhd.	9.6	9.6	Dormant	Malaysia
Ceedtec Technology Sdn. Bhd.	9.6	9.6	Dormant	Malaysia
Simfoni Bistari Sdn. Bhd.	18.8	18.9	Investment holding and property investment	Malaysia
Inari Semiconductor Labs Sdn. Bhd.	18.8	18.9	Manufacturing of semiconductor related products	Malaysia
Hektar Teknologi Sdn. Bhd.	18.8	18.9	Property investment	Malaysia
Inari Integrated Systems Sdn. Bhd.	18.8	18.9	Manufacturing of advanced communication chips and die preparation	Malaysia
Inari Optical Technology Sdn. Bhd.	18.8	18.9	Manufacturing, assembling and testing of optoelectronic and sensor components, modules and systems	Malaysia
Inari Matrix Sdn. Bhd.	18.8	–	Investment holding	Malaysia
Ho Hup Construction Company Berhad *	11.9	12.2	Investment holding, foundation engineering, civil engineering, building contracting works and provision of management services	Malaysia
Winfields Development Sdn. Bhd.	40	40	Investment holding and rental of properties	Malaysia
Winfields Development Pte. Ltd.*	40	40	Investment holding in properties and trading of securities and other financial instruments	Singapore
Montprimo Sdn. Bhd.*	45	45	Investment holding and real property and housing development	Malaysia
True Acres Sdn. Bhd.	40.1	40.1	Investment holding	Malaysia
Numoni Pte. Ltd.*	49.6	49.6	Investment holding, manufacture, develop and sale of transaction self-service kiosk that provide prepaid airtime and micro financing transaction	Singapore

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51 LIST OF ASSOCIATE COMPANIES (CONT'D)

Name of companies	% Effective equity interest		Principal activities	Country of incorporation
	2020	2019		
Numoni Singapore Pte. Ltd.*	49.6	49.6	Sale of prepaid airtime from self-service kiosk	Singapore
Numoni Philippines Inc *	49.6	49.6	Provide services, facilities and technologies to enable commercial transactions	Philippines
Numoni Technology Pte. Ltd.*	49.6	49.6	Regional sale of self-service kiosk and payment solution	Singapore
PT Numoni Indonesia *	-	49.6	Dormant	Indonesia
Numoni Malaysia Sdn. Bhd.	49.6	49.6	Mobile telecommunication services	Malaysia
PT Numoni Nusantara Indonesia *	-	49.6	Dormant	Indonesia
Numoni (HK) Limited *	31.9	31.9	Sale of prepaid airtime from self-service kiosk	Hong Kong
Numoni DFS Sdn. Bhd.*	-	47.7	Integrated mobile remittance service provider	Malaysia
PEP Innovation Pte. Ltd.*	30	30	Assembly and testing of semiconductors products	Singapore
O&S Pacific Co. Ltd.*	30	30	Trading in frozen seafood	Malaysia
Symphony Interactive Sdn. Bhd.*	35	35	Investment holding and property investment	Malaysia
Inshoku Ten Sdn. Bhd.	20	20	Operating food and beverages restaurant	Malaysia
Pyxis CF Pte. Ltd. *	24	24	Design, manufacture and repair of semiconductor equipment	Singapore
Diversified Gateway Solutions Berhad	25.5	25.5	Investment holding, business of computer networking solutions and system integration, digital media solutions and services, computer distribution and maintenance of computer networking, network security storage and network management solutions, food and contract manufacturing, provision of technology solutions for food and related industries	Malaysia

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51 LIST OF ASSOCIATE COMPANIES (CONT'D)

Name of companies	% Effective equity interest		Principal activities	Country of incorporation
	2020	2019		
Ideal Dragon Sdn. Bhd.	20	–	Investment holding	Malaysia

* Companies not audited by Grant Thornton Malaysia PLT.

@ Companies audited by other member firm of Grant Thornton International Limited.

52 LIST OF JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES

Name of companies	% Effective equity interest		Principal activities	Country of incorporation
	2020	2019		
Quadrant Biz Solutions Sdn. Bhd.	50	50	Provision of corporate secretarial, share registration and management services	Malaysia
Win Veritas Sdn. Bhd.	50	–	Wine merchant	Malaysia

53 SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR

- (a) The details of changes in the composition of the Group during the financial year and preceding financial year are disclosed in Note 44 to the financial statements.
- (b) The unprecedented Coronavirus Disease 2019 pandemic (“Covid-19”) has affected global economic activities and caused worldwide economic uncertainties. A series of precautionary and control measures have been and continued to be implemented across the world and the Malaysian government has also implemented Movement Control Order from 18 March 2020 to 3 May 2020, Conditional Movement Control Order from 4 May 2020 to 9 June 2020 and Recovery Movement Control Order from 10 June 2020 to 31 December 2020. Consequently, these restrictions are expected to have material effects on Malaysia’s economy for year 2020.

The Covid-19 and the resulting disruptions had a profound effect on all sectors of the economy and businesses and had significantly affected the global financial markets in the last quarter of the financial year ended 30 June 2020.

The Group’s investments in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss comprises investment in quoted securities and their fair values as at 30 June 2020 have decreased significantly as compared to the preceding period due to the volatility in the worldwide stock markets. The Group saw disruptions to its transient car rental businesses and retail operations due to movement restriction and reduced consumer demands. The Group’s property investment portfolio offered a 30% rental rebates for six months commencing from mid-March 2020 to our SME tenants in tandem with the government’s call for business owners to participate in the government’s initiatives for stimulus packages, designed to prevent the economy from further contraction amid the Covid-19. The Group has in place prudent credit and liquidity risks assessment and management, and apart from the above, there was no other adverse effect nor impairment losses on assets of the Group arising from the Covid-19.

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53 SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR (CONT'D)

(b) (cont'd)

The financial performance of the Group for the financial year ending 30 June 2021 will largely depend on the outcome of the recovery of Covid-19 global pandemic which are highly uncertain at this juncture. The Group remains resilient supported by its quality asset base, strong financial fundamentals and prudent cash and financial management. The management is cognisant of the economic downturn and market uncertainties that will continue and will be vigilant to navigate through this period of uncertainty with a view to mitigate the financial impacts on the Group's businesses and ensuring the safety and welfare of our employees and stakeholders.

54 SIGNIFICANT EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

On 9 July 2020, the Company announced that it intends to undertake a renounceable rights issue of up to 132,604,152 new redeemable preference shares ("Rights RPS") together with up to 331,510,380 Warrants on the basis of 2 Rights RPS and 5 Warrants for every 10 existing ordinary shares held in the Company on an entitlement date to be determined later at an issue price of RM1.00 per Rights RPS. The Rights RPS is pending approval from the relevant regulatory authorities and shareholders of the Company at an extraordinary general meeting to be held.

55 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Categories of financial instruments

The table below provides an analysis on the categories of financial instruments:-

- (i) Amortised cost ("AC")
- (ii) Fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI")
 - Equity instrument and other investments designated upon initial recognition ("EIDUIR")
- (iii) Fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")
 - Mandatorily required by MFRS 9

	Carrying amount RM'000	AC RM'000	FVTOCI - EIDUIR RM'000	Mandatorily at FVTPL RM'000
2020				
Group				
Financial assets				
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	31,905	-	31,905	-
Financial assets at amortised cost	3,026	3,026	-	-
Trade receivables	497,348	497,348	-	-
Amount due from associate companies	68,278	68,278	-	-
Other receivables and deposits paid	61,369	61,369	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	155,276	-	-	155,276
Deposits with licensed banks and financial institutions	491,564	491,564	-	-
Cash and bank balances	180,088	180,088	-	-
	1,488,854	1,301,673	31,905	155,276

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55 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

(a) Categories of financial instruments (cont'd)

The table below provides an analysis on the categories of financial instruments (cont'd):-

	Carrying amount RM'000	AC RM'000	Mandatorily at FVTPL RM'000
2020 (cont'd)			
Group (cont'd)			
Financial liabilities			
Derivative financial liabilities	3,333	-	3,333
Trade payables	101,800	101,800	-
Other payables, deposits received and accruals	19,441	19,441	-
Loans and borrowings	343,435	343,435	-
	468,009	464,676	3,333
	Carrying amount RM'000	AC RM'000	FVTOCI - EIDUIR RM'000
Company			
Financial assets			
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	940	-	940
Amount due from subsidiary companies	190,846	190,846	-
Amount due from associate companies	397	397	-
Other receivables and deposits paid	196	196	-
Deposits with licensed banks and financial institutions	32,898	32,898	-
Cash and bank balances	4,202	4,202	-
	229,479	228,539	940
	Carrying amount RM'000	AC RM'000	
Financial liabilities			
Amount due to subsidiary companies	61,264	61,264	
Other payables and accruals	743	743	
Loans and borrowings	214,050	214,050	
	276,057	276,057	

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55 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

(a) Categories of financial instruments (cont'd)

The table below provides an analysis on the categories of financial instruments (cont'd):-

	Carrying amount RM'000	AC RM'000	FVTOCI - EIDUIR RM'000	Mandatorily at FVTPL RM'000
2019				
Group				
Financial assets				
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	22,971	–	22,971	–
Financial assets at amortised cost	4,606	4,606	–	–
Trade receivables	443,096	443,096	–	–
Amount due from associate companies	89,571	89,571	–	–
Other receivables and deposits paid	50,975	50,975	–	–
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	234,233	–	–	234,233
Deposits with licensed banks and financial institutions	554,552	554,552	–	–
Cash and bank balances	95,148	95,148	–	–
	1,495,152	1,237,948	22,971	234,233
		Carrying amount RM'000	AC RM'000	Mandatorily at FVTPL RM'000
Financial liabilities				
Derivative financial liabilities	1,056	–	–	1,056
Trade payables	24,001	24,001	–	–
Other payables, deposits received and accruals	38,499	38,499	–	–
Loans and borrowings	301,933	301,933	–	–
Hire purchase payables	82,720	82,720	–	–
Redeemable preference shares	130,106	130,106	–	–
	578,315	577,259	–	1,056

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55 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

(a) Categories of financial instruments (cont'd)

The table below provides an analysis on the categories of financial instruments (cont'd):-

	Carrying amount RM'000	AC RM'000	FVTOCI - EIDUIR RM'000
2019 (cont'd)			
Company			
Financial assets			
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	940	-	940
Amount due from subsidiary companies	204,733	204,733	-
Amount due from associate companies	390	390	-
Other receivables and deposits paid	152	152	-
Deposits with licensed banks and financial institutions	17,769	17,769	-
Cash and bank balances	5,027	5,027	-
	229,011	228,071	940
		Carrying amount RM'000	AC RM'000
Financial liabilities			
Amount due to subsidiary companies		67,360	67,360
Other payables and accruals		3,168	3,168
Loans and borrowings		86,000	86,000
Redeemable preference shares		130,106	130,106
		286,634	286,634

(b) Financial risk management and policies

The Group and the Company are exposed to financial risks arising from the use of financial instruments. The Group's and the Company's financial risk management policies seek to ensure that adequate financial resources are available for the development of the Group's and of the Company's businesses whilst managing its interest rate, credit, foreign currency exchange, liquidity and market risks. The Group and the Company operate within guidelines approved by the Board and the Group's and the Company's policies are not to engage in speculative transactions.

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55 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

(b) Financial risk management and policies (cont'd)

The main areas of financial risks faced by the Group and the Company and the policy in respect of the major areas of treasury activity are set out as follows:-

(i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the Group's and of the Company's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Group and the Company are not significantly exposed to interest rate risk except for the floating rate borrowings. The interest rates applicable on the Group's and the Company's amount due from associate companies, financial assets at amortised cost, trade and other receivables, deposits with licensed banks and financial institutions, lease liabilities (2019: hire purchase payables), redeemable preference shares and amount due from subsidiary companies are mainly fixed rate in nature and are not exposed to interest rate risk.

The interest rate profiles of the Group's and of the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities are set out as follows:-

	Floating rates instruments RM'000	Fixed rates instruments RM'000	Total RM'000	Effective interest rates during the year % per annum
2020				
Group				
Financial assets				
Trade receivables	-	330,063	330,063	6.00% - 18.00%
Amount due from associate companies	-	3,664	3,664	2.00% - 8.00%
Other receivables	-	3,694	3,694	1.85% - 8.00%
Financial assets at amortised cost	-	3,026	3,026	4.38% - 4.50%
Deposits with licensed banks and financial institutions	-	491,564	491,564	0.04% - 4.00%
Financial liabilities				
Loans and borrowings	343,435	-	343,435	0.53% - 8.72%
Lease liabilities	-	23,855	23,855	1.71% - 8.53%
Company				
Financial assets				
Amount due from subsidiary companies	-	182,076	182,076	1.85% - 6.67%
Deposits with licensed banks and financial institutions	-	32,898	32,898	1.55% - 3.30%
Financial liabilities				
Loans and borrowings	214,050	-	214,050	3.87% - 5.66%
Lease liabilities	-	322	322	5.65%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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55 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

(b) Financial risk management and policies (cont'd)

The main areas of financial risks faced by the Group and the Company and the policy in respect of the major areas of treasury activity are set out as follows (cont'd):-

(i) Interest rate risk (cont'd)

The interest rate profiles of the Group's and of the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities are set out as follows (cont'd):-

	Floating rates instruments RM'000	Fixed rates instruments RM'000	Total RM'000	Effective interest rates during the year % per annum
2019				
Group				
Financial assets				
Trade receivables	-	358,476	358,476	6.00% - 18.00%
Amount due from associate companies	-	9,578	9,578	2.00% - 8.00%
Other receivables	-	209	209	2.79% - 8.00%
Financial assets at amortised cost	-	4,606	4,606	4.38% - 6.63%
Deposits with licensed banks and financial institutions	-	554,552	554,552	0.01% - 4.15%
Financial liabilities				
Loans and borrowings	301,933	-	301,933	0.40% - 11.25%
Hire purchase payables	-	82,720	82,720	2.33% - 7.68%
Redeemable preference shares	-	130,106	130,106	4.00%
Company				
Financial assets				
Amount due from subsidiary companies	-	199,328	199,328	2.85% - 8.00%
Deposits with licensed bank and financial institution	-	17,769	17,769	2.55% - 2.80%
Financial liabilities				
Loans and borrowings	86,000	-	86,000	5.19% - 5.95%
Redeemable preference shares	-	130,106	130,106	4.00%

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55 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

(b) Financial risk management and policies (cont'd)

The main areas of financial risks faced by the Group and the Company and the policy in respect of the major areas of treasury activity are set out as follows (cont'd):-

(i) Interest rate risk (cont'd)

The Group's and the Company's exposure to interest rate risk for a 1% (2019: 1%) increase/ (decrease) in interest rate on the financial assets and liabilities with floating interest rates at the reporting date would result in a corresponding effect to the profit for the financial year as follows:-

	Profit for the financial year RM'000
Group	
2020	
Variable rates	
- increase by 1%	(3,434)
- decrease by 1%	3,434
<hr/>	
2019	
Variable rates	
- increase by 1%	(3,019)
- decrease by 1%	3,019
<hr/>	
Company	
2020	
Variable rates	
- increase by 1%	(2,141)
- decrease by 1%	2,141
<hr/>	
2019	
Variable rates	
- increase by 1%	(860)
- decrease by 1%	860
<hr/>	

The assumed movement in interest rate of 1% for the interest rate sensitivity analysis is based on the prudent estimate of the current market environment.

(ii) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of a financial loss to the Group and the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations.

The Group has significant concentration of trade receivables owing on 5 (2019: 3) debtors which comprise approximately 51% (2019: 53%) of the trade receivables balance as at the reporting date. There is no major concentration of credit risk as these trade receivables are adequately secured with collateral.

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55 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

(b) Financial risk management and policies (cont'd)

The main areas of financial risks faced by the Group and the Company and the policy in respect of the major areas of treasury activity are set out as follows (cont'd):-

(ii) Credit risk (cont'd)

The Group's and the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of trade and other receivables and amount due from subsidiary companies and associate companies in the statements of financial position.

The credit risk for cash and cash equivalents are considered negligible since the counterparties are reputable banks and financial institutions with high credit rating. Consequently, the Group and the Company are of the view that the loss allowance is not material and hence, it is not provided for.

Risk management objectives, policies and processes for managing the risk

The Group's and the Company's risk management objectives, policies and processes for managing the risk are disclosed in Note 3(b) to the financial statements.

Recognition and measurement of impairment loss - Trade receivables

In managing credit risk of trade receivables, the Group manages its debtors and takes appropriate actions to recover long overdue balances. For trade and loan receivables' credit term that are past due but not impaired, the Group's debt recovery process is the Group will initiate a structured debt recovery process which is monitored via management reporting procedures and where necessary, loan receivables are required to deposit sufficient assets as collateral and adhere to credit limits within the fair values of assets placed as collateral.

The Group applies the simplified approach under MFRS 9 to measure expected credit losses, which uses a lifetime expected credit loss allowance for all trade receivables. The Group evaluates the expected credit losses on a case-by-case basis.

The Group assesses the expected loss rates based on historical payment profiles of the trade receivables and the corresponding historical credit losses experienced. The historical loss rates are adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on factors affecting the financial capability of the debtor and default or significant delay in payments. No significant changes to estimation techniques or assumptions were made during the reporting period.

The Group's normal trade credit terms to trade receivables ranges from 30 to 90 days (2019: 30 to 90 days) except for a subsidiary company whose credit terms is 2 market days (2019: 2 market days) according to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad's Fixed Delivery and Settlement System Trading Rules. The Group's normal credit term in relation to rental receivables is 7 days (2019: 7 days). Other credit terms are assessed and approved on a case-by-case basis.

As at the reporting date, the management is of the opinion that all necessary impairment that is required has been provided for and the trade receivables that have not been impaired are creditworthy debtors whereby impairment is not required. Information in respect of the provision for impairment losses, ageing analysis for trade receivables and trade receivable secured by collaterals are disclosed in Note 18 to the financial statements.

At each reporting date, the Group also assesses whether any of the trade receivables are credit impaired. The gross carrying amounts of credit impaired trade receivables are written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off. Trade receivables that are written off are still subjected to enforcement activities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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55 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

(b) Financial risk management and policies (cont'd)

The main areas of financial risks faced by the Group and the Company and the policy in respect of the major areas of treasury activity are set out as follows (cont'd):-

(ii) Credit risk (cont'd)

Recognition and measurement of impairment loss - Debt instruments at amortised cost other than trade receivables

The Group and the Company assess on a forward-looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its debt instruments carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

The Group and the Company use three categories to reflect their credit risk and how the loss allowance is determined for each of those categories. A summary of the assumptions underpinning the Group's and the Company's expected credit losses model is as follows:-

Category	Definition of categories	Basis of recognising expected credit losses
Performing	Receivables that have a low risk of default and a strong capacity to meet contractual cash flows.	12 months expected credit losses
Underperforming	Receivables for which there is a significant increase in credit risk due to actual or expected significant adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the debtor's ability to meet its obligations.	Lifetime expected credit losses
Non-performing	Receivables which are credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows have occurred.	Lifetime expected credit losses

Based on the above, loss allowance is derived as follows:-

- (i) the likelihood that the debtor would not be able to repay during the contractual period;
- (ii) the percentage of contractual cash flows that will not be collected if default happens; and
- (iii) the outstanding amount that is exposed to default risk.

As at the reporting date, the management are of the opinion that all necessary impairment that is required have been accounted for.

Financial guarantees

The Company provides unsecured financial guarantees to banks and financial institutions in respect of banking facilities granted to certain subsidiary companies and an associate company and monitored the results of repayments by the subsidiary companies and the associate company closely. As at the reporting date, there was no indication that any subsidiary companies and the associate company will default on payment of the banking facilities.

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55 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

(b) Financial risk management and policies (cont'd)

The main areas of financial risks faced by the Group and the Company and the policy in respect of the major areas of treasury activity are set out as follows (cont'd):-

(iii) Foreign currency exchange risk

Foreign currency exchange risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group and the Company are exposed to foreign currency exchange risk on their sales, purchases, investments and borrowings that are denominated in a currency other than the respective functional currencies of the Group entities. The currencies giving rise to this risk are principally the United States Dollar ("US Dollar"), Singapore Dollar, Euro, Sterling Pound, Australian Dollar and the Hong Kong Dollar.

The Group is also exposed to foreign currency exchange risk arising from translation of the net assets of the Group's foreign subsidiary and associate companies.

The net unhedged financial assets and liabilities of companies within the Group and the Company that are not denominated in their respective functional currencies are as follows:-

	US Dollar RM'000	Singapore Dollar RM'000	Euro RM'000	Sterling Pound RM'000	Australian Dollar RM'000	Hong Kong Dollar RM'000	Other currencies RM'000	Total RM'000
2020								
Group								
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	2,138	-	22,789	-	-	-	24,927
Financial assets at amortised cost	1,566	-	-	-	1,460	-	-	3,026
Trade receivables	254	1,625	3	30	-	2,694	-	4,606
Amount due from associate companies	1,307	1,214	-	-	-	-	-	2,521
Other receivables, deposits and prepayments	8	197	-	-	2	45	-	252
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	8,993	51,989	4,272	1,598	9,586	28,511	3,946	108,895
Deposits with licensed banks and financial institutions	-	19,916	-	-	114,964	19,363	-	154,243
Cash and bank balances	15,662	66,774	8,436	38,537	2,685	4,072	450	136,616
Loans and borrowings	(3,661)	(55,435)	(4,462)	(4,066)	(24,028)	-	-	(91,652)
Derivative financial liabilities	(99)	(95)	(209)	(902)	(1,703)	(325)	-	(3,333)
Other payables, deposits received and accruals	-	(372)	-	(52)	(3)	(41)	-	(468)
Net financial assets	24,030	87,951	8,040	57,934	102,963	54,319	4,396	339,633

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55 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

(b) Financial risk management and policies (cont'd)

The main areas of financial risks faced by the Group and the Company and the policy in respect of the major areas of treasury activity are set out as follows (cont'd):-

(iii) Foreign currency exchange risk (cont'd)

The net unhedged financial assets and liabilities of companies within the Group and the Company that are not denominated in their respective functional currencies are as follows (cont'd):-

	US Dollar RM'000	Singapore Dollar RM'000	Euro RM'000	Sterling Pound RM'000	Australian Dollar RM'000	Hong Kong Dollar RM'000	Other currencies RM'000	Total RM'000
2020 (cont'd)								
Company								
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	-	595	-	-	-	595
Cash and bank balances	-	-	-	-	101	-	-	101
Amount due from subsidiary companies	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	9
Amount due to subsidiary companies	-	(31)	-	-	-	(60,932)	-	(60,963)
Net financial (liabilities)/ assets	-	(22)	-	595	101	(60,932)	-	(60,258)
2019								
Group								
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	2,138	-	19,855	-	-	-	21,993
Financial assets at amortised cost	1,568	-	-	-	3,038	-	-	4,606
Trade receivables	395	3,133	4	-	-	538	-	4,070
Amount due from associate companies	1,287	1,591	-	-	-	-	-	2,878
Other receivables, deposits and prepayments	8	4,057	-	2	106	52	-	4,225
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	16,168	115,620	4,454	2,618	8,330	30,747	3,925	181,862
Deposits with licensed banks and financial institutions	1,523	11,788	-	49,471	167,694	11,197	-	241,673
Cash and bank balances	14,557	16,580	6,464	7,160	3,341	7,306	328	55,736
Loans and borrowings	(58,030)	(81,989)	(21,466)	(3,986)	(7,047)	-	-	(172,518)
Derivative financial liabilities	(117)	-	(433)	(37)	(185)	(284)	-	(1,056)
Trade payables	(2)	(3,472)	-	-	-	-	-	(3,474)
Hire purchase payables	-	(57,957)	-	-	-	-	-	(57,957)
Other payables, deposits received and accruals	(11)	(15,099)	(1)	(11)	(1)	(86)	-	(15,209)
Net financial (liabilities)/ assets	(22,654)	(3,610)	(10,978)	75,072	175,276	49,470	4,253	266,829

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55 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

(b) Financial risk management and policies (cont'd)

The main areas of financial risks faced by the Group and the Company and the policy in respect of the major areas of treasury activity are set out as follows (cont'd):-

(iii) Foreign currency exchange risk (cont'd)

The net unhedged financial assets and liabilities of companies within the Group and the Company that are not denominated in their respective functional currencies are as follows (cont'd):-

	US Dollar RM'000	Singapore Dollar RM'000	Euro RM'000	Sterling Pound RM'000	Australian Dollar RM'000	Hong Kong Dollar RM'000	Other currencies RM'000	Total RM'000
2019 (cont'd)								
Company								
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	-	595	-	-	-	595
Cash and bank balances	-	-	-	-	99	-	-	99
Amount due from subsidiary companies	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	9
Amount due to subsidiary companies	-	(31)	-	-	-	(58,457)	-	(58,488)
Net financial (liabilities)/ assets	-	(22)	-	595	99	(58,457)	-	(57,785)

A 5% (2019: 5%) weakening/strengthening of Ringgit Malaysia ("RM") against the following major foreign currencies at the reporting date would (decrease)/increase the Group's and the Company's profit for the financial year by the amounts shown below with all other variables held constant:-

		Group's profit for the financial year RM'000	Company's profit for the financial year RM'000
2020			
US Dollar/RM	- strengthening	1,202	-
	- weakening	(1,202)	-
Singapore Dollar/RM	- strengthening	4,398	(1)
	- weakening	(4,398)	1
Euro/RM	- strengthening	402	-
	- weakening	(402)	-
Sterling Pound/RM	- strengthening	2,897	30
	- weakening	(2,897)	(30)
Australian Dollar/RM	- strengthening	5,148	5
	- weakening	(5,148)	(5)
Hong Kong Dollar/RM	- strengthening	2,716	(3,047)
	- weakening	(2,716)	3,047

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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55 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

(b) Financial risk management and policies (cont'd)

The main areas of financial risks faced by the Group and the Company and the policy in respect of the major areas of treasury activity are set out as follows (cont'd):-

(iii) Foreign currency exchange risk (cont'd)

A 5% (2019: 5%) weakening/strengthening of Ringgit Malaysia ("RM") against the following major foreign currencies at the reporting date would (decrease)/increase the Group's and the Company's profit for the financial year by the amounts shown below with all other variables held constant (cont'd):-

		Group's profit for the financial year RM'000	Company's profit for the financial year RM'000
2019			
US Dollar/RM	- strengthening	(1,133)	-
	- weakening	1,133	-
Singapore Dollar/RM	- strengthening	(181)	(1)
	- weakening	181	1
Euro/RM	- strengthening	(549)	-
	- weakening	549	-
Sterling Pound/RM	- strengthening	3,754	30
	- weakening	(3,754)	(30)
Australian Dollar/RM	- strengthening	8,764	5
	- weakening	(8,764)	(5)
Hong Kong Dollar/RM	- strengthening	2,474	(2,923)
	- weakening	(2,474)	2,923

The assumed movement in foreign currency exchange rate of 5% for the foreign currency exchange rate sensitivity analysis is based on the prudent estimate of the current market environment.

(iv) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group and the Company are unable to meet its financial obligations when they fall due as a result of shortage of funds. The Group's and the Company's liquidity risk exposure mainly arise from trade and other payables, deposits received and accruals, derivative financial liabilities, lease liabilities (2019: hire purchase payables), loans and borrowings, redeemable preference shares and amount due to subsidiary companies.

The Group and the Company monitor and maintain sufficient level of cash and cash equivalents to ensure adequate financing of the Group's and the Company's operations. The Group and the Company also ensure the availability of funding through adequate amount of committed credit facilities.

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55 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

(b) Financial risk management and policies (cont'd)

The main areas of financial risks faced by the Group and the Company and the policy in respect of the major areas of treasury activity are set out as follows (cont'd):-

(iv) Liquidity risk (cont'd)

The normal trade credit terms granted to the Group is 30 days (2019: 30 to 90 days) except for a subsidiary company whose credit terms is 2 market days (2019: 2 market days) according to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad's Fixed Delivery and Settlement System Trading Rules.

The table below summarised the maturity profile of the Group's and of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted repayment obligations:-

	Less than 1 year RM'000	2 to 5 years RM'000	After 5 years RM'000	Total RM'000
2020				
Group				
Financial liabilities				
Derivative financial liabilities	3,333	-	-	3,333
Trade payables	101,800	-	-	101,800
Other payables, deposits received and accruals	19,441	-	-	19,441
Loans and borrowings	328,703	5,795	11,938	346,436
Lease liabilities	10,745	14,782	404	25,931
Financial guarantee *	26	-	-	26
Company				
Financial liabilities				
Amount due to subsidiary companies	61,264	-	-	61,264
Other payables and accruals	743	-	-	743
Loans and borrowings	214,050	-	-	214,050
Lease liabilities	340	-	-	340
Financial guarantee *	63,911	-	-	63,911

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55 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

(b) Financial risk management and policies (cont'd)

The main areas of financial risks faced by the Group and the Company and the policy in respect of the major areas of treasury activity are set out as follows (cont'd):-

(iv) Liquidity risk (cont'd)

The table below summarised the maturity profile of the Group's and of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted repayment obligations (cont'd):-

	Less than 1 year RM'000	2 to 5 years RM'000	After 5 years RM'000	Total RM'000
2019				
Group				
Financial liabilities				
Derivative financial liabilities	1,056	-	-	1,056
Trade payables	24,001	-	-	24,001
Other payables, deposits received and accruals	38,499	-	-	38,499
Loans and borrowings	282,489	7,477	16,548	306,514
Hire purchase payables	31,513	51,676	5,842	89,031
Redeemable preference shares	136,103	-	-	136,103
Financial guarantee *	53	-	-	53
Company				
Financial liabilities				
Amount due to subsidiary companies	67,360	-	-	67,360
Other payables and accruals	3,168	-	-	3,168
Loans and borrowings	86,000	-	-	86,000
Redeemable preference shares	136,103	-	-	136,103
Financial guarantee *	85,246	-	-	85,246

* Exposure to liquidity risk on financial guarantees will arise only when the financial guarantees, which are contingent liabilities, crystallised and become definite liabilities.

(v) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the Group's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market price of quoted securities held as financial assets/liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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55 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

(b) Financial risk management and policies (cont'd)

The main areas of financial risks faced by the Group and the Company and the policy in respect of the major areas of treasury activity are set out as follows (cont'd):-

(v) Market risk (cont'd)

	Group	
	2020	2019
	RM'000	RM'000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
- quoted securities in Malaysia	46,381	52,371
- quoted securities outside Malaysia	108,895	181,862
	155,276	234,233
Derivative financial liabilities	3,333	1,056

If prices of quoted securities and derivative financial liabilities change by 5% (2019: 5%) with other variables held constant, the effects of the change on the Group's profit for the financial year will be as follows:-

	Profit for the financial year RM'000
Group	
2020	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and derivative financial liabilities	
- increase by 5%	7,597
- decrease by 5%	(7,597)
2019	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and derivative financial liabilities	
- increase by 5%	11,659
- decrease by 5%	(11,659)

The assumed movement in market price of quoted securities and derivative financial liabilities of 5% for the market price sensitivity analysis is based on the prudent estimate of the current market environment.

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55 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

(c) Fair values of financial instruments

Fair value is the amount at which the financial instruments could be exchanged in a current transaction between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction, other than in a forced and liquidation sale.

(i) Financial instruments not carried at fair value but fair value is disclosed

The Group and the Company do not have any financial instruments not carried at fair value but fair value is disclosed.

(ii) Financial instruments carried at fair value

Financial assets and liabilities of the Group and of the Company that are carried at fair value are as follows:-

- Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - unquoted investments and other investments
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss
- Derivative financial liabilities

Other than the above, the carrying amounts of the remaining financial instruments in the statements of financial position are reasonable approximation of their fair values due to their relatively short term nature and the insignificant impact of discounting.

The following methods and assumptions summarised below are used to determine the fair values of each class of financial instruments:-

(i) Quoted securities

The fair values of quoted securities is determined by reference to their published market closing price or the quoted closing bid price at the reporting date.

(ii) Unquoted investments and other investments

The fair values of the unquoted investments are determined based on valuation techniques supported by available inputs such as precedent transaction for similar financial instruments.

The fair values of other investments are determined based on the fair values obtained from the club memberships' websites whereby the quotes obtained reflected transactions in similar instruments.

(iii) Derivative financial instruments

The fair values of outstanding derivative transactions are obtained from major financial institutions.

(iv) Financial assets and liabilities with short term maturity

The carrying amounts of these financial assets and liabilities at the reporting date are reasonable approximation of their fair values due to their short term nature and therefore have insignificant impact on discounting.

(v) Other fixed interest rates financial assets and liabilities

The fair values of these financial assets and liabilities are estimated by discounting the future cash flows at market incremental lending rate for similar investment and borrowing arrangements at the reporting date.

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55 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

(d) Fair value hierarchy of financial instruments

The following table provides an analysis of the financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Level 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable.

- (i) Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- (ii) Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- (iii) Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

	Level 1 RM'000	Level 2 RM'000	Level 3 RM'000	Total RM'000
2020				
Group				
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
- other investments	-	2,220	-	2,220
- unquoted investments	-	-	29,685	29,685
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
- quoted securities	155,276	-	-	155,276
	155,276	2,220	29,685	187,181
Derivative financial liabilities	-	3,333	-	3,333
Company				
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
- other investments	-	940	-	940

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 30 June 2020

(CONT'D)

55 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

(d) Fair value hierarchy of financial instruments (cont'd)

The following table provides an analysis of the financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Level 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable (cont'd).

	Level 1 RM'000	Level 2 RM'000	Level 3 RM'000	Total RM'000
2019				
Group				
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
- other investments	-	2,220	-	2,220
- unquoted investments	-	-	20,751	20,751
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
- quoted securities	234,233	-	-	234,233
	234,233	2,220	20,751	257,204
Derivative financial liabilities	-	1,056	-	1,056
Company				
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
- other investments	-	940	-	940

The following table shows the reconciliation of Level 3 fair values:-

	Group	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
<u>Unquoted investments</u>		
At beginning of financial year	20,751	-
Transfer into Level 3	-	23,902
Addition during the financial year	8,934	1,849
Redemption during the financial year	-	(5,000)
At end of financial year	29,685	20,751

Policy on transfer between levels

The fair value of the financial instruments to be transferred between levels are determined as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

There is no transfer between Level 1, 2 and 3 during the reporting period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 30 June 2020

(CONT'D)

55 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

(e) Measurement of fair value of financial instruments

The following table shows the valuation techniques used in measuring Level 2 and Level 3 fair values, as well as the significant unobservable inputs used:-

Types of financial instrument carried at fair value	Level	Valuation techniques	Significant unobservable inputs	Inter-relationship between significant unobservable inputs and fair value measurement
Derivative financial liabilities	2	Market comparison technique. The fair values are based on quotes obtained from licensed financial institutions. Similar contracts are traded in an active market and the quotes reflect transactions in similar instruments.	Not applicable	Not applicable
Other investments	2	Market comparison technique. The fair values are obtained from the club memberships' websites whereby the quotes obtained reflected transactions in similar instruments.	Not applicable	Not applicable
Unquoted investments	3	Market comparison technique. The fair values are based on market multiples derived from recent quotes of similar financial instruments.	Adjusted market multiple	The estimated fair values would increase/decrease if the adjusted market multiple were higher/lower.

56 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT OF NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS

The Group and the Company do not have any non-financial assets measured at fair value, other than investment properties which have been disclosed in Note 7 to the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 30 June 2020

(CONT'D)

57 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The primary objective of capital management is to ensure that an entity maintains a strong credit rating and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders value.

The Group and the Company manage their capital structure to safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern in order to maintain investors, creditors and market confidence and to sustain future business development. The Group's and the Company's overall strategy remain unchanged from the previous financial year. There were no externally imposed capital requirements that the Group and the Company need to be in compliance with for the financial years ended 30 June 2020 and 30 June 2019 except for the stock broking subsidiary company which is supervised by the Securities Commission and Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and is required to maintain a number of minimum capital adequacy requirements, which the stock broking subsidiary company has complied with.

The Group and the Company monitor capital using a gearing ratio, which is derived by dividing the amount of borrowings over equity. The Group's and the Company's policy is to keep the gearing ratio within manageable ratio.

The Group's and the Company's gearing ratio are summarised as below:-

	Group		Company	
	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2019 RM'000
Total interest bearing borrowings	367,290	514,759	214,372	216,106
Total equity attributable to owners of the Company	1,752,941	1,739,358	875,993	751,848
Gearing ratio	0.21	0.30	0.24	0.29

LIST OF PROPERTIES

- held by Insas Berhad Group as at 30 June 2020

Location/Address	Description / Existing use	Area	Tenure	Approximate age of building (years)	Date of acquisition	Date of valuation	Net book value RM'000
M & A Building 52A, Jalan Sultan Idris Shah 30000 Ipoh, Perak	10 storey corporate offices leased out and for use as office premise	10,484 sq feet (Land area)	Freehold	22	18-Jan-1995	30-Jun-2020	13,896
6, Jalan 31/70A, Desa Sri Hartamas 50480 Kuala Lumpur	4 storey shophouse leased out	1,765 sq feet (Land area)	Freehold	23	31-Oct-2001	30-Jun-2020	4,000
Block 45 & 47, The Boulevard Offices Mid Valley City, Lingkaran Syed Putra 59200 Kuala Lumpur	2 blocks of 11 storey shop offices leased out and for use as office premise	54,277 sq feet	Leasehold (unexpired lease period of 82 years)	18	17-Jun-2002	30-Jun-2020	57,212
21, Plaza Crystalville 1 Jalan 23/70A, Desa Sri Hartamas 50480 Kuala Lumpur	3 storey shop office leased out	4,620 sq feet	Freehold	19	3-Jan-2000	30-Jun-2020	3,800
R-3A-1, D'Aman Ria Apartment, Jalan PJU 1A/41 Ara Jaya, 47301 Petaling Jaya, Selangor	Apartment for lease	1,133 sq feet	Freehold	17	22-Jun-2007	30-Jun-2020	530
8A, Orange Grove Road #11-03, D'Grove Villas Singapore	Apartment for lease	2,701 sq feet	Freehold	27	14-Feb-1996	30-Jun-2020	14,448
5, Draycott Drive #15-02, The Arc at Draycott Singapore	Apartment for lease	1,270 sq feet	Freehold	12	27-Nov-2008	30-Jun-2020	9,529
21 Claymore Road #07-02, The Tate Residences Singapore	Apartment for lease	1,894 sq feet	Freehold	10	24-Feb-2010	30-Jun-2020	12,388
H S (D) 11371, No. P T 14461 Bukit Tinggi Resort Mukim and District of Bentong Pahang	Vacant land for development	130 acres	Freehold	Not applicable	24-Oct-1995	22-Jun-2020	38,000
Ampang Putra Residensi Jalan Ampang Putra 6, 68000 Ampang, Selangor	18 units of apartments & 3 units of retail lots held for sale and for lease	21,644 sq feet	Leasehold (unexpired lease period of 85 years)	10	7-May-2010 3-Sep-2010	-	5,251
Lot No. 2-12, 2-13, 2-18, 2-19, 2-31 & 2-32 No. 65, Jalan 1/17, Fadason Business Centre Taman Fadason, Off Jalan Kepong, 52000 Kuala Lumpur	6 units of retail lots held for sale	4,200 sq feet	Leasehold	9	11-Jul-2011	-	1,504
D-07-1, D-07-2, D-07-3, Block D, Plaza Kelana Jaya Jalan SS7/13A, 47301 Petaling Jaya, Selangor	3 storey shop office leased out and for use as office premise	4,387 sq feet	Freehold	9	17-Mar-2011	30-Jun-2020	2,284

LIST OF PROPERTIES

- held by Insas Berhad Group as at 30 June 2020
(CONT'D)

Location/Address	Description / Existing use	Area	Tenure	Approximate age of building (years)	Date of acquisition	Date of valuation	Net book value RM'000
No. 70	3 units of 2 1/2 storey semi-detached houses for lease and for sale	4,908 sq feet	Freehold	5	1-Jun-2012	29-Jun-2020	2,500
No. 38		3,466 sq feet	Freehold	5	11-Mar-2013	29-Jun-2020	2,100
No. 25 Jalan PH 1/6, Taman Puchong Hartamas, 47100 Puchong, Selangor		3,885 sq feet (Land area)	Freehold	5	11-Mar-2013	30-Jun-2020	2,200
38, Jalan Pemimpin #07-08 M38 Singapore 577178	1 unit factory/showroom premise for lease	2,906 sq feet	Freehold	5	17-Jul-2014	30-Jun-2020	6,455
38, Jalan Pemimpin #07-09 M38 Singapore 577178	1 unit factory/showroom for own use as operational premise	2,820 sq feet	Freehold	5	25-Jun-2014	-	6,874
No. 8, Jalan Serendah 26/41, Sekitar 26, Seksyen 26, 40400 Shah Alam, Selangor	1 unit 3 storey semi-detached factory for lease	10,075 sq feet (Land area)	Freehold	1	31-Oct-2019	-	6,235
A-21-02,	2 units of apartments for lease and for sale	1,529 sq feet	Freehold	3	24-Jul-2012	30-Jun-2020	730
A-22-02 Duet Residence, Jalan Kinrara 6, Bandar Kinrara, 47180 Puchong, Selangor.		1,529 sq feet	Freehold	3	24-Jul-2012	30-Jun-2020	730
No. C10 and C11 Aurora Place	2 units of 5 storey shop offices for lease and for sale	17,657 sq feet	Freehold	2	28-Dec-2012	22-Jun-2020	12,880
No. A-17-01, A-17-02, A-17-03, A-17-03A, A-18-03A, A-18-05 and A-18-06 Aurora Sova Plaza Bukit Jalil, No.1, Persiaran Jalil 1, Bandar Bukit Jalil, 57000 Kuala Lumpur	7 units of SOVO for lease and for sale	6,967 sq feet	Freehold	2	31-Mar-2014	30-Jun-2020	5,210
A-01-02, A-01-03, A-01-3A, A-01-05, A-02-02, A-03-03, A-3A-02, A-06-02, A-13A-03, A-18-02, B-01-01, B-01-03, B-01-06, B-03-06, B-03A-06, B-13-06, B-13A-03, B-16-03, B-19-03, B-20-03, B-21-01 & B-21-02, Duet Residence, Jalan Kinrara 6, Bandar Kinrara, 47180 Puchong, Selangor.	22 units of apartments for lease and for sale	42,422 sq feet	Freehold	3	22-Nov-2017	30-Jun-2020	14,870

ANALYSIS OF SHAREHOLDINGS

As at 5 October 2020

ORDINARY SHARES

Number of shares issued	:	663,020,762 (excluding 30,327,291 treasury shares)
Class of shares	:	Ordinary shares
Voting rights	:	One vote per ordinary share

ANALYSIS BY SIZE OF HOLDINGS

Size of holdings	No. of shareholders	%	No. of ordinary shares	%
Less than 100	2,368	9.72	83,983	0.01
100 - 1,000	1,749	7.18	716,614	0.11
1,001 - 10,000	16,047	65.90	55,349,354	8.35
10,001 - 100,000	3,727	15.31	100,204,382	15.11
100,001 - less than 5% of issued shares	458	1.88	366,558,082	55.29
5% and above of issued shares	2	0.01	140,108,347	21.13
	24,351	100.00	663,020,762	100.00

THIRTY LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS

Name	No. of ordinary shares	%
1. M & A Nominee (Asing) Sdn Bhd - M&A Investments International Limited	96,749,534	14.59
2. Dato' Thong Kok Yoon	43,358,813	6.54
3. M & A Nominee (Asing) Sdn Bhd - M&A Investments Pte Ltd	27,670,755	4.17
4. Anglo Asia Investments Limited	22,255,713	3.36
5. M & A Nominee (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - Baktihan Sdn Bhd	21,746,400	3.28
6. M & A Nominee (Asing) Sdn Bhd - Armadale Holdings Limited	16,601,520	2.50
7. Tan Pau Son	15,101,600	2.28
8. Immobiliare Holdings Sdn Bhd	13,538,635	2.04
9. Teo Tin Lun	8,570,400	1.29
10. Kim Poh Holdings Sdn Bhd	6,364,800	0.96
11. CGS-CIMB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - Pledged Securities Account for Lim Guat Kee (MM0666)	6,243,900	0.94
12. UOB Kay Hian Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd - Exempt An for UOB Kay Hian Pte Ltd (A/C Clients)	5,253,222	0.79
13. Dato' Sri Thong Kok Khee	5,184,678	0.78
14. Citigroup Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd - CBNY for Emerging Market Core Equity Portfolio DFA Investment Dimensions Group Inc	5,152,002	0.78
15. Khoo Loon See	4,990,000	0.75

ANALYSIS OF SHAREHOLDINGS

As at 5 October 2020
(CONT'D)

THIRTY LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS (CONT'D)

Name	No. of ordinary shares	%
16. Thong Weng Tim	4,739,543	0.71
17. Cimsec Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - CIMB Bank for Ong Yoong Nyock (PBCL-0G0248)	4,406,600	0.66
18. Teo Tin Lun	4,357,100	0.66
19. Amsec Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - AmBank (M) Berhad (Hedging)	4,223,600	0.64
20. United Teochew (Malaysia) Bhd	3,997,100	0.60
21. Public Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - Pledged Securities Account for Lee Hock Leong (E-PDG/SAN)	3,920,000	0.59
22. RHB Capital Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - Pledged Securities Account for Fong Loong Tuck (CEB)	3,785,000	0.57
23. CIMB Group Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd - Exempt An For DBS Bank Ltd (SFS)	3,715,760	0.56
24. HLB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - Pledged Securities Account for Chee Sai Mun	3,170,200	0.48
25. Citigroup Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd - CBNY for Dimensional Emerging Markets Value Fund	3,119,400	0.47
26. Alliancegroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - Pledged Securities Account for Lee Swee Kiat & Sons Sdn Bhd (8109706)	2,893,400	0.44
27. CGS-CIMB Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd - Exempt An for CGS-CIMB Securities (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. (Retail Clients)	2,539,084	0.38
28. Public Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - Pledged Securities Account for Chew Chee Siong (E-JBU/SKI)	2,520,000	0.38
29. Citigroup Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd - Exempt An for Bank of Singapore Limited (Foreign)	2,500,000	0.38
30. Maybank Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd - Maybank Private Wealth Management for Lim San Peen (PW-M00778) (420769)	2,321,000	0.35
	350,989,759	52.94

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 5 October 2020

Name of substantial shareholders	No. of Ordinary Shares	%
1. Dato' Sri Thong Kok Khee *	166,064,962	25.05
2. M & A Investments International Limited	124,420,289	18.77
3. Dato' Thong Kok Yoon **	74,203,648	11.19

* Direct and deemed interest by virtue of his family members' interest and his substantial interest in M & A Investments International Limited, Immobiliare Holdings Sdn Bhd, Baktihan Sdn Bhd, Winfields Development Sdn Bhd and Montprimo Sdn Bhd.

** Direct and deemed interest by virtue of his spouse's and son's interest and his substantial interest in Perak Traders Holdings Sdn Bhd and Baktihan Sdn Bhd.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' INTEREST

In Insas Berhad and its related corporations as at 5 October 2020

DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN ORDINARY SHARES

Insas Berhad	Direct Interest Number	Ordinary Shares		Deemed Interest Number	%
		Number	%		
1. Y.A.M. Tengku Puteri Seri Kemala Tengku Hajjah Aishah Binti Almarhum Sultan Haji Ahmad Shah, DK(II), SIMP	121,992		0.02	–	–
2. Dato' Wong Gian Kui	212,160		0.03	136,000 ⁽¹⁾	0.02
3. Dato' Dr. Tan Seng Chuan	350,000		0.05	–	–
4. Ms. Soon Li Yen	–		–	–	–
5. Mr. Oh Seong Lye	–		–	–	–
Subsidiary Company – Insas Properties Sdn Bhd					
1. Dato' Wong Gian Kui	80,000		10.00	–	–
Subsidiary Company – Segar Raya Development Sdn Bhd					
1. Dato' Wong Gian Kui	129,999		13.00	80,000 ⁽¹⁾	8.00
Subsidiary Company – Dellmax Worldwide Sdn Bhd					
1. Dato' Wong Gian Kui	–		–	35,000 ⁽²⁾	35.00

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Deemed interested by virtue of his spouse's interest.

⁽²⁾ Deemed interested by virtue of his interest in True Acres Sdn Bhd and his spouse's interest.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 58th Annual General Meeting of the Company will be conducted on a fully virtual basis through live streaming and online remote voting from the broadcast venue at Tricor Business Centre, Manuka 2 & 3 Meeting Room, Unit 29-01, Level 29, Tower A, Vertical Business Suite, Avenue 3, Bangsar South, No. 8, Jalan Kerinchi, 59200 Kuala Lumpur (“Broadcast Venue”) on **Wednesday, 23 December 2020 at 11.00 a.m.** for the following purposes:-

AGENDA

AS ORDINARY BUSINESS

- | | | |
|-----|--|--------------------------------------|
| 1. | To receive the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2020 and the Reports of the Directors and Auditors thereon. | Please see Explanatory Note 1 |
| 2. | To approve the following payments:- | |
| 2.1 | Directors’ fees of RM96,000 for the financial year ended 30 June 2020. | Ordinary Resolution 1 |
| 2.2 | Directors’ benefits of up to RM11,000 for the period from 24 December 2020 until the next Annual General Meeting of the Company. | Ordinary Resolution 2 |
| 3. | To re-elect the following Directors retiring pursuant to Clause 103 of the Company’s Constitution:- | |
| 3.1 | Dato’ Dr. Tan Seng Chuan | Ordinary Resolution 3 |
| 3.2 | Ms. Soon Li Yen | Ordinary Resolution 4 |
| 4. | To re-appoint Grant Thornton Malaysia PLT as Auditors of the Company and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration. | Ordinary Resolution 5 |

AS SPECIAL BUSINESS

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolutions, with or without modifications:

- | | | |
|----|---|------------------------------|
| 5. | Authority to issue and allot shares pursuant to Section 75 and 76 of the Companies Act, 2016 | Ordinary Resolution 6 |
|----|---|------------------------------|

“**THAT**, subject to the Companies Act, 2016, the Constitution of the Company and the approvals of the relevant authorities where required, the Directors of the Company be and are hereby empowered, pursuant to Section 75 and 76 of the Companies Act, 2016, to issue and allot shares in the Company from time to time and upon such terms and conditions and for such purposes as the Directors may deem fit provided that the aggregate number of shares issued pursuant to this resolution does not exceed 10% of the total number of issued shares of the Company (excluding treasury shares) for the time being and that such authority shall continue in force until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company and that the Directors be and are hereby empowered to obtain the approval from Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad for the listing of and quotation for the additional shares so issued.”

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING (CONT'D)

6. Proposed renewal of the authority for the Company to purchase its own shares

Ordinary Resolution 7

“**THAT**, subject to the Companies Act, 2016 (“the Act”), rules, regulations and orders made pursuant to the Act, the Company’s Constitution, Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad (“Bursa Securities”) and any other relevant authorities, the Directors of the Company be and are hereby authorised to make purchases of ordinary shares in the Company’s share capital through Bursa Securities and to take all such steps as are necessary (including the opening and maintaining of a depository account under the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act, 1991) and enter into any agreements, arrangements and guarantees with any party or parties to implement, finalise and give full effect to the aforesaid purchases with full powers to assent to any conditions, modifications, variations and/or amendments (if any) as may be imposed by the relevant authorities from time to time and to do all such acts and things as the Directors may deem fit and expedient in the best interests of the Company, subject further to the following:-

- (i) the aggregate number of ordinary shares which may be purchased and held by the Company pursuant to this resolution shall not exceed 10% of the total number of issued shares of the Company at the time of purchase;
- (ii) the maximum funds to be allocated by the Company for the purpose of purchasing the ordinary shares shall not exceed the total retained profits of the Company;
- (iii) the authority conferred by this resolution will commence immediately upon the passing of this resolution and will expire at the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company following the passing of this resolution (unless earlier revoked or varied by an ordinary resolution of the shareholders of the Company in a general meeting) but not so as to prejudice the completion of purchases by the Company before the aforesaid expiry date and, in any event, in accordance with the provisions of the Act, the rules and regulations made pursuant thereto and the guidelines issued by Bursa Securities and/or any other relevant authorities; and
- (iv) upon completion of the purchase(s) of the ordinary shares or any part thereof by the Company, the Directors of the Company be and are hereby authorised to cancel all the shares so purchased or retain all the shares as treasury shares (of which may be dealt with in accordance with Section 127(7) of the Act) or retain part thereof as treasury shares and cancelling the balance, and in any other manner as prescribed by the Act, rules, regulations and orders made pursuant to the Act and the requirements of Bursa Securities and any other relevant authorities for the time being in force.”

7. Proposed retention of Independent Non-Executive Directors

- (i) “**THAT**, approval be and is hereby given to Y.A.M. Tengku Puteri Seri Kemala Tengku Hajjah Aishah Binti Almarhum Sultan Haji Ahmad Shah, DK(II), SIMP, who has served as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company for a cumulative term of more than twelve (12) years, to continue to act as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company.”

Ordinary Resolution 8

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING (CONT'D)

- (ii) “**THAT**, approval be and is hereby given to Mr. Oh Seong Lye, who has served as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company for a cumulative term of more than nine (9) years, to continue to act as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company.”
8. To transact any other business of the Company of which due notice shall have been given in accordance with the Company’s Constitution and the Companies Act, 2016.

Ordinary Resolution 9

By Order of The Board

Chow Yuet Kuen
MAICSA 7010284
SSM Practising Certificate No. 202008002730
Chartered Secretary

Lau Fong Siew
MAICSA 7045893
SSM Practising Certificate No. 202008002625
Chartered Secretary

Kuala Lumpur
30 October 2020

Explanatory Notes

1. Audited Financial Statements

This agenda item is meant for discussion only as the provision of Section 340(1)(a) of the Companies Act, 2016 does not require a formal approval of the shareholders for the Audited Financial Statements. Hence, this agenda item is not put forward for voting.

2. Ordinary Resolution 1 – Directors’ fees

The proposed Ordinary Resolution 1, if passed, will authorise the payment of Directors’ fees in respect of the financial year ended 30 June 2020 amounting to RM96,000 (2019 : RM96,000).

3. Ordinary Resolution 2 – Directors’ benefits

The benefits payable to the Non-Executive Directors comprise of car, fuel and meeting allowances for attending the Board, Board Committees and general meetings of the Company for the period from 24 December 2020 until the next Annual General Meeting in 2021. The meeting allowances is estimated based on the number of scheduled and unscheduled meetings and the number of Non-Executive Directors involved in these meetings.

4. Ordinary Resolution 6 – Authority to issue and allot shares pursuant to Section 75 and 76 of the Companies Act, 2016

The proposed Ordinary Resolution 6, if passed, is to empower the Directors of the Company to issue and allot shares up to an amount not exceeding in total 10% of the total number of issued shares of the Company for the time being and for such purposes as the Directors consider would be in the best interest of the Company. This approval is sought to avoid any delay and costs involved in convening a general meeting of the Company to approve such issue of shares. This authority, unless revoked or varied at a general meeting, will expire at the next Annual General Meeting of the Company.

The general mandate sought for the issue of up to 10% of the total number of issued shares of the Company is a renewal of the general mandate which was approved by the shareholders at the last Annual General Meeting held on 28 November 2019. As at the date of this Notice, the Company has not issued any new shares under this general mandate which will lapse at the conclusion of the 58th Annual General Meeting.

The renewal of the general mandate will provide flexibility to the Company for any possible fund raising activities including but not limited to issuance of new shares for funding investment projects, working capital and/or acquisitions.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING (CONT'D)

5. Ordinary Resolution 7 – Renewal of Share Buy-Back Authority

The proposed Ordinary Resolution 7, if passed, is to empower the Directors to purchase the Company's shares of up to 10% of the total number of issued shares of the Company by utilising the funds allocated out of the retained profits of the Company. This authority, unless revoked or varied at a general meeting, will expire at the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company in 2021. For information on the Proposed Renewal of Share Buy-Back Authority, please refer to the Statement in Relation to the Proposed Renewal of the Authority for the Company to Purchase its Own Shares on pages 208 to 211 of the Annual Report 2020.

6. Ordinary Resolutions 8 and 9 – Retention of Independent Non-Executive Directors

Both the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Board have assessed the independence of Y.A.M. Tengku Puteri Seri Kemala Tengku Hajjah Aishah Binti Almarhum Sultan Haji Ahmad Shah, DK(II), SIMP and Mr. Oh Seong Lye who have served as Independent Non-Executive Directors for a cumulative term of more than twelve (12) years and nine (9) years respectively, and recommended them to continue to act as Independent Non-Executive Directors of the Company based on the following justifications:-

- (a) They have fulfilled the criteria under the definition of Independent Director as stated in the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and thus, they would be able to provide check and balance and bring an element of objectivity to the Board.
- (b) They have been with the Company for an optimal period of time to understand the Company's business operations extensively, enabling them to participate actively and contribute positively in deliberation and decision making of the Board and Board Committees.
- (c) They exercise due care and diligence as Independent Non-Executive Directors of the Company and carry out their professional duties in the interest of the Company and the shareholders.

Shareholders' approval for the proposed Ordinary Resolution 8 on the retention of Y.A.M. Tengku Aishah as Independent Non-Executive Director will be sought via a single tier voting process.

Notes

1. *The 58th Annual General Meeting ("AGM") will be conducted on a fully virtual basis through live streaming and online remote voting using Remote Participation and Voting facilities ("RPV"). The Company has appointed Tricor Investor & Issuing House Services Sdn Bhd as the poll administrator for the AGM to facilitate the RPV via **TIIH Online website at <https://tiih.online>**. Please follow the procedures set out in the Administrative Guide for the 58th AGM which is available on the Company's website at <http://www.insas.net/ar-gm.html> to register, participate and vote remotely via the RPV.*
2. *The Broadcast Venue is strictly for the purpose of complying with Section 327(2) of the Companies Act, 2016 which requires the Chairperson of the meeting to be present at the main venue of the meeting.*

*Members/proxies/corporate representatives/attorneys **WILL NOT BE ALLOWED** to be physically present at the Broadcast Venue on the day of the 58th AGM.*
3. *A member entitled to participate and vote at the meeting via RPV is entitled to appoint not more than two (2) proxies to participate and vote in his stead. Where a member appoints more than one (1) proxy, the appointment shall be invalid unless he specifies the proportion of his shareholdings to be represented by each proxy. A proxy need not be a member of the Company.*
4. *Where a member is an exempt authorised nominee as defined under the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act, 1991 which holds shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in one securities account ('omnibus account'), there is no limit to the number of proxies which the exempt authorised nominee may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds.*
5. *The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointer or his attorney duly authorised in writing or if the appointer is a corporation either under its common seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised in writing.*

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING (CONT'D)

6. *The appointment of proxy may be made in a hard copy form or by electronic means in the following manner not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the time set for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting:*
 - (a) *In hard copy form (applicable to all members)*

Deposit with Tricor Investor & Issuing House Services Sdn Bhd at Unit 32-01, Level 32, Tower A, Vertical Business Suite, Avenue 3, Bangsar South, No.8, Jalan Kerinchi, 59200 Kuala Lumpur or alternatively, the Customer Service Centre at Unit G-3, Ground Floor, Vertical Podium, Avenue 3, Bangsar South, No.8, Jalan Kerinchi, 59200 Kuala Lumpur
 - (b) *By electronic form (applicable to individual members only)*

Lodge via TIIH Online website at <https://tiih.online> by following the procedures provided in the Administrative Guide.
7. *A member who has appointed a proxy or authorised representative or attorney to participate in the 58th AGM via RPV must request his/her proxy or authorised representative or attorney to register himself/herself for RPV at TIIH Online website at <https://tiih.online> in accordance with the procedures set out in the Administrative Guide.*
8. *Only members whose names appear in the **Record of Depositors as at 10 December 2020** will be entitled to participate or appoint proxy(ies) to participate in his stead in the 58th AGM.*

STATEMENT ACCOMPANYING NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Pursuant to Paragraph 8.27(2) of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad

1. Details of individuals who are standing for election as Directors

No individuals are standing for election as Directors (excluding Directors standing for re-election) at the 58th Annual General Meeting of the Company.

2. Statement relating to general mandate for issue of securities in accordance with Paragraph 6.03(3) of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad

The proposed Ordinary Resolution 6 is a renewal of the general mandate which was approved by shareholders at the last Annual General Meeting held on 28 November 2019. As at the date of this Notice, no new shares were issued under this general mandate which will lapse at the conclusion of the 58th Annual General Meeting.

STATEMENT IN RELATION TO THE PROPOSED RENEWAL OF AUTHORITY FOR THE COMPANY TO PURCHASE ITS OWN SHARES ("PROPOSED SHARE BUY-BACK")

Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") takes no responsibility for the contents of this statement, makes no representation as to its accuracy or completeness and expressly disclaims any liability whatsoever for any loss howsoever arising from or in reliance upon the whole or any part of the contents of this statement.

1. INTRODUCTION

On 25 September 2020, the Company announced its intention to seek shareholders' approval to renew the authority for the Company to purchase and/or hold its own ordinary shares ("Shares") up to a maximum of 10% of the total number of issued shares of the Company.

The purpose of this statement is to provide you with the details of the Proposed Share Buy-Back and to seek your approval for the Ordinary Resolution 7 to be tabled at the 58th Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the Company which will be conducted on a fully virtual basis through live streaming and online remote voting from the broadcast venue at Tricor Business Centre, Manuka 2 & 3 Meeting Room, Unit 29-01, Level 29, Tower A, Vertical Business Suite, Avenue 3, Bangsar South, No. 8, Jalan Kerinchi, 59200 Kuala Lumpur on Wednesday, 23 December 2020 at 11.00 a.m.

2. PROPOSED SHARE BUY-BACK

At the 57th AGM of the Company held on 28 November 2019, the Company had obtained the shareholders' approval for, amongst others, the renewal of the authority for the Company to purchase its own Shares. The said authority will expire at the conclusion of the 58th AGM of the Company.

A new mandate is required from the shareholders of the Company to renew the authority to purchase up to 10% of the total number of issued shares of the Company. The authority from shareholders, if renewed, will be effective upon the passing of the ordinary resolution for the Proposed Share Buy-Back at the forthcoming AGM, and will remain in force until the conclusion of the next AGM of the Company, or until the expiry of the period within which the next AGM is required by law to be held, unless revoked or varied by an ordinary resolution of the shareholders of the Company in general meeting, whichever occurs first.

Based on the number of issued shares of the Company as at 5 October 2020 of 693,348,053 Shares, the number of Shares that can be purchased by the Company is up to 69,334,805 Shares representing 10% of the total number of issued shares of the Company inclusive of 30,327,291 Shares that have been purchased and retained as treasury shares. As such, the balance that can be purchased by the Company is 39,007,514 Shares.

3. SOURCE OF FUNDS

Pursuant to Chapter 12 of the Listing Requirements, the Proposed Share Buy-Back must be made wholly out of retained profits of the listed company. Based on the latest audited financial statements as at 30 June 2020, the retained profits of the Company is RM16,792,000. The Board therefore proposes to allocate a sum up to the aggregate of the retained profits for the Proposed Share Buy-Back, which shall be funded by internal generated funds of the Group and/or external borrowings. In the event that the Company intends to fund the Proposed Share Buy-Back via external borrowings, the Company would ensure there is sufficient funds to repay the external borrowings and that the repayment would have no material impact on the cash flows of the Group.

STATEMENT IN RELATION TO THE PROPOSED RENEWAL OF AUTHORITY FOR THE COMPANY TO PURCHASE ITS OWN SHARES (“PROPOSED SHARE BUY-BACK”) (CONT'D)

4. RATIONALE FOR, AND POTENTIAL ADVANTAGES AND DISADVANTAGES OF THE PROPOSED SHARE BUY-BACK

The Proposed Share Buy-Back will enable the Company to utilise its financial resources to purchase its own Shares from the market. The Company may, through this scheme, be able to reduce the liquidity of the Shares in the market which generally will have a positive impact on the market price of the Shares.

The Directors may at its discretion retain the purchased Shares as treasury shares, or for resale on the Bursa Securities with the intention of realising a potential gain, or to distribute the treasury shares to the shareholders of the Company as dividends to serve as a reward to the shareholders. The Directors could also opt for the purchased Shares to be cancelled, or retain part thereof as treasury shares and cancelling the balance, and to treat the Shares in any manner as prescribed by the Companies Act 2016 (“Act”), rules, regulations and orders made pursuant to the Act, the requirements of Bursa Securities and any other relevant authorities.

The Proposed Share Buy-Back will nevertheless reduce the financial resources of the Group and may result in the Group foregoing other investment opportunities that may emerge in the future.

The Board will be mindful of the interest of the Company and its shareholders in implementing the Proposed Share Buy-Back.

5. EFFECTS OF THE PROPOSED SHARE BUY-BACK

The effects of the Proposed Share Buy-Back on the share capital, earnings, net assets, working capital, public shareholding spread and shareholdings of Substantial Shareholders and Directors of the Company are set out below.

5.1 Share Capital

The effect of the Proposed Share Buy-Back on the issued shares of the Company will depend on the intention of the Board with regards to the treatment of the purchased Shares. Assuming that 10% of the Company’s issued shares are purchased and cancelled, it will result in a reduction of the total number of issued shares as set out below:-

	No. of Shares
Issued and paid-up shares as at 5 October 2020	693,348,053
Assumed 10% of the Shares purchased and cancelled	(69,334,805)*
Resultant issued and paid-up shares	624,013,248

* Inclusive of the 30,327,291 Shares already purchased and retained as treasury shares as at 5 October 2020.

Conversely, if the purchased Shares are retained as treasury shares, resold or distributed to the shareholders, the Proposed Share Buy-Back will not have any effect on the issued shares of the Company. Nevertheless, certain rights (such as voting rights) attached to the purchased Shares will be suspended when held as treasury shares.

5.2 Earnings

The effect of the Proposed Share Buy-Back on the earnings and earnings per share of the Group will depend on the quantum of Shares purchased, the purchase price and the effective funding cost thereon.

**STATEMENT IN RELATION TO THE PROPOSED RENEWAL OF
AUTHORITY FOR THE COMPANY TO PURCHASE ITS OWN SHARES**
("PROPOSED SHARE BUY-BACK")
(CONT'D)

5. EFFECTS OF THE PROPOSED SHARE BUY-BACK (CONT'D)

5.6 Shareholdings of Substantial Shareholders and Directors (cont'd)

Notes:-

- (1) *Calculated based on 663,020,762 Shares, after adjusting for 30,327,291 Shares already purchased and retained as treasury shares as at 5 October 2020.*
- (2) *Assuming the Proposed Share Buy-Back is undertaken in full and the maximum number of 69,334,805 Shares so purchased representing 10% of the total number of issued shares of the Company as at 5 October 2020 are purchased and cancelled.*
- (3) *Deemed interest by virtue of his family members' interest and his substantial interest in M & A Investments International Limited, Immobiliaire Holdings Sdn Bhd, Baktihan Sdn Bhd, Winfields Development Sdn Bhd and Montprimo Sdn Bhd.*
- (4) *Deemed interest by virtue of his family members' interest and his substantial interest in Perak Traders Holdings Sdn Bhd and Baktihan Sdn Bhd.*
- (5) *Deemed interest by virtue of his spouse's interest.*

6. IMPLICATION OF THE MALAYSIAN CODE ON TAKE-OVERS AND MERGERS 2016 ("CODE")

Pursuant to the Code, a person and/or any person acting in concert with him will be required to make a mandatory offer for the remaining shares not already owned by him/them if his and/or their holding of voting shares in a company is increased beyond 33% or, if his and/or their holding of voting shares is more than 33% but less than 50%, his and/or their holding of voting shares is increased by more than 2% in any 6 months period. The Board is mindful of the potential implications under the Code and intend to monitor closely the Proposed Share Buy-Back such that it will not cause any party to trigger the obligation to undertake a Mandatory Offer pursuant to the Code as a result of the Proposed Share Buy-Back undertaken by the Company.

7. DIRECTORS' AND SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTEREST

Save for the proportionate increase in the percentage shareholdings and/or voting rights of all the shareholders in the Company as a consequence of the Proposed Share Buy-Back, none of the Directors and substantial shareholders and persons connected to them have any interest, direct or indirect, in the Proposed Share Buy-Back and, if any, the resale of the treasury shares.

8. DIRECTORS' RECOMMENDATION

Your Directors are of the opinion that the Proposed Share Buy-Back is in the best interest of the Company and accordingly recommend that you vote in favour of the Ordinary Resolution 7 to be tabled at the 58th AGM.

9. FURTHER INFORMATION

Shareholders are requested to refer to the Company's Statements of Changes in Equity for the financial year ended 30 June 2020 and Note 23 to the audited financial statements for further information on the purchases made by the Company of its own Shares.

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**INSAS BERHAD**

(Registration No. 196101000026 (4081-M))

**PROXY FORM
58TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING**

NO. OF ORDINARY SHARES HELD	CDS ACCOUNT NO.

I/We _____
(FULL NAME IN BLOCK LETTERS)

NRIC No./Company No. _____ Tel No. _____

of _____
(FULL ADDRESS)being a member(s) of **INSAS BERHAD**, hereby appoint:-1. Name of Proxy _____ NRIC No. _____
(FULL NAME IN BLOCK LETTERS)

Address _____

(FULL ADDRESS)

and

2. Name of Proxy _____ NRIC No. _____
(FULL NAME IN BLOCK LETTERS)

Address _____

(FULL ADDRESS)

or failing him/her, the Chairperson of the meeting, as my/our proxy(ies) to vote for me/us on my/our behalf at the 58th Annual General Meeting of the Company to be conducted on a fully virtual basis through live streaming and online remote voting from the broadcast venue at Tricor Business Centre, Manuka 2 & 3 Meeting Room, Unit 29-01, Level 29, Tower A, Vertical Business Suite, Avenue 3, Bangsar South, No. 8, Jalan Kerinchi, 59200 Kuala Lumpur ("Broadcast Venue") on **Wednesday, 23 December 2020 at 11.00 a.m.** or at any adjournment thereof in the manner indicated below:

NO.	RESOLUTIONS	FOR	AGAINST
1.	To approve the payment of Directors' fees		
2.	To approve the payment of Directors' benefits		
3.	To re-elect Dato' Dr. Tan Seng Chuan as Director		
4.	To re-elect Ms. Soon Li Yen as Director		
5.	To re-appoint Grant Thornton Malaysia PLT as Auditors		
6.	To approve the authority to issue and allot shares		
7.	To approve the renewal of the authority for the Company to purchase its own shares		
8.	To retain Y.A.M. Tengku Puteri Seri Kemala Tengku Hajjah Aishah Binti Almarhum Sultan Haji Ahmad Shah, DK(II), SIMP as Independent Non-Executive Director		
9.	To retain Mr. Oh Seong Lye as Independent Non-Executive Director		

Please indicate with an "X" in the spaces provided how you wish your vote to be cast. If no specific instruction is given on the voting, the proxy will vote or abstain from voting at his/her discretion.

Signed this _____ day of _____ 2020

Signature(s)/Common Seal of Member(s)

For appointment of two proxies, the shareholdings to be represented by the proxies		
	No. of shares	Percentage
Proxy 1		
Proxy 2		
Total		100%

Notes

- The 58th Annual General Meeting ("AGM") will be conducted on a fully virtual basis through live streaming and online remote voting using Remote Participation and Voting facilities ("RPV"). The Company has appointed Tricor Investor & Issuing House Services Sdn Bhd as the poll administrator for the AGM to facilitate the RPV via **TIIH Online website at <https://tiih.online>**. Please follow the procedures set out in the Administrative Guide for the 58th AGM which is available on the Company's website at <http://www.insas.net/ar-gm.html> to register, participate and vote remotely via the RPV.
- The Broadcast Venue is strictly for the purpose of complying with Section 327(2) of the Companies Act, 2016 which requires the Chairperson of the meeting to be present at the main venue of the meeting.
Members/proxies/corporate representatives/attorneys WILL NOT BE ALLOWED to be physically present at the Broadcast Venue on the day of the 58th AGM.
- A member entitled to participate and vote at the meeting via RPV is entitled to appoint not more than two (2) proxies to participate and vote in his stead. Where a member appoints more than one (1) proxy, the appointment shall be invalid unless he specifies the proportion of his shareholdings to be represented by each proxy. A proxy need not be a member of the Company.
- Where a member is an exempt authorised nominee as defined under the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act, 1991 which holds shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in one securities account ('omnibus account'), there is no limit to the number of proxies which the exempt authorised nominee may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds.



5. *The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointer or his attorney duly authorised in writing or if the appointer is a corporation either under its common seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised in writing.*
6. *The appointment of proxy may be made in a hard copy form or by electronic means in the following manner not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the time set for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting :*
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Deposit with Tricor Investor & Issuing House Services Sdn Bhd at Unit 32-01, Level 32, Tower A, Vertical Business Suite, Avenue 3, Bangsar South, No.8, Jalan Kerinchi, 59200 Kuala Lumpur or alternatively, the Customer Service Centre at Unit G-3, Ground Floor, Vertical Podium, Avenue 3, Bangsar South, No.8, Jalan Kerinchi, 59200 Kuala Lumpur
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Lodge via TIIH Online website at <https://tiih.online> by following the procedures provided in the Administrative Guide.
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8. *Only members whose names appear in the **Record of Depositors as at 10 December 2020** will be entitled to participate or appoint proxy(ies) to participate in his stead in the 58th AGM.*

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AFFIX
STAMP

INSAS BERHAD
c/o TRICOR INVESTOR & ISSUING HOUSE SERVICES SDN BHD
Unit 32-01, Level 32, Tower A
Vertical Business Suite, Avenue 3
Bangsar South, No.8, Jalan Kerinchi
59200 Kuala Lumpur

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Fold This Flap For Sealing

INSAS BERHAD

Registration No. 196101000026 (4081-M)

Suite 23.02 Level 23, The Gardens South Tower
Mid Valley City, Lingkaran Syed Putra
59200 Kuala Lumpur, MALAYSIA

Tel : 03 2282 9311 Fax : 03 2284 8500